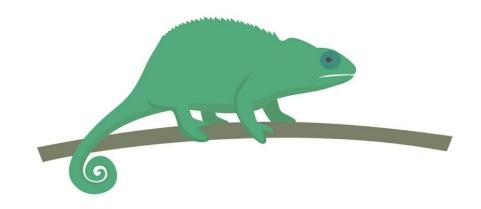


从基础概念到完整项目开发, 帮助零基础读者快速掌握PyQt 5编程开发

快速开发与实战

王硕 孙洋洋 著











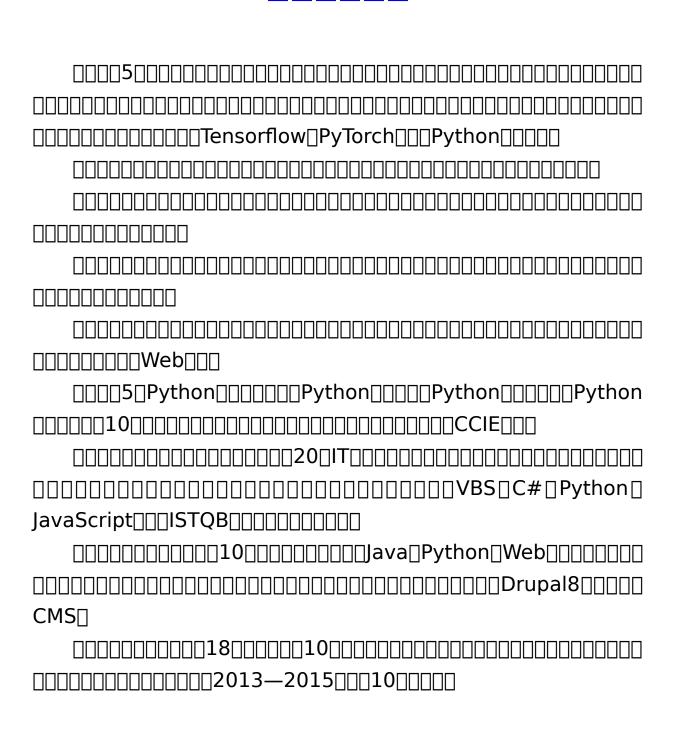
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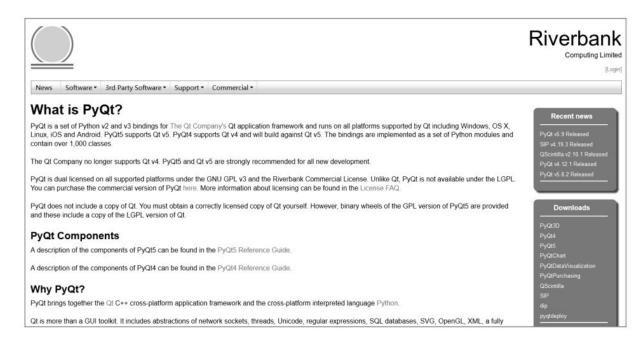
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1 PyQt 5

1.1 PyQt

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□1-2

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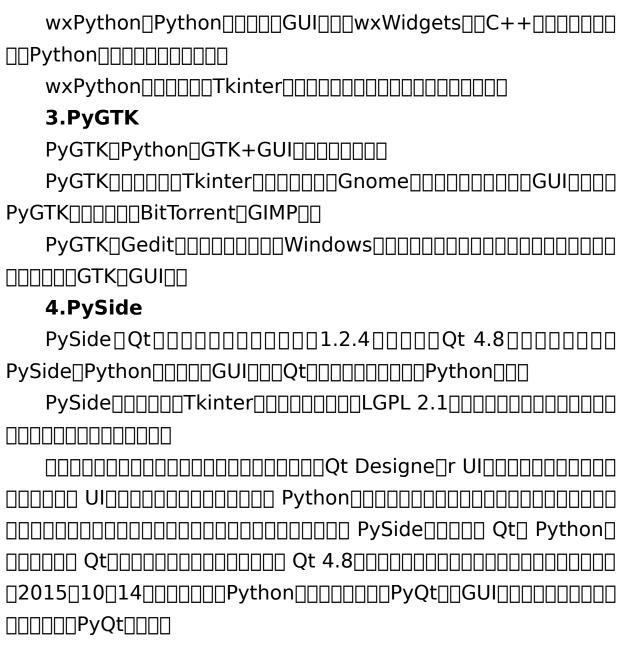
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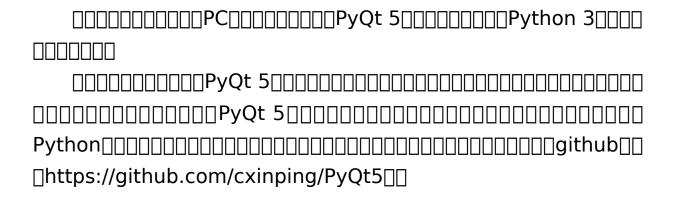


1.1.4 PyQt 4/PyQt 5



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1.2 PyQt 5



1.2.1 ||Windows||||PyQt 5|||

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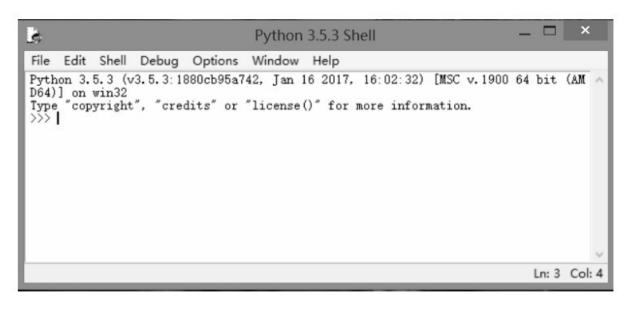


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□1-10

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∏1-13

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>>> print("hello python")
hello python
>>> _
```

□1-14

```
>>> 2+3
5
>>>
```

□1-15

```
>>> import math
>>> r = math.sqrt(9)
>>> print(r)
3.0
>>> _
```

□1-16

```
>>> help("print")
Help on built-in function print in module builtins:

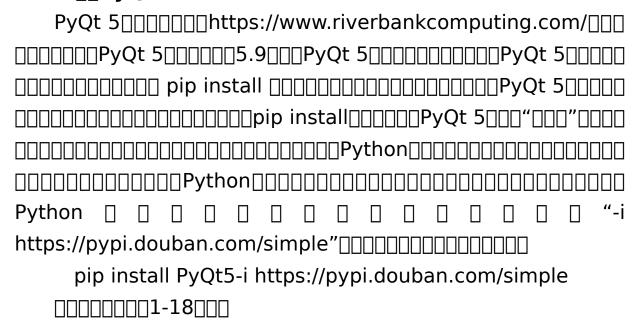
print(...)
    print(value, ..., sep=' ', end='\n', file=sys.stdout, flush=False)

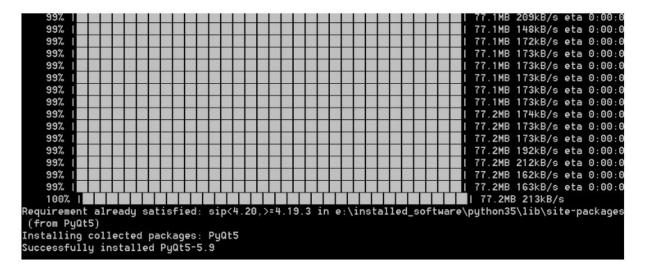
Prints the values to a stream, or to sys.stdout by default.
Optional keyword arguments:
    file: a file-like object (stream); defaults to the current sys.stdout.
    sep: string inserted between values, default a space.
    end: string appended after the last value, default a newline.
    flush: whether to forcibly flush the stream.
```

□1-17

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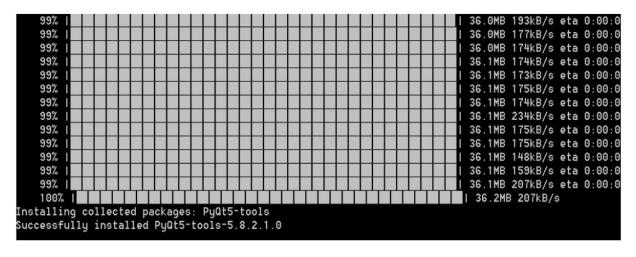
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图片	byOpenSSL-17.2.0.dist-info	2017/8/1 15:37	文件夹
文档	byparsing-2.2.0.dist-info	2017/5/9 10:33	文件夹
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□1-20

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C:\Users\si\Desktop>path

PATH= {E:/installed_software/python35/Lib/site-packages/pyqt5-tools; E:\installed_software\python35\Lib
b\site-packages\PyQt5;. {E:/installed_software/python35;E:/installed_software/python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\python35/Scripts|E:\installed_software\pytho

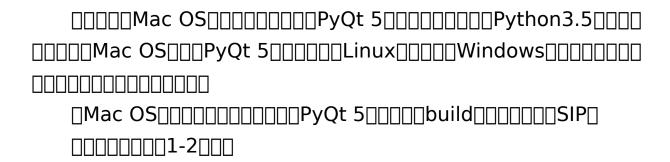
□1-22

```
_ _ _ _ PyQt 5
                   PyQt5/Chapter01/qt101 testPyQt.py[].py[]Python[][][][][][]
import sys
   from PyQt5 import QtWidgets,QtCore
   app=QtWidgets.QApplication(sys.argv)
   widget=QtWidgets.QWidget()
   widget.resize(360,360)
   widget.setWindowTitle("hello,pyqt5")
   widget.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
  python qt101 testPyQt.py
  _____PyQt 5____
```



1-23

1.2.2 ☐Mac OS☐☐☐PyQt 5☐☐



□1-2

操作系统	Mac OS X El Capitan 版本 10.11.5
Python	3.5.3
Qt	qt-opensource-mac-x64-5.9.1
PyQt	5.9
SIP	4.19.3

____Mac OS____PyQt 5.9_____1-24___



□1-24

1.**□□Qt** 5.9.1



□1-25



□1-26



□1-27

_____Q**____Qt 5.9.1______1-28______Qt 5.9.1

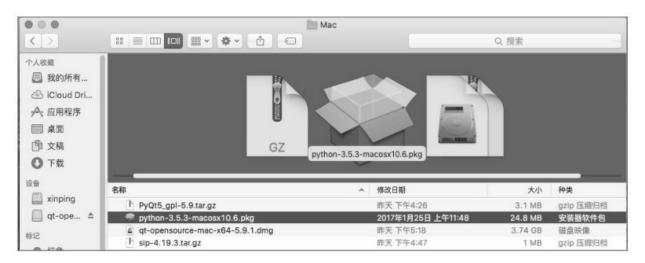


□1-28

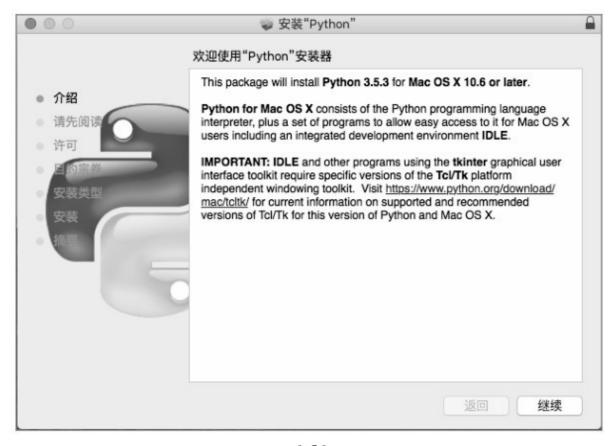


1-29

2.**□**□Python 3.5.3



∏1-30



□1-31



□1-32

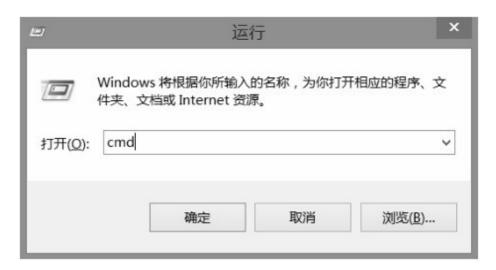


□1-33

```
4. □ □ PyQt 5.9
https://riverbankcomputing.com/software/pygt/download5 ∏ ∏
\square\square\square\square\squarePyQt-gpl-5.9.tar.gz\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square
        tar xvf PyQt-gpl-5.9.tar.gz
        cd PyQt-qpl-5.9
        python3.5
                                            configure.py--qmake
    /Users/xinping/Qt5.9.1/5.9.1/clang 64/
      bin/gmake -disable-QtPositioning-d
      /Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.5/lib
  /python3.5/site-pac
      kages
        make
        sudo make install
    --qmakennnnngmakennnnnnnnnn"xinping"nnnnnnn
5.00000
    \BoxTerminal\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box1-34\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box\Box
```

```
impingdeMac:~ xinping$ python3
Python 3.5.3 (v3.5.3:1880cb95a742, Jan 16 2017, 08:49:46)
[GCC 4.2.1 (Apple Inc. build 5666) (dot 3)] on darwin
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
[>>> import PyQt5
[>>> PyQt5.__path__
['/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.5/lib/python3.5/site-packages/PyQt5']
>>> []
```

1.2.3 PyQt 5



∏1-35

∏1-36

import PyQt5

```
C:\windows\system32\cmd.exe - python
OIA.
PACKAGE CONTENTS
    QAxContainer
    Osci
    at
    QtCore
    QtDesigner
    QtGui
    QtHe1p
    OtLocation
    QtMultimedia
    QtMultimediaWidgets
    QtNetwork
    Qt0penGL
    QtPositioning
    QtPrintSupport
    QtQm1
    QtQuick
    QtQuickWidgets
    QtSensors
    QtSerialPort
    QtSq1
    atsug
    QtTest
    QtWebChannel
    QtWebEngineCore
    QtWebEngineWidgets
    QtWebSockets
    QtWidgets
    QtWinExtras
    QtXm1
    QtXmlPatterns
    _QOpenGLFunctions_2_0
    _QOpenGLFunctions_2_1
    _QOpenGLFunctions_4_1_Core
    uic (package)
    e:\installed_software\python35\lib\site-packages\pyqt5\__init__.py
```

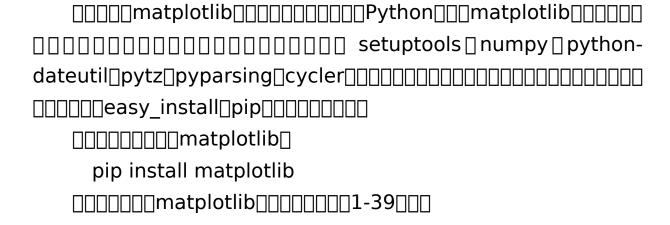
∏1-37

1.2.4 □□□□**Python**□□

____pip_easy_install_____1-38___

名称	修改日期	类型	大小
CITCO_WCDDTOW3CI.Dat	2011/3/2 23.00	WILLIAMS THE FAM.	1 150
f2py.py	2017/5/9 10:33	PY文件	1 KB
III futurize.exe	2017/3/28 0:27	应用程序	73 KB
futurize-script.py	2017/3/28 0:27	PY 文件	1 KE
jsonschema.exe	2017/5/16 23:36	应用程序	96 KE
🦩 jupyter.exe	2017/5/16 23:36	应用程序	96 KB
jupyter-migrate.exe	2017/5/16 23:36	应用程序	96 KE
jupyter-troubleshoot.exe	2017/5/16 23:36	应用程序	96 KE
🥻 jupyter-trust.exe	2017/5/16 23:36	应用程序	96 KE
pasteurize.exe	2017/3/28 0:27	应用程序	73 KE
a pasteurize-script.py	2017/3/28 0:27	PY 文件	1 KE
/a pip.exe	2017/3/22 17:43	应用程序	96 KE
🏞 pip3.5.exe	2017/3/22 17:43	应用程序	96 KE
🧀 pip3.exe	2017/3/22 17:43	应用程序	96 KE
pyi-archive_viewer.exe	2017/3/28 0:28	应用程序	73 KE
pyi-archive_viewer-script.py	2017/3/28 0:28	PY 文件	1 KE

∏1-38



□1-39

1.2.5 □□**PyQt 5**□**API**□□

0000000PyQt 50000000
dir()_help()_
dir()
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QWidget
dir(QWidget)
QWidget PyQt 5 PyQt5.QWidgets PyQt5.QWidgets
dir()QWidget1-40

```
C:\Users\si\Desktop\python
Python 3.5.3 (v3.5.3:1880cb95a742, Jan 16 2017, 16:02:32) [MSC v.1900 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help" "copyright" "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> from PyD55.0tWidgets import OWidget
>>> dir (OWidget)
['DrawChildren', 'DrawWindowBackground', 'IgnoreMask', 'PaintDeviceMetric', 'PdmDepth', 'PdmDevicePixelRatio', 'PdmDevicePixelRatio', 'PdmDpix', 'PdmDpix', 'PdmDpix', 'PdmHeight', 'PdmWumColors', 'PdmPhysicalDpix', 'PdmDpix', 'PdmDpix', 'PdmWidth', 'RenderFlag', 'RenderFlags', 'RenderFlags', 'PdmPhysicalDpix', 'PdmDepth', 'PdmWidth', 'PdmWidth', 'RenderFlag', 'RenderFlags', 'PdmPhysicalDpix', 'PdmDepth', 'PdmWidth', 'PdmWidth
```

 $\Pi 1-40$

from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QWidget help(QWidget)

```
C:\Users\si\Desktop>python
Python 3.5.3 (v3.5.3:1880cb95a742, Jan 16 2017, 16:02:32) [MSC v.1900 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32 Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QWidget
>>> help( QWidget )
Help on class QWidget in module PyQt5.QtWidgets:
class QWidget(PyQt5.QtCore.QObject, PyQt5.QtGui.QPaintDevice)
    QWidget(parent: QWidget = None, flags: Union[Qt.WindowFlags, Qt.WindowType] = Qt.WindowFlags())
    Method resolution order:
        QWidget
        PyQt5.QtCore.QObject
        sip.wrapper
        PyQt5.QtGui.QPaintDevice
         sip.simplewrapper
         builtins.object
    Methods defined here:
    acceptDrops(...)
         acceptDrops(self) -> bool
    accessibleDescription(...)
        accessibleDescription(self) -> str
    accessibleName(...)
    accessibleName(self) -> str
```

 Π 1-41

```
Document | Docume
```


____PyQt 5_____PyQt 5_____

http://pyqt.sourceforge.net/Docs/PyQt5/class_reference.html \$\pi\pi\1-43\pi\pi\$

```
QWidget.txt - 记事本
文件(F) 编辑(E) 格式(O) 查看(V) 帮助(H)
Help on class QWidget in module PyQt5. QtWidgets:
class QWidget (PyQt5. QtCore. QObject, PyQt5. QtGui. QPaintDevice)
   QWidget (parent: QWidget = None, flags: Union[Qt.WindowFlags, Qt.WindowType]
= Qt. WindowFlags())
   Method resolution order:
       QWidget
       PyQt5. QtCore. QObject
       sip. wrapper
       PyQt5. QtGui. QPaintDevice
       sip. simplewrapper
       builtins. object
   Methods defined here:
    acceptDrops(...)
       acceptDrops(self) -> bool
   accessibleDescription(...)
       accessibleDescription(self) -> str
   accessibleName(...)
        accessibleName(self) -> str
    actionEvent(...)
        actionEvent(self, QActionEvent)
```



∏1-43

1.3 Eric 6□□□□□□

 Eric
 Python
 Qt

 GUI
 Description
 Description

 Eric
 6
 PyQt
 5

 Description
 Description

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- ullet
- ullet
- _____if_while___
- ullet

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● □□PyQt 5□□□□□□□□□□□
EricPyQt
1.3.1 Eric 6□□□□□
1. □ □Eric 6
☐ ☐ Eric ☐ ☐ http://eric-ide.python-projects.org/ ☐ ☐
$https://sourceforge.net/projects/eric-ide/files/eric6/stable/ \verb $
WindowsEric 6

Home / eric6 / stable / 17.04.1				3
Name	Modified	Size	Downloads / Week	
↑ Parent folder				
changelog	2017-04-09	13.5 kB	4	0
eric6-17.04.1.zip	2017-04-09	20.8 MB	1,564	0
eric6-17.04.1.tar.gz	2017-04-09	18.7 MB	456	0
eric6-nolang-17.04.1.zip	2017-04-09	14.5 MB	3	0
eric6-nolang-17.04.1.tar.gz	2017-04-09	12.3 MB	0	0
eric6-i18n-zh_CN-17.04.1.tar.gz	2017-04-09	586.8 kB	8	0
eric6-i18n-zh_CN-17.04.1.zip	2017-04-09	578.7 kB	52	0
eric6-i18n-tr-17.04.1.tar.gz	2017-04-09	534.0 kB	0	0
eric6-i18n-tr-17.04.1.zip	2017-04-09	521.9 kB	0	0
eric6-i18n-ru-17.04.1.tar.gz	2017-04-09	912.2 kB	0	0

1-44

2.___Eric 6____

- A	49.34 F3.99	No TILL	
名称	修改日期	类型	大小
l eric	2017/3/22 18:17	文件夹	
changelog	2017/3/11 19:59	文件	13 KB
install.py	2017/3/11 19:59	Python File	54 KB
install-debugclients.py	2017/3/11 19:59	Python File	10 KB
a install-i18n.py	2017/3/11 19:59	Python File	4 KB
LICENSE.GPL3	2017/3/11 19:59	GPL3 文件	33 KB
a patch_modpython.py	2017/3/11 19:59	Python File	5 KB
README.rst	2017/3/11 19:59	RST 文件	11 KB
README-i18n.rst	2017/3/11 19:59	RST 文件	1 KB
THANKS	2017/3/11 19:59	文件	2 KB
a uninstall.py	2017/3/11 19:59	Python File	12 KB
uninstall-debugclients.py	2017/3/11 19:59	Python File	3 KB

□1-45

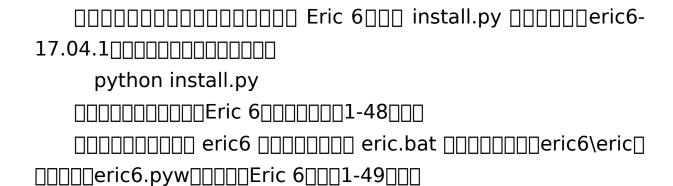
```
E:\install_software2\eric6-17.04.1> python install.py
Checking dependencies
Python Version: 3.5.3
Found PyQt5
Found pyuic5
Sorry, please install QScintilla2 and
its PyQt5/PyQt4 wrapper.
Error: cannot import name 'Qsci'
Press enter to continue..._
```

∏1-46

pip install QScintilla-i https://pypi.douban.com/simple

```
:\Users\si\Desktop\111>pip install QScintilla -i https://pypi.douban.com/simple
Collecting QScintilla
 Downloading https://pypi.doubanio.com/packages/59/ca/70adedc935a599b57495fd87c739f7f20b0d596240494
+1529d9f0b856e4/QScintilla-2.10.1-5.9.1-cp35.cp36.cp37-none-win_amd64.whl (1.8MB)
                                                                                                       .8MB 212kB/s eta 0:00:01
     98%
                                                                                                     1.8MB 160kB/s eta 0:00:01
     98%
                                                                                                       8MB
                                                                                                             160kB/s eta 0:00:01
                                                                                                    1.8MB 210kB/s eta 0:00:01
     99%
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                                                                                                  | 1.8MB 160kB/s eta 0:00:01
                                                                                             1 1.9MB 211kB/s
 Requirement already satisfied: PyOt5>=5.9.0 in e:\installed_software\python35\lib\site-packages (fr
m OScintilla)
Requirement already satisfied: sip<4.20,>=4.19.3 in e:\installed_software\python35\lib\site-packages
(from PyQt5>=5.9.0->QScintilla)
Installing collected packages: QScintilla
Successfully installed QScintilla-2.10.1
```

□1-47

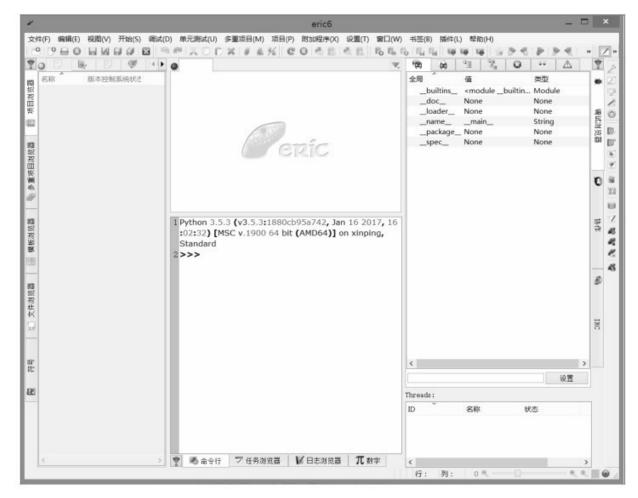


```
_ 🗆 ×
                                     C:\windows\py.exe
Checking dependencies
Python Version: 3.5.3
Found Pyût5
Found pyuic5
Found QScintilla2
Found QtGui
Found QtNetwork
Found QtPrintSupport
Found QtSql
Found QtSvg
Found QtWidgets
Qt Version: 5.6.0
sip Version: 4.18
PyOt Version: 5.6
QScintilla Uersion: 2.9.2
All dependencies ok.
Cleaning up old installation ...
Creating configuration file ...
Compiling user interface files ...
Compiling source files ...
Installing eric6 ...
Installation complete.
Press enter to continue..._
```

∏1-48

^			
名称	修改日期	类型	大小
епсо.арраата.хпп	2017/1/112:25	AIVIL X19	5 KI
eric6.desktop	2015/1/18 11:56	DESKTOP 文件	1 KI
eric6.e4p	2016/12/31 13:42	E4P 文件	142 K
eric6.py	2016/12/31 13:42	Python File	13 KI
eric6.pyw	2016/12/31 13:42	Python File (no c	1 K
eric6_api.py	2016/12/31 13:42	Python File	12 K

∏1-49

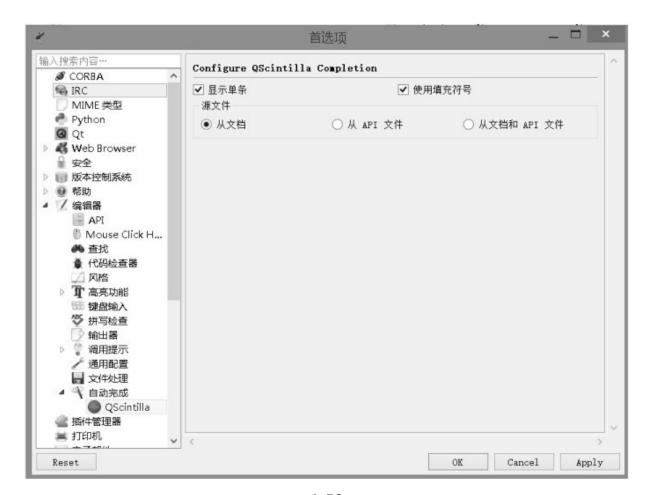


∏1-50

1.3.2 Eric 6□□□□□

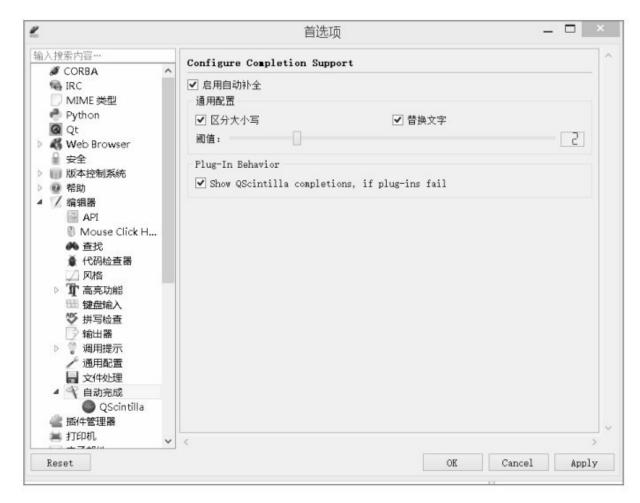


||1-51||

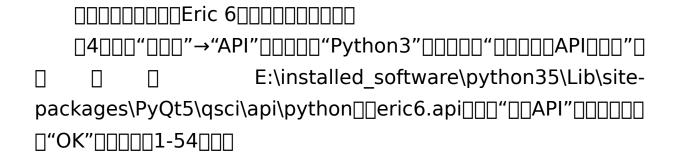


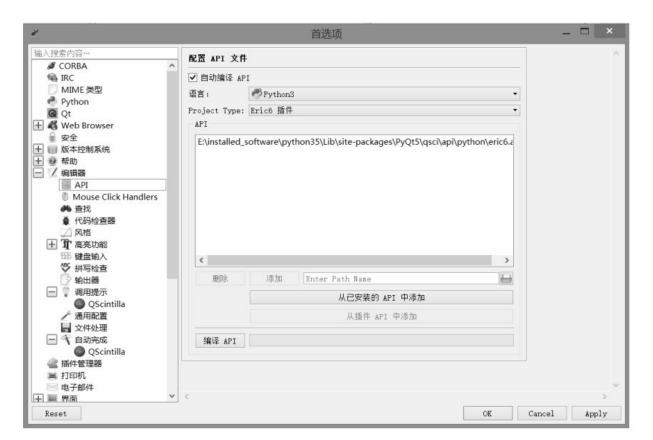
□1-52

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∏1-53

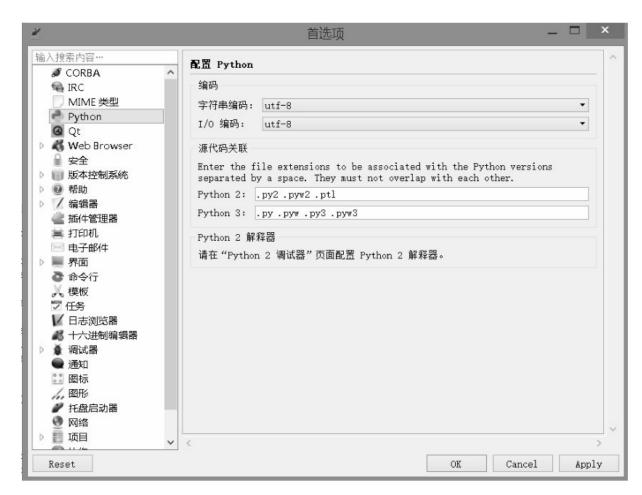




1-54



1-55

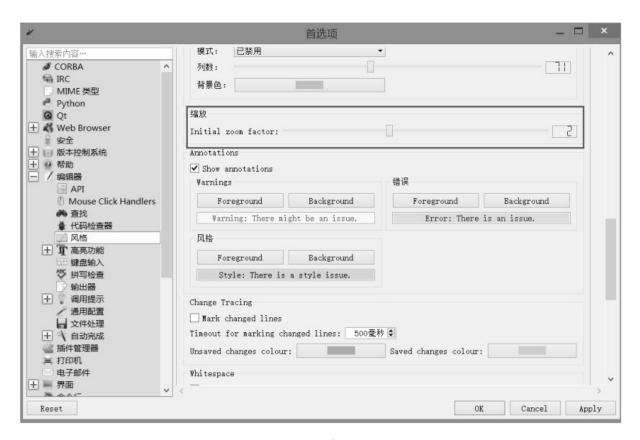


∏1-56

_5___"__"→"_____"__"___"______ E:\testPyQt5______"OK"_____1-57___

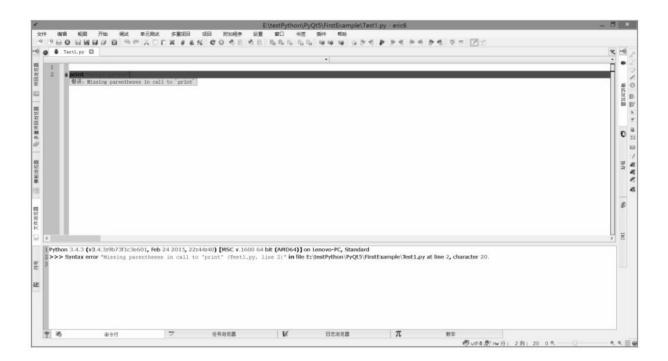


□1-57



1-58

070Eric 600000Eric 60000000000001-59000

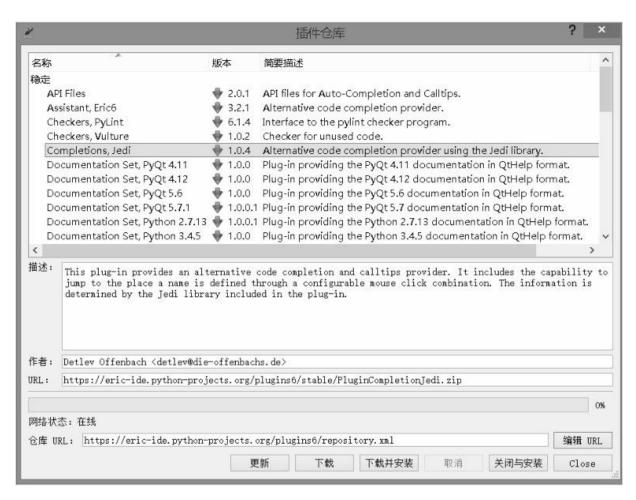


jedi@@@@Python@@@@@IDE@@@@@jedi@@@@
$\verb $
jedi 🛮 🔻 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂 Jublime
${\sf Text} \; {\mathbin{\textstyle\square}} \; {\sf TextMate} \; {\mathbin{\textstyle\square}} \; {\sf Kate} \; {\mathbin{\textstyle\square}} \; {\sf Atom} \; {\mathbin{\textstyle\square}} \; {\sf SourceLair} \; {\mathbin{\textstyle\square}} \; {\sf GNOME} \; \; {\sf Builder} \; {\mathbin{\textstyle\square}}$
Visual Studio Code ☐Gedit ☐wdb ☐☐
1.□□jedi
jedi_
pip install jedi

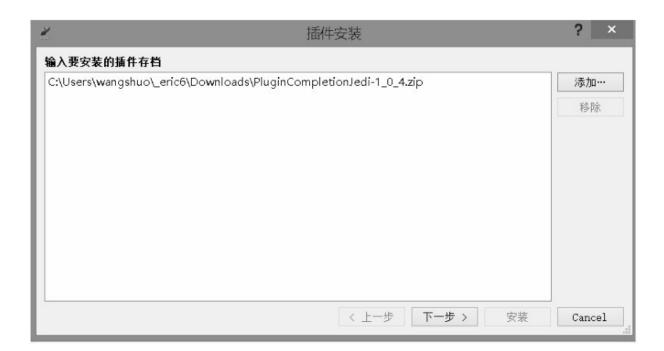
∏1-60

2. Eric 6 | jedi

____Eric 6______Eric 6____Eric 6____Eric 6_____ "___"→"_____jedi______1-61__1-64___



 $\Pi 1-61$





□1-63

插件安装	?	X
安装摘要		
正在安装 C:\Users\wangshuo_eric6\Downloads\PluginCompletionJedi-1_0_4.zip … 确定		
插件安装成功。		
	86/	86 文件
〈上一步 下一步〉	安装 C	lose

□1-64

1.3.4 □□**Eric 6**

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QWidget, QApplication

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    q = QWidget()
    q.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_()) |
```

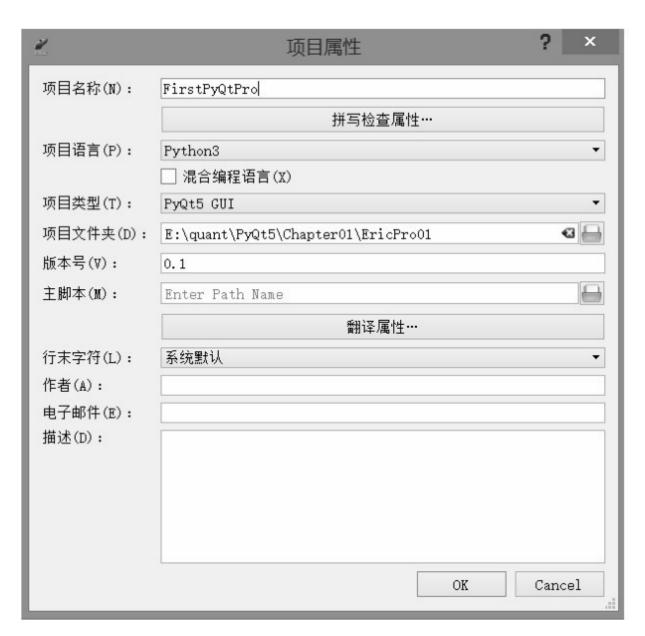
□1-65

1.3.5 Eric 6□□□□□

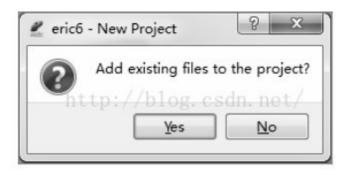


□1-66

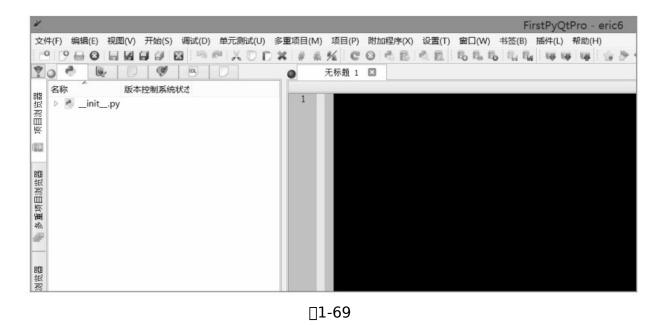
[]2000000000000"OK"00000 1-67 00000000000
[]FirstPyQtPro
[□□□□PyQt5 GUI
[]E:\quant\PyQt5\Chapter01\EricPro01
[_3



□1-67

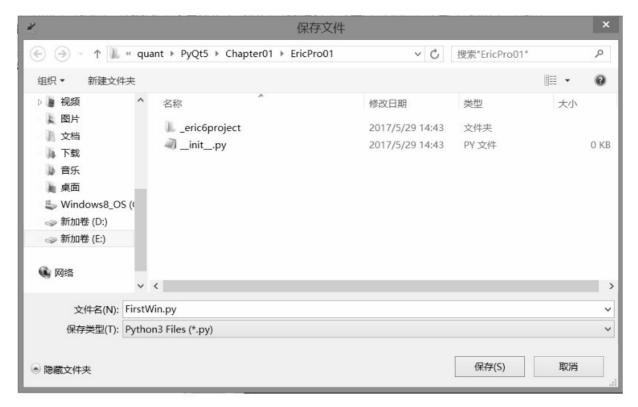


∏1-68



050000000"000"0000"0001"000.py00000001-70000





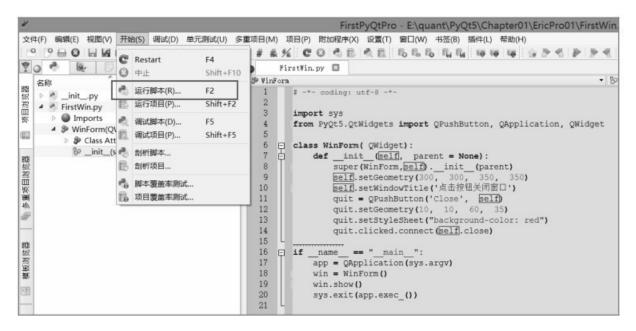
□1-71



□1-72

import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import
QPushButton,QApplication,QWidget
class WinForm(QWidget):
 def __init__(self,parent=None):

```
super(WinForm,self).__init__(parent)
self.setGeometry(300,300,350,350)
self.setWindowTitle('□□□□□□□□')
quit=QPushButton('Close',self)
quit.setGeometry(10,10,60,35)
quit.setStyleSheet("background-color: red")
quit.clicked.connect(self.close)
if __name__=="__main__":
app=QApplication(sys.argv)
win=WinForm()
win.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())
```





□1-74

1.4

GitHub https://github.com/cxinping/PyQt5
Git https://git-scm.com/download/win Git-
1.9.4-*.exe□
E:/temp2
□□□"Git Bash"□□□1-75□□□

No.	显示卡属性	
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	查看(V)	+
	排序方式(O)	+
	分组依据(P)	+
	刷新(E)	
	自定义文件夹(F)	
	粘贴(P)	
	粘贴快捷方式(S)	
	撤消 复制(U)	Ctrl+Z
	Git Init Here	
	Git Gui	
	Git Bash	
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cmd	
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git clone https://github.com/cxinping/PyQt5.git

```
E:\temp2> git clone https://github.com/templarXpWs/PyQt5.git
Cloning into 'PyQt5'...
remote: Counting objects: 13, done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (11/11), done.
remote: Total 13 (delta 0), reused 13 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
Unpacking objects: 100% (13/13), done.
Checking connectivity... done.
```

□1-76

_____ xpws2006@163.com______ "PyQt5___"

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名称	修改日期	类型	大小
.git	2017/8/27 20:11	文件夹	
	2017/8/7 10:26	文件夹	
	2017/7/7 17:03	文件夹	
L Chapter03	2017/8/7 10:26	文件夹	
L Chapter04	2017/8/7 10:33	文件夹	
L Chapter05	2017/8/24 20:50	文件夹	
L Chapter06	2017/8/8 13:29	文件夹	
L Chapter07	2017/8/7 10:37	文件夹	
L Chapter08	2017/8/7 10:38	文件夹	
L Chapter09	2017/8/27 19:54	文件夹	
L Chapter10	2017/8/7 10:42	文件夹	
L Chapter11	2017/8/27 14:21	文件夹	
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PyQt5

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● \PyQt5\tool\□□□ PyQt 5 □□□□□ Windows □□□□ SQLite □□
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_2 Python _

2.1 Python□□

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● □□□□□scikit-learn□Theano□pattern□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□

● ____NLTK_________spaCy____NLP____

<pre>[] [] [] [] pandas [] CUDA [] scikit-learn [] Theano [] pattern [] []</pre>
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$TOP20 \verb $
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Jun 2017	Jun 2016	Change	Programming Language	Ratings	Change
1	1		Java	14.493%	-6.30%
2	2		С	6.848%	-5.53%
3	3		C++	5.723%	-0.48%
4	4		Python	4.333%	+0.43%
5	5		C#	3.530%	-0.26%
6	9	^	Visual Basic .NET	3.111%	+0.76%
7	7		JavaScript	3.025%	+0.44%
8	6	~	PHP	2.774%	-0.45%
9	8	~	Perl	2.309%	-0.09%
10	12	^	Assembly language	2.252%	+0.13%
11	10	~	Ruby	2.222%	-0.11%
12	14	^	Swift	2.209%	+0.38%
13	13		Delphi/Object Pascal	2.158%	+0.22%
14	16	^	R	2.150%	+0.61%
15	48	\$	Go	2.044%	+1.83%
16	11	*	Visual Basic	2.011%	-0.24%
17	17		MATLAB	1.996%	+0.55%
18	15	~	Objective-C	1.957%	+0.25%
19	22	^	Scratch	1.710%	+0.76%
20	18	~	PL/SQL	1.566%	+0.22%

□2-1

2.2

	Python[]5[][][][][]
	● Number□□□□
	● String□□□□
	● List□□□□
	■ Tuple □□□□
	◆ Dictionary□□□□
	[1] Python [] C [] C [] [] (-6+4j) [(5.3-
7.6	j)□
	2 Python char
	Number
	x=1
	y=911
	Python 4
	int□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□
	● long
	● float□□□□□
	complex□□□□
	Python DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD
	→ +□□□□
	● /□□□□

- //□□□□
- **□□□

PyQt!	5/Chapter02/py201math.py[][][]Python[][][][][][][][][]
	#1
	print('\n#1')
	x=10
	y=22
	z=35
	print('x,y,z,',x,y,z)
	#2
	print('\n#2')
	a=x+y;print('a=x+y,',a)
	b=x-y;print('b=x-y,',b)
	c=z-x*y;print(' $c=z-x*y$,',c)
	#3
	print('\n#3')
	a=z/x;print('a=z/x,',a)
	b=z//x;print('b=z//x,',b)
	c=z%x;print('c=z%x,',c)
	#4
	print('\n#4')

```
a=x**2;print('a=x**2,',a)
 b=x**3;print('b=x**3,',b)
#1
 x,y,z,10 22 35
 #2
 a = x + y,32
 b = x-y,-12
 c = z - x * y, -185
 #3
 a = z/x, 3.5
 b=z//x,3
 c=z\%x.5
 #4
 a=x**2,100
 b=x**3,1000
```

2.3 String



PyQt5/Chapter02/py202str.py	
dss='hello pyqt5'	
print('dss',dss)	
#1	
print('\n#1')	
s2=dss[1:];print('s2,',s2)	
s3=dss[1:3];print('s3,',s3)	
s4=dss[:3];print('s4,',s4)	
#2	
print('\n#2')	
s2=dss[-1];print('s2,',s2)	
s3=dss[1:-2];print('s3,',s3)	
dn=len(dss);print('dn,',dn)	
#3	
print('\n#3')	
print('s2+s3,',s2+s3)	
print('s3*2,',s3*2)	
dss hello pyqt5	
#1	
s2,ello pyqt5	

```
s3,el
s4,hel
#2
s2,5
s3,ello pyq
dn,11
#3
s2+s3,5ello pyq
s3*2,ello pyqello pyq
```

程序代码	对应的输出信息
#1	#1,去空格及特殊符号
dss=' hello pyqt5,,'	s1, hello pyqt5
print('\n#1,去空格及特殊符号')	
s1=dss.strip().lstrip().rstrip(',')	
print('s1,',s1)	
#2	#2,字符串连接
print('\n#2,字符串连接')	s2, a hello pyqt5,,, hello pyqt5,,c
s2=dss.join(['a',','c'])	s3, s3xx
print('s2,',s2)	
s3='s3'	
s3+='xx'	
print('s3,',s3)	

程序代码	对应的输出信息
#3	#3,查找字符
print('\n#3,查找字符')	pi, 2
css='abc1c2c3'	
pi=css.find('c')	
print('pi,',pi)	
#4,字符串比较	#4,字符串比较
print('\n#4,字符串比较')	True
print(s1 > s2)	False
print(s1 == s2)	False
print(s1 < s2)	
#5	#5,字符串长度
print('\n#5,字符串长度')	len(s1), 3
s1,s2='abc','c123'	len(s2), 4
print('len(s1),',len(s1))	
print('len(s2),',len(s2))	
#6	#6,大小写转换
print('\n#6,大小写转换')	大写, sl.upper(), ABC
s1,s2='abc','ABC123efg'	小写, s2.lower(), abc123efg
print('大写, sl.upper(),',sl.upper())	大小写互换 ,s2.swapcase(), abc123EFG
print('小写, s2.lower(),',s2.lower())	首字母大写 ,sl.capitalize(), Abc
print('大小写互换 ,s2.swapcase(),',s2.swapcase())	
print('首字母大写 ,s1.capitalize(),',s1.capitalize())	
#7	#7,分割字符串
print('\n#7,分割字符串')	s2.split, [' hello', 'ziwang', 'com', ", "]
s2=' hello, ziwang,com,,'	
print('s2.split,',s2.split(','))	

2.4 List

```
2-4
         ПП
PyQt5/Chapter02/py204list.py
   #1
   print('\n#1')
   zlst=['hello','PyQt5','.','com']
   vlst=['Top','Quant','.','vip']
   print('zlst,',zlst)
   print('vlst,',vlst)
   #2
   print('\n#2')
   s2=zlst[1:];print('s2,',s2)
   s3=zlst[1:3];print('s3,',s3)
   s4=vlst[:3];print('s4,',s4)
   #3
   print('\n#3')
   print('s2+s3,',s2+s3)
   print('s3*2,',s3*2)
  #1
```

```
zlst,['hello','PyQt5','.','com']
 vlst,['Top','Quant','.','vip']
 #2
 s2,['PyQt5','.','com']
 s3,['PyQt5','.']
 s4,['Top','Quant','.']
 #3
 s2+s3,['PyQt5','.','com','PyQt5','.']
 s3*2,['PyQt5','.','PyQt5','.']
 ■ list.append(obj)
```

- list.reverse()
- list.sort([func])

2.5 Tuple□□□□

```
□ □ 2-5 □ □ □ □ py205tuple.py □ □ □ □ □
PyQt5/Chapter02/py205tuple.py
     #1
     print('\n#1')
     zlst=('hello','PyQt5','.','com')
     vlst=('Top','Quant','.','vip')
     print('zlst,',zlst)
     print('vlst,',vlst)
     #2
     print('\n#2')
     s2=zlst[1:];print('s2,',s2)
     s3=zlst[1:3];print('s3,',s3)
     s4=vlst[:3];print('s4,',s4)
     #3
     print('\n#3')
     print('s2+s3,',s2+s3)
```

```
print('s3*2,',s3*2)

DDDDDDDDDDDD
#1

zlst,('hello','PyQt5','.','com')
vlst,('Top','Quant','.','vip')
#2

s2,('PyQt5','.','com')
s3,('PyQt5','.')
s4,('Top','Quant','.')
#3

s2+s3,('PyQt5','.','com','PyQt5','.')
s3*2,('PyQt5','.','PyQt5','.')
```

2.6 Dictionary

```
□ □ 2-6 □ □ □ py206dict.py □ □ □ □
PyQt5/Chapter02/py206dict.py
     #1
     print('\n#1')
     zdict={}
     zdict['w1']='hello'
     zdict['w2']='ziwang.com'
     print('zdict,',zdict)
     #2
     print('\n#2')
     vdict={'url1':'TopQuant.vip'
           ,'url2':'www.TopQuant.vip'
           ,'url3':'ziwang.com'}
     print('vdict,',vdict)
     #3
     print('\n#3')
     s2=zdict['w1'];print('s2,',s2)
   s3=vdict['url2'];print('s3,',s3)
   #1
     zdict,{'w2': 'ziwang.com','w1': 'hello'}
     #2
     vdict, {'url3':
                                       'ziwang.com','url2':
 'www.TopQuant.vip','url1':'TopQuant.vip'}
     #3
     s2,hello
     s3,www.TopQuant.vip
```

1 Python
● len(dict)□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□
str(dict)□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□
● type(variable)□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□
2 Python
● radiansdict.fromkeys()□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□
val
■ radiansdict.get(key,default=None)
□□□□default□□
● radiansdict.has_key(key)□□□□□□□□□□□□true□□□□□false□
● radiansdict.items()□□□□□□□□□□(□,□) □□□□□
■ radiansdict.keys()□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□
■ radiansdict.setdefault(key,default=None)[[]get()[][][]
default_
● radiansdict.update(dict2)□□dict2□□-□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□
■ radiansdict.values()□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□
2.7 11 11 2.7

● int(x [,base])□□x□□□□□□□

● long(x [,base])□□x□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□
● float(x)□□x□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□
● complex(real)□□□□□□□□
● str(x)□□□□x□□□□□□
● eval(str)□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□
■ tuple(s)□□□□s□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□
● list(s)□□□□s□□□□□□
● chr(x)□□□□□□□□□
■ unichr(x)□□□□□□□□□Unicode□□□
● ord(x)□□□□□□□□□□□□
hex(x)□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□
● oct(x)□□□□□□□□□□□□
2.8
Python

```
x,y,z=10,20,5
 if x∏y:
   print('x∏y')
 else:
   print('x□y')
1,if
 x∏y
_2____elif___
 #2
 print('\n#2,elif')
 x,y,z=10,20,5
 if x∏y:
   print('x∏y')
 elif x∏z:
   print('x□z')
#2,elif
 X \square Z
______while_____
 #3
 print('\n#3,while')
 x=3
 while x□0:
   print(x)
   x = 1
```

```
#3,while
   3
   2
    1
  0400000for0000000000
   #4
   print('\n#4,for')
   xlst=['1','b','xxx']
   for x in xlst:
     print(x)
  #4,for
    1
   b
  _5____for____
   #5
   print('\n#5,for')
   for x in range(3):
     print(x)
  #5,for
   0
    1
   2
```

2.9 | | | | | |

Python 000000000000000000000000000000000000

```
PyQt5/Chapter02/py208fun.py
    def f01(a,b,c):
      print('a,b,c,',a,b,c)
      a2,b2,c2,=a+c,b*2,c*2
      return a2,b2,c2
    #1
    print('\n#1')
    x,y,z=f01(1,2,3)
    print('x,y,z,',x,y,z)
    #2
    print('\n#2')
    x,y,z=f01(x,y,z)
    print('x,y,z,',x,y,z)
   #1
    a,b,c,1 2 3
    x,y,z,4 4 6
    #2
```

```
a,b,c,4 4 6
                   x,y,z,10 8 12
             ullet a ullet b ullet c ullet c
             • 00f0100000x0y0z000000000000
             2.10 □□partial
             import functools
                                                                2-9 | py209fun.py | | | |
PyQt5/Chapter02/py209fun.py
                   import functools
                   def add(a.b):
                          return a + b
                    #1
                   print('\n#1')
```

rst1=add(4,2)

print('add(4,2)=',rst1)

plus3=functools.partial(add,3)

```
plus5=functools.partial(add,5)
                         #2
                        print('\n#2')
                        rst2=plus3(4)
                        print('plus3(4)=' ,rst2)
                        rst3=plus3(7)
                        print('plus3(7)=' ,rst3)
                        rst4=plus5(10)
                        print('plus5(10)=' ,rst4)
                #1
                        add(4,2)=6
                        #2
                        plus3(4) = 7
                        plus3(7)=10
                        plus5(10)=15
                Python partial position process and process are process as the process of the process are process and process are process as the process are process and the process are process as the process are process are process as the process are process are process and the process are process are process are process are process as the process are process
                        plus3=functools.partial(add,3)
                ____3'____add()______plus3()_
                        rst3=plus3(4)
                3+4=7□
                        plus3(7)=10
                _____17'___plus3()______3+7=10_
```

• partial______

2.11 lambda□□□

lambda
lambdalambdalambdadef
□□ 2-10 lambda □□□□
PyQt5/Chapter02/py210fun.py
fun1=lambda x,y : x + y
print(fun1(2,3)=fun1(2,3))
fun2=lambda x: x*2
print(fun2(4)=fun2(4))
fun1(2,3)=5
fun2(4)=8

2.12 || || ||

class_
1 000000000000000000000000000000000000
020000000000000000000000000000000000000
MyClass.count
PyQt5/Chapter02/py211class.py
class MyClass:
count=0
name='DefaultName'
definit(self,name):
self.name=name
print('
MyClass.name,self.name))
def setCount(self,count):
self.count=count
def getCount(self):
return self.count
if name ==" main ":



```
class MyCounter:
        secretCount=0 # □□□□
      publicCount=0 # □□□□
      def privateCountFun(self):
        self. secretCount +=1
        self.publicCount +=1
        #print (self. secretCount)
      def publicCountFun(self):
        self. privateCountFun()
    if __name__=="__main__":
      counter=MyCounter()
      counter.publicCountFun()
      counter.publicCountFun()
      print
               ('instance
                             publicCount=%d'
                                                 %
   counter.publicCount)
                ('Class
                            publicCount=%d'
      print
                                                 %
   MyCounter.publicCount)
   instance publicCount=2
    Class publicCount=0
```

Python
ifname=="main":
counter=MyCounter()
000000000
print (countersecretCount)
000000000
counterprivateCountFun()
2.14 [[[[[[]]]]]
property()
property([fget[,fset[,fdel[,doc]]]])
objectfgetfset
MyClass object param

```
ΠП
class MyClass(object):
      def init (self):
       self. param=None
      def getParam(self):
       print( "get param: %s" % self. param)
       return self. param
      def setParam(self,value):
       print( "set param: %s" % self. param )
       self. param=value
      def delParam(self):
       print( "del param: %s" % self. param)
       del self. param
      param=property(getParam,setParam,delParam)
    if name ==" main ":
      cls=MyClass()
      cls.param=10
      print("current param : %s " % cls.param )
      del cls.param
   set param: None
    get param: 10
    current param: 10
    del param: 10
```

```
____@property____
  ______MyClass______object______
□□□□□□□setter/getter□□□□□□
       PyQt5/Chapter02/py213 property02.py
    class MyClass(object):
     def init (self):
      self. param=None
     @property
     def param(self):
      print( "get param: %s" % self._param)
      return self._param
     @param.setter
     def param(self, value):
      print( "set param: %s" % self._param )
      self. param=value
     @param.deleter
     def param(self):
      print( "del param: %s" % self._param)
      del self. param
    if __name__=="__main__":
     cls=MyClass()
     cls.param=10
     print("current param : %s " % cls.param )
```

del cls.param

set param: None

get param: 10

current param: 10

del param: 10

3.1 Qt Designer □□□□

 Qt Designer
 Qt Designer



∏3-1

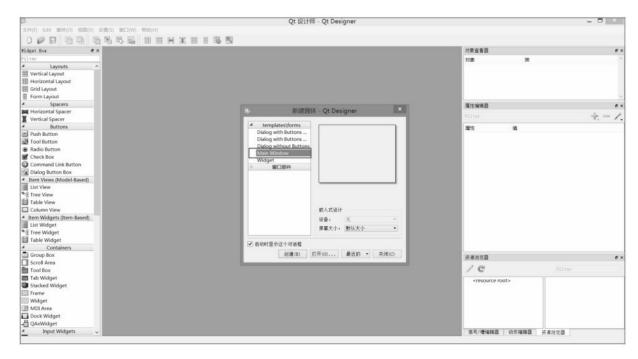
ullet

● □□ Python□□□□□Qt Designer□□□□□□□□□□□□□□.ui□□□□□□
XML DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD
pyPython
Qt Designer [][][][%/python3.*/site-pages/pyqt5-tools [][
E:\installed_software\python35\Lib\site-packages\pyqt5-
tools[
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Qt Designer designer.exe designer.exe

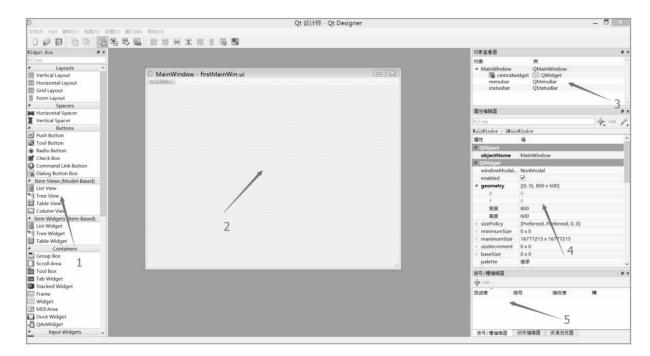
名称	修改日期	类型	大小
build_id	2017/8/2 16:10	文件	1 KE
job_id	2017/8/2 16:10	文件	1 KE
assistant.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	1,171 KE
canbusutil.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	34 KE
designer.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	525 KE
dumpcpp.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	206 KE
dumpdoc.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	167 KE
I lconvert.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	192 KE
linguist.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	1,216 KE
I release.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	361 KE
■ lupdate.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	674 KE
pixeltool.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	48 KE
gcollectiongenerator.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	49 KE
gdbus.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	50 KE
gdbuscpp2xml.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	185 KE
qdbusviewer.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	235 KE
qdbusxml2cpp.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	65 KE
gdoc.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	1,134 KE
🖭 qgltf.exe	2017/8/2 16:10	应用程序	3,878 KB

<u></u>3-2



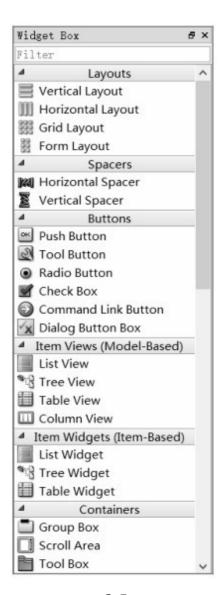
□3-3

______Main Window"________firstMainWin.ui_____
3-4________________

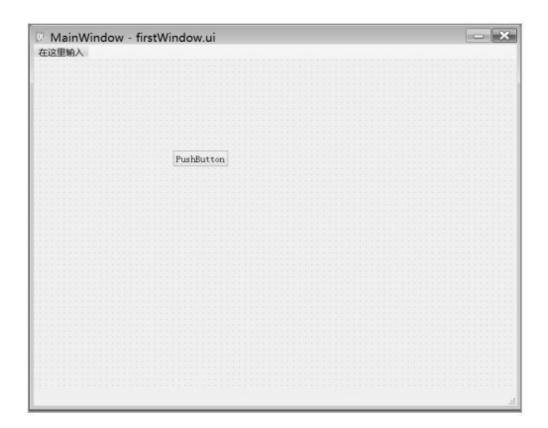


□3-4

3.1.2

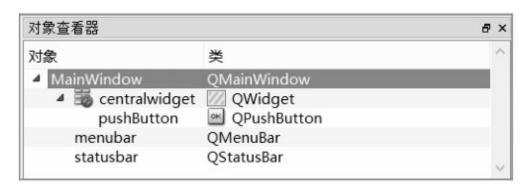


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□3-6

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□3-7



∏3-8

- objectName□□□□□□□
- geometrygeometry

- \bullet font $\square\square\square\square$
- cursor□□□□
- windowTitle

- windowslcon/icon□□□□□/□□□□□
- iconSize
- statusTip
- text□□□□□□□



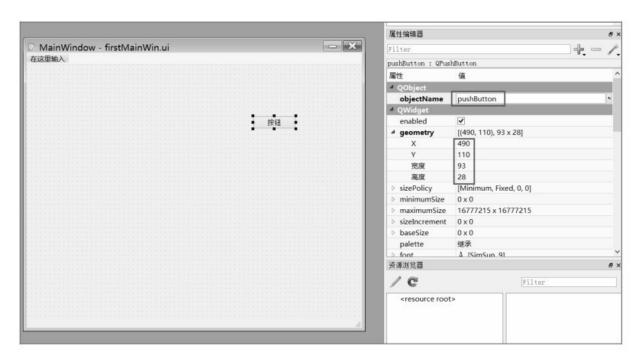
□3-9

____Label_Button_____3-10___



3.1.3 **□**□**UI**□□

||||||||| Qt Designer|||||| PyQt5/Chapter03/firstMainWin.ui



□3-11

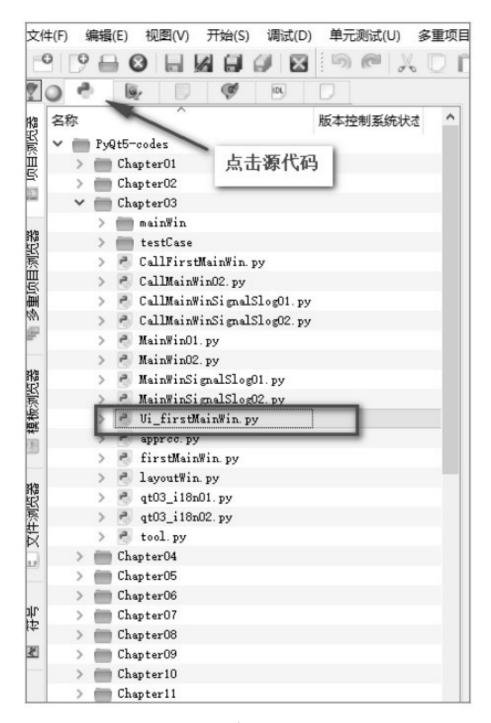
_____firstMainWin.ui_____3-12___

```
🗎 firstMainWin. ui 🗵
     <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
    ⊟<ui version="4.0">
     <class>MainWindow</class>
     <widget class="QMainWindow" name="MainWindow">
 4
 5
    cyroperty name="geometry">
 6
    - <rect>
      <x>0</x>
 7
     <y>0</y>
 8
 9
      <width>726</width>
 10
      <height>592</height>
 11
     - </rect>
     - </property>
 12
    - cproperty name="windowTitle">
 13
      <string>MainWindow</string>
14
15
     </property>
    16
 17
 18
    - <rect>
19
          <x>490</x>
20
21
          <y>110</y>
          <width>93</width>
22
      <height>28</height>
23
24
     </rect>
     </property>
25
    property name="text">
 26
27
     <string>按钮</string>
     </property>
28
29
     </widget>
     - </widget>
 30
    <widget class="QMenuBar" name="menubar">
 31
32
     property name="geometry">
33
    ☐ <rect>
34
      <x>0</x>
 35
      <y>0</y>
      <width>726</width>
36
37
     <height>26</height>
38
     - </rect>
     - </property>
39
     </widget>
40
41
      <widget class="QStatusBar" name="statusbar"/>
42
     </widget>
43
      <resources/>
 44
      <connections/>
45
     L</ui>
```

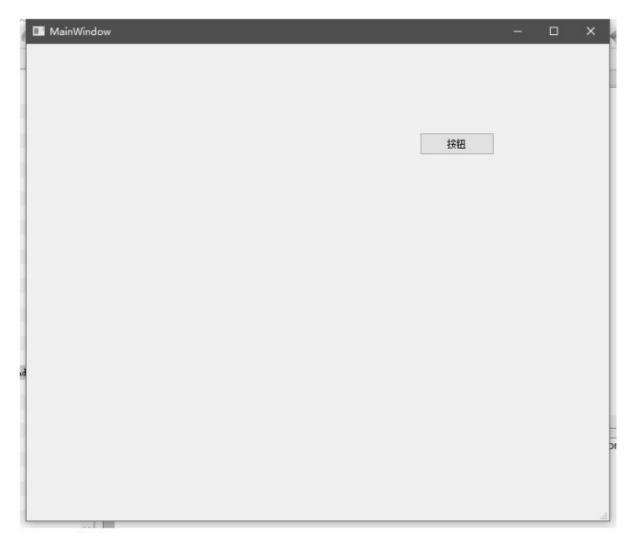


□3-13

Ui_firstMainWin.py



□3-14



□3-15

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pyuic5-o firstMainWin.py firstMainWin.ui

□3-16

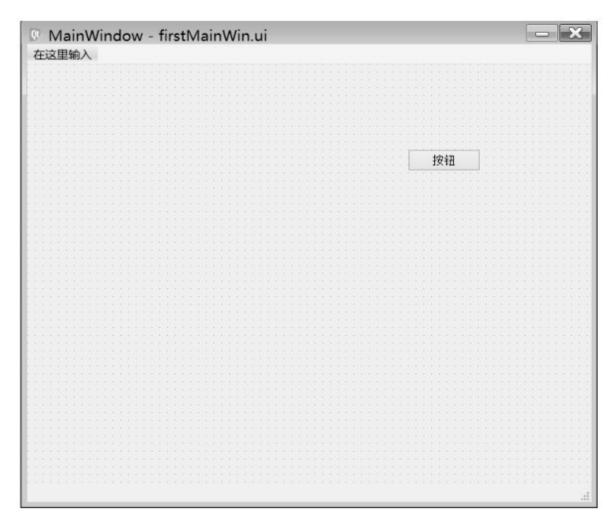
名称	类型
firstMainWin.py	PY文件
firstMainWin.ui	UI文件

∏3-17

🛮 🗎 pyu	ic5 🛮 🗎 🖂					
http://pyqt.sc	ourceforge.ne	t/Docs/Py	/Qt5/des	signer.ht	ml?	
highlight=sig	nal□					
3. □ □Pytl	non[][].ui[][]	py				
	100000000000000000000000000000000000000		□□□□Pyt	hon[[[
	00000000000		PyQt5/Cl	napter03	3/tool.p	у <u>П</u> П

```
import os
   import os.path
   # UI 文件所在的路径
   dir = './'
   # 列出目录下的所有 UI 文件
   def listUiFile():
       list = []
       files = os.listdir(dir)
       for filename in files:
           #print( dir + os.sep + f )
           #print(filename)
          if os.path.splitext(filename)[1] == '.ui':
              list.append(filename)
       return list
   # 把扩展名为.ui 的文件改成扩展名为.py 的文件
   def transPyFile(filename):
       return os.path.splitext(filename)[0] + '.py'
   # 调用系统命令把 UI 文件转换成 Python 文件
   def runMain():
       list = listUiFile()
       for uifile in list:
          pyfile = transPyFile(uifile)
          cmd = 'pyuic5 -o {pyfile}
{uifile}'.format(pyfile=pyfile,uifile=uifile)
          #print(cmd)
          os.system(cmd)
   ##### 程序的主入口
   if name__ == "__main__":
       runMain()
```

□□Qt Designer□□□□□□□□3-18□□□□□□□□firstMainWin.ui□

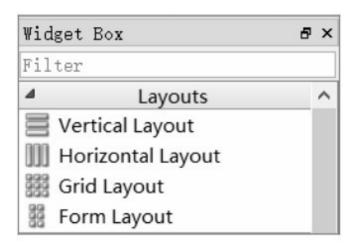


∏3-18

3.1.5

```
import sys
                from
                                           PyQt5.QtWidgets
                                                                                                        import
                                                                                                                                        QApplication
      ,OMainWindow
                from firstMainWin import *
                class MyMainWindow(QMainWindow,Ui MainWindow):
                      def init (self,parent=None):
                            super(MyMainWindow,self).__init (parent)
                           self.setupUi(self)
                if name__=="__main__":
                      app=QApplication(sys.argv)
                      myWin=MyMainWindow()
                      myWin.show()
                      sys.exit(app.exec ())
           ADDADADADADADADADADADADADADADADADADA.Ui ADDAD
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```

3.2

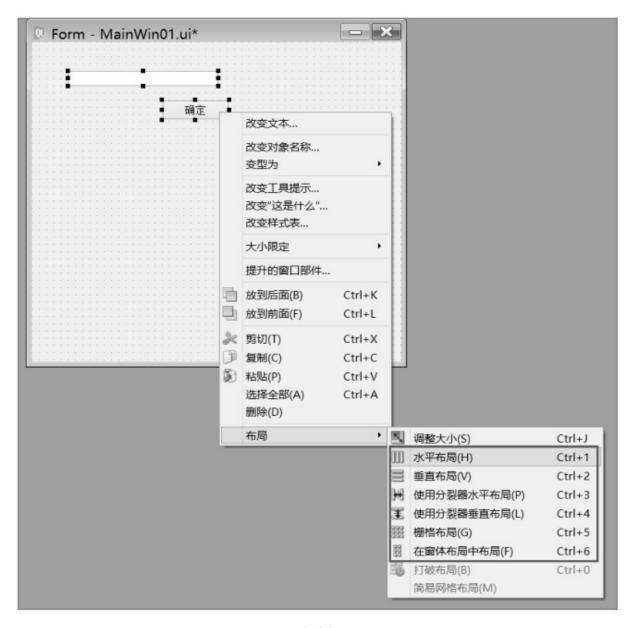


□3-19

- ullet

3.2.1

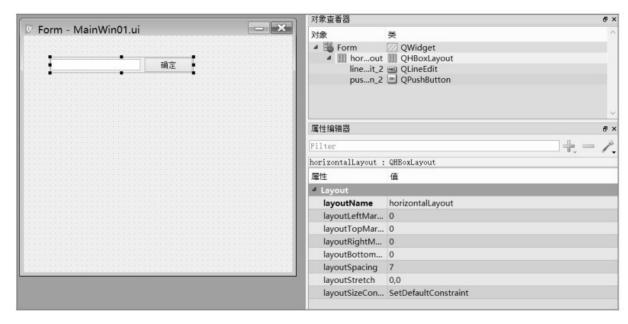
lineEditpushButton	



□3-20

```
class Ui Form(object):
  def setupUi(self,Form):
   Form.setObjectName("Form")
   Form.resize(511,443)
   self.widget=QtWidgets.QWidget(Form)
   self.widget.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(50,40,273,3
0))
   self.widget.setObjectName("widget")
   self.horizontalLayout=QtWidgets.QHBoxLayout(self
.widget)
   self.horizontalLayout.setContentsMargins(0,0,0,0)
   self.horizontalLayout.setObjectName("horizontalLa
yout")
   self.lineEdit 2=QtWidgets.QLineEdit(self.widget)
   self.lineEdit 2.setObjectName("lineEdit 2")
   self.horizontalLayout.addWidget(self.lineEdit 2)
   self.pushButton 2=QtWidgets.QPushButton(self.wi
dget)
   self.pushButton 2.setObjectName("pushButton 2")
   self.horizontalLayout.addWidget(self.pushButton 2)
   self.retranslateUi(Form)
   QtCore.QMetaObject.connectSlotsByName(Form)
  def retranslateUi(self,Form):
   translate=QtCore.QCoreApplication.translate
   Form.setWindowTitle( translate("Form","Form"))
   self.pushButton 2.setText( translate("Form","□□"))
```

QWidgetQHBoxLayoutQWidget
_Qt Designer



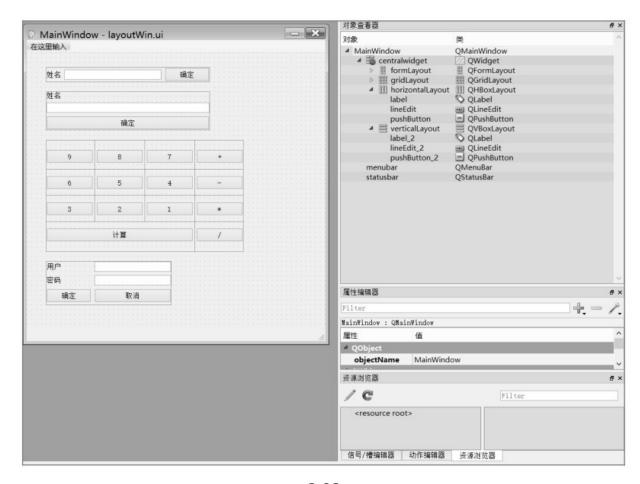
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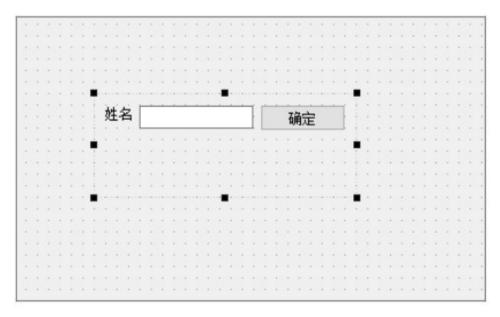
GridLayout

GridLa

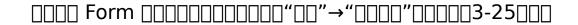


∏3-23

3.2.2



□3-24





□3-25

ContainersWin.ui ContainersWin.py	
#-*- coding: utf-8-*	
from PyQt5 import QtCore,QtGui,QtWidgets	
class Ui_MainWindow(object):	
def setupUi(self,MainWindow):	
MainWindow.setObjectName("MainWindow")	
MainWindow.resize(800.600)	

```
self.centralwidget=QtWidgets.QWidget(MainWindo
w)
   self.centralwidget.setObjectName("centralwidget")
   self.frame=QtWidgets.QFrame(self.centralwidget)
   self.frame.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(70,40,264,4
3))
   self.frame.setFrameShape(QtWidgets.QFrame.Style
dPanel)
   self.frame.setFrameShadow(QtWidgets.QFrame.Rai
sed)
   self.frame.setObjectName("frame")
   self.horizontalLayout=QtWidgets.QHBoxLayout(self
.frame)
   self.horizontalLayout.setObjectName("horizontalLa
yout")
   self.label=QtWidgets.QLabel(self.frame)
   self.label.setObjectName("label")
   self.horizontalLayout.addWidget(self.label)
   self.lineEdit=QtWidgets.QLineEdit(self.frame)
   self.lineEdit.setObjectName("lineEdit")
   self.horizontalLayout.addWidget(self.lineEdit)
   self.pushButton=QtWidgets.QPushButton(self.fram
e)
   self.pushButton.setObjectName("pushButton")
   self.horizontalLayout.addWidget(self.pushButton)
   MainWindow.setCentralWidget(self.centralwidget)
   self.menubar=QtWidgets.QMenuBar(MainWindow)
```

```
self.menubar.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(0,0,800,2
                      3))
                                     self.menubar.setObjectName("menubar")
                                     MainWindow.setMenuBar(self.menubar)
                                     self.statusbar=QtWidgets.QStatusBar(MainWindow
                      )
                                     self.statusbar.setObjectName("statusbar")
                                     MainWindow.setStatusBar(self.statusbar)
                                     self.retranslateUi(MainWindow)
                                     QtCore.QMetaObject.connectSlotsByName(MainWi
                      ndow)
                              def retranslateUi(self,MainWindow):
                                     translate=QtCore.QCoreApplication.translate
                                     MainWindow.setWindowTitle( translate("MainWind
                      ow", "MainWindow"))
                                     self.label.setText( translate("MainWindow","□□"))
                                     self.pushButton.setText( translate("MainWindow","
                      □□"))
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```

3.3 Qt Designer

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Qt Designer
Push Button
geometry [] size Policy [] minimum Size [] maximum Size [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] [] []
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Filter	=	h — /
pushButton : QPushButton		
属性	值	^
enabled		
> geometry	[(215, 140), 75 x 23]	
> sizePolicy	[Minimum, Fixed, 0, 0]	
> minimumSize	0 x 0	
✓ maximumSize	16777215 x 16777215	
宽度	16777215	
高度	16777215	
✓ sizeIncrement	0 x 0	
宽度	0	

□3-26

3.3.1

∨ geometry	[(215, 140), 75 x 23]
X	215
Υ	140
宽度	75
高度	23

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doubleSpinBox_maxdraw@	down_max [
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```
self.label = QtWidgets.QLabel(self.centralwidget)
self.label.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(140, 80, 54, 12))
self.label.setObjectName("label")

self.doubleSpinBox_returns_max =
QtWidgets.QDoubleSpinBox(self.centralwidget)
self.doubleSpinBox_returns_max.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(220, 100, 62, 22))
self.doubleSpinBox_returns_max.setObjectName
("doubleSpinBox_returns_max")
```

3.3.2

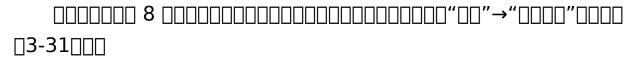
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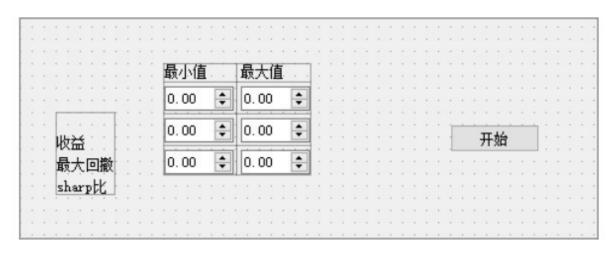
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∏3-30

```
self.verticalLayout=QtWidgets.QVBoxLayout()
                    self.verticalLayout.setObjectName("verticalLayout")
                    self.verticalLayout.addWidget(self.label 6)
                    self.verticalLayout.addWidget(self.label 3)
                    self.verticalLayout.addWidget(self.label 4)
                    self.verticalLayout.addWidget(self.label 5)
             On the signer of the signer of
             self.label.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(140,80,54,12))
```

2.





□3-31

self.gridLayout=QtWidgets.QGridLayout()

self.gridLayout.setObjectName("gridLayout")

self.gridLayout.addWidget(self.label,0,0,1,1)

self.gridLayout.addWidget(self.label 2,0,1,1,1)

self.gridLayout.addWidget(self.doubleSpinBox_returns_ min,1,0,1,1)

self.gridLayout.addWidget(self.doubleSpinBox_returns_
max,1,1,1,1)

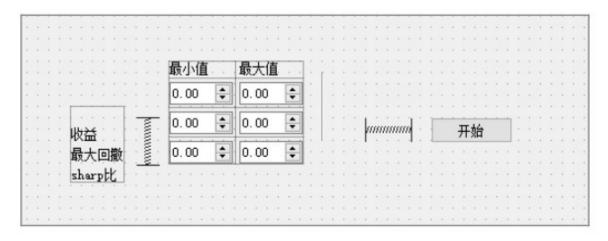
self.gridLayout.addWidget(self.doubleSpinBox_maxdra
wdown min,2,0,1,1)

self.gridLayout.addWidget(self.doubleSpinBox_maxdra
wdown_max,2,1,1,1)

self.gridLayout.addWidget(self.doubleSpinBox_sharp_m
in,3,0,1,1)

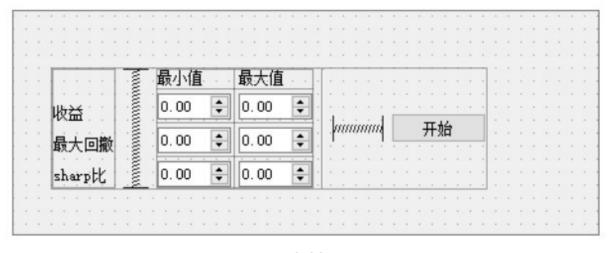
 $self.gridLayout.addWidget(self.doubleSpinBox_sharp_m\\ ax, 3, 1, 1, 1)$

3.



∏3-32

self.line=QtWidgets.QFrame(self.widget)	#		
Horizontal Line			
self. line. set Frame Shape (QtWidgets. QFrame Shape) and the set of the se	ne.VLir	ne)	
self. line. set Frame Shadow (QtWidgets. QFrame Shadow) and the set of the	me.Su	ınken	1)
self.line.setObjectName("line")			
spacerItem1=QtWidgets.QSpacerItem(20	0,20,Q	tWid	ge
ts.QSizePolicy.Preferred,QtWidgets.QSizePolicy	y.Minin	num)	#
Horizontal Spacer 200			
spacerItem=QtWidgets.QSpacerItem(20,4	₽0,QtW	/idge	ts.
QSizePolicy.Minimum,QtWidgets.QSizePolicy.E	xpand	ing)	#
□□ Vertical Spacer			
	→" □□□[]"000	
3-33			



3-33

UU"UU"UUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUUIIIDHorizontalSpacerUUU
sizeType [] [] preferred [] [] sizeHint [] [] [] 200 [] [] [] [] [
horizontalSpacer [] [] [] [] preferred [] [] [] [] sizeHint [] [] [
200×20□

□□□□□□□□"→"□□"□□□□□3-34□□□



□3-34

-
class Ui_LayoutDemo(object): # 🛮 🗎 🗎 🗎 🗎 🗎 🗎
LayoutDemo
def setupUi(self,LayoutDemo):
LayoutDemo.setObjectName("LayoutDemo") # 🛛 🖺 🗎 🗎 🗎
LayoutDemo.resize(800,600)
self.centralwidget=QtWidgets.QWidget(LayoutDem
o)
centralwidget
self.centralwidget.setObjectName("centralwidget")
self.layoutWidget=QtWidgets.QWidget(self.central
widget)
layoutWidget□□□□centralwidget
self.layoutWidget.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(90,9
0,391,161))

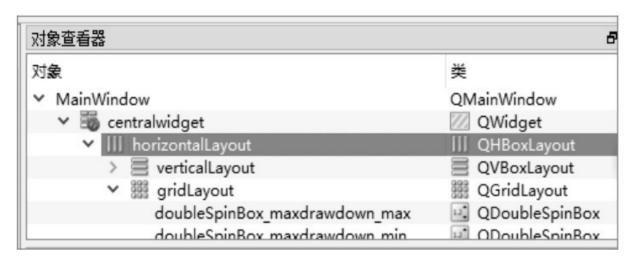
```
self.layoutWidget.setObjectName("layoutWidget")
                           self.horizontalLayout=QtWidgets.QHBoxLayout(self
                 .layoutWidget)
                            # horizontalLayout | layout Widget
                           self.horizontalLayout.setObjectName("horizontalLa
                yout")
                           # horizontalLayout
                           self.horizontalLayout.addLayout(self.verticalLayout
                 )
                           self.horizontalLayout.addItem(spacerItem)
                           self.horizontalLayout.addLayout(self.gridLayout)
                           self.horizontalLayout.addWidget(self.line)
                           self.horizontalLayout.addItem(spacerItem1)
                           self.horizontalLayout.addWidget(self.pushButton)
           Qt Designer
           4.minimumSize | maximumSize | □
           minimumSize maximumSize maximu
```

属性	值	^
∨ minimumSize	100 x 100	
宽度	100	
高度	100	
maximumSize	300 x 300	
宽度	300	
高度	300	

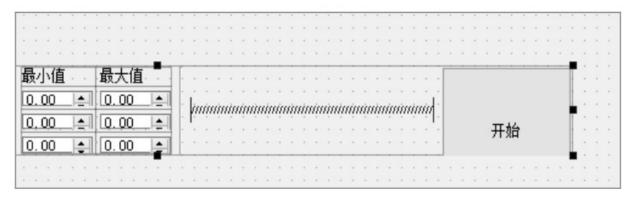
∏3-35

self.pushButton.setMinimumSize(QtCore.QSize(100,100))

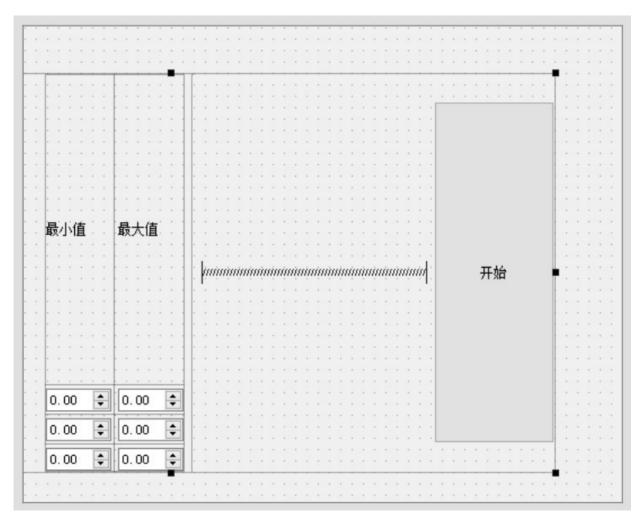
self.pushButton.setMaximumSize(QtCore.QSize(300,30 0))



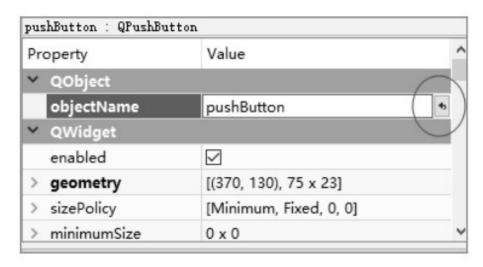
□3-36



∏3-37



□3-38



□3-39

5.sizePolicy□□

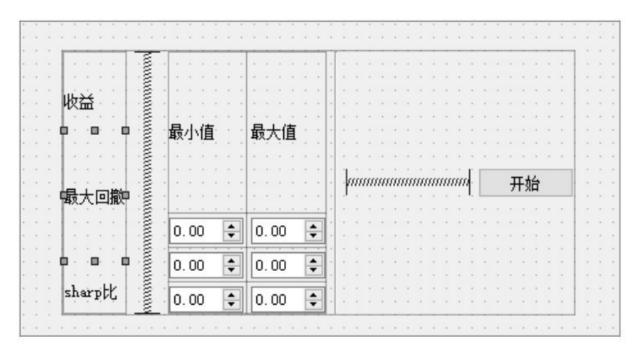
sizePolicy sizeHint minisizeHint
sizeHint
minimumSize[]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]
sizePolicy
sizePolicysizePolicy
sizePolicy
ΠΠ3-40ΠΠΠΠΠΠΠΠΠSizePolicyΠΠΠ

✓ sizePolicy	[Minimum, Fixed, 0, 0]
水平策略	Minimum
垂直策略	Fixed
水平伸展	0
垂直伸展	0

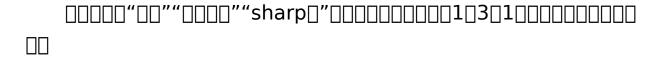
□3-40



```
sizePolicy=QtWidgets.QSizePolicy(QtWidgets.QSizePoli
   cy.Fixed,QtWidgets.QSizePolicy.Minimum)
         sizePolicy.setHorizontalStretch(0) # □□□□0
         sizePolicy.setVerticalStretch(0) # □□□□0
         sizePolicy.setHeightForWidth(self.pushButton.sizePolicy
   ().hasHeightForWidth())
         self.pushButton.setSizePolicy(sizePolicy)
      ● Fixed☐☐☐☐☐☐sizeHint☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐☐
      sizeHint
      MinimumExpanding
Output
Description
Output
Description
_____Minimum ______
Minimum \square Maximum \square \square \square \square \square \square
      0000"00""0000""sharp0"000000000001030100000
horizontalLayout
```



□3-41



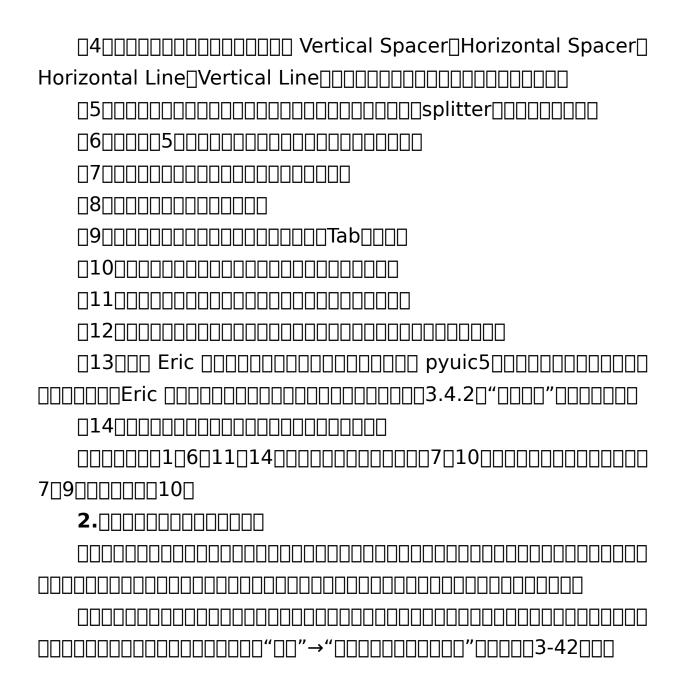
```
sizePolicy = QtWidgets.QSizePolicy(
QtWidgets.QSizePolicy.Preferred, QtWidgets.QSizePolicy.Preferred)
sizePolicy.setHorizontalStretch(0)
sizePolicy.setVerticalStretch(1)
```

```
sizePolicy.setHeightForWidth(self.label 3.sizePolicy().
hasHeightForWidth())
    self.label 3.setSizePolicy(sizePolicy)
    sizePolicy = QtWidgets.QSizePolicy(
QtWidgets.QSizePolicy.Preferred, QtWidgets.QSizePolicy.Preferred)
    sizePolicy.setHorizontalStretch(0)
   sizePolicy.setVerticalStretch(3)
   sizePolicy.setHeightForWidth(self.label 4.sizePolicy().
hasHeightForWidth())
    self.label 4.setSizePolicy(sizePolicy)
   sizePolicy = QtWidgets.QSizePolicy(
QtWidgets.QSizePolicy. Preferred, QtWidgets.QSizePolicy.Preferred)
    sizePolicy.setHorizontalStretch(0)
    sizePolicy.setVerticalStretch(1)
   sizePolicy.setHeightForWidth(
self.label 5.sizePolicy(). hasHeightForWidth())
   self.label 5.setSizePolicy(sizePolicy)
```

3.3.3

1.Qt Designer□□□□□

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			- -											
		1												
								1.1						
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	最小值	最大值												
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最大回撤														
最大回撤														
最大回撤														
最大回歡														
	0.00	0.00												
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		0.00												

□3-42

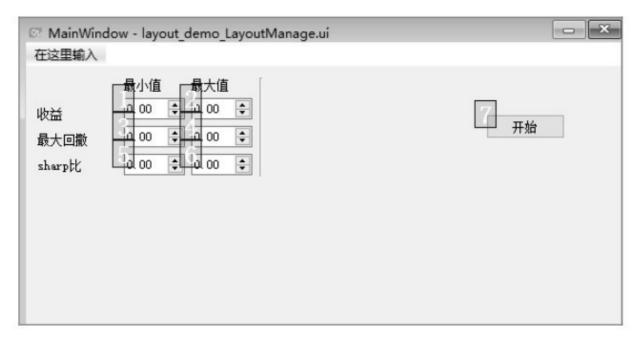
3.00000

 $\label{lem:continuous} $$ \Box \Box ``sharp \Box ``\Box \Box \Box \Box \Box ``doubleSpinBox_sharp_min'' \equiv \delta \de$

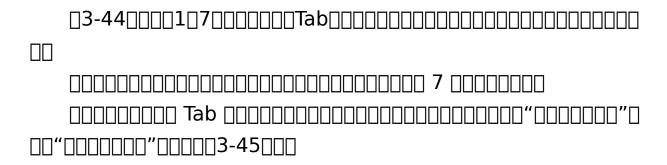
MainWind 在这里輸入	low - layout	t_demo_LayoutManage.ui*	
收益 最大回撤 sharu比	最小值 0.00 ♣ 0.00 ♣ 0.00 ♣	0.00	

□3-43

self.label_5.setBuddy(self.doubleSpinBox_sharp_min)
Ctrl+R"
"Alt+S"
"doubleSpinBox_sharp_min" \square label \square doubleSpinBox \square \square
Display WidgetsDisplay
Widgets
D
4. □□ T ab□□□
"Edit"→"Tab"3-44



□3-44



1 doubleSpin	Box_returns_min	
2 doubleSpin	Box_returns_max	8
	Box_maxdrawdown_min	
	Box_maxdrawdown_max	
5 doubleSpin	Box_sharp_min	
6 doubleSpin	Box_sharp_max	
7 pushButton		

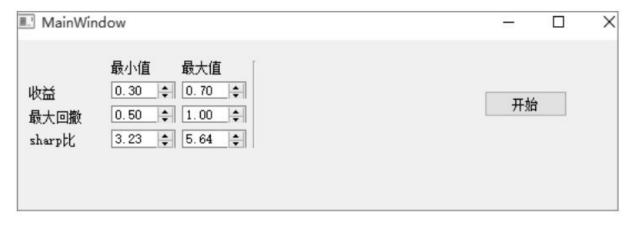
□3-45

Qt Designer

3.3.4

					Erio	2	6	
layout_demo_LayoutManage.u								
Ui_layout_demo_LayoutManag								
layout_demo_LayoutManage.pg								

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
    11 11 11
   Module implementing LayoutDemo.
    11 11 11
    from PyQt5.QtCore import pyqtSlot
    from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QMainWindow, QApplication
    from Ui layout demo LayoutManage import Ui LayoutDemo
    class LayoutDemo(QMainWindow, Ui LayoutDemo):
       11 11 11
       Class documentation goes here.
       def init (self, parent=None):
          11 11 11
          Constructor
          @param parent reference to the parent widget
          @type QWidget
          11 11 11
          super(LayoutDemo, self). init (parent)
          self.setupUi(self)
       @pyqtSlot()
       def on pushButton clicked(self):
          Slot documentation goes here.
          print('收益 min:', self.doubleSpinBox returns min.text())
          print('收益 max:',self.doubleSpinBox returns max.text())
          print('最大回撤 min:', self.doubleSpinBox maxdrawdown min.
text())
          print('最大回撤 max:', self.doubleSpinBox maxdrawdown max.
text())
          print('sharp 比 min:',self.doubleSpinBox sharp min.text())
          print('sharp 比 max:',self.doubleSpinBox sharp max.text())
    if name == " main ":
```



□3-46

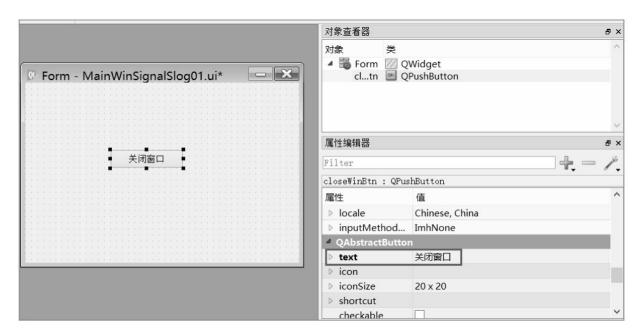
00"00"000000000003-4700000000000

```
2 >>> 收益_min: 0.30
3 收益_max: 0.70
4 最大回撤_min: 0.50
5 最大回撤_max: 1.00
6 sharp比_min: 3.23
7 sharp比_max: 5.64
```

□3-47

3.4
00000000000000000000000000000000000000
QObject.signal.connect()
QObject QWidget
_QtQtQt
00000000000000000000000000000000000000
<u>3.4.1 ∏∏∏</u>
Qt Designer
ПППППППП MainWinSignalSlog01.ui ППППППП

PyQt5/Chapter03/MainWinSignalSlog01.ui

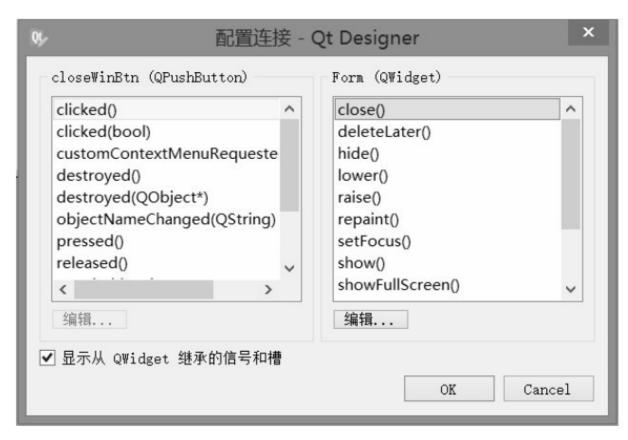


∏3-48

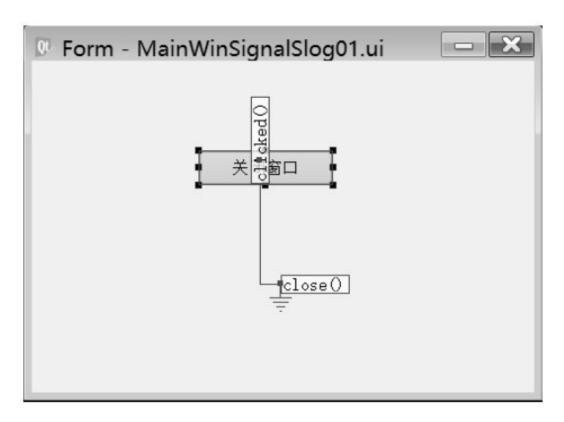


□3-49





∏3-50



3-51

```
self.closeWinBtn.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(150,8
              0,121,31)
                        self.closeWinBtn.setObjectName("closeWinBtn")
                        self.retranslateUi(Form)
                        self.closeWinBtn.clicked.connect(Form.close)
                        QtCore.QMetaObject.connectSlotsByName(Form)
                    def retranslateUi(self,Form):
                        translate=QtCore.QCoreApplication.translate
                        Form.setWindowTitle( translate("Form","Form"))
                        self.closeWinBtn.setText( translate("Form","□□□□"))
          clicked() [] [] [] []
                                                                        QObject.signal.connect()
              self.closeWinBtn.clicked.connect(Form.close)
          ПΠ
          pyuic5 py
SlotsByName(Form)
nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnclose()n
          CallMainWinSignalSlog01.py
              import sys
                                      PyQt5.QtWidgets
                                                                                             import
                                                                                                                         QApplication
              from
     ,QMainWindow
              from MainWinSignalSlog01 import Ui Form
              class MyMainWindow(QMainWindow,Ui Form):
```

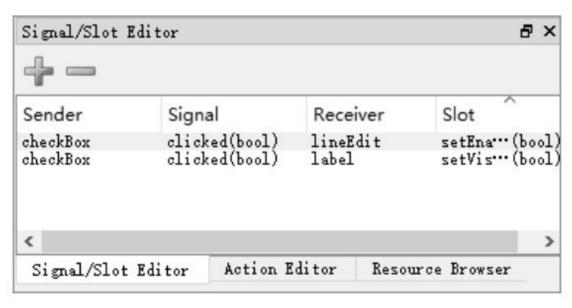
```
def __init__(self,parent=None):
    super(MyMainWindow,self).__init__(parent)
    self.setupUi(self)
if __name__=="__main__":
    app=QApplication(sys.argv)
    myWin=MyMainWindow()
    myWin.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



□3-52

3.4.2





□3-53

										MainWinSignalSlog03.ui	
Ма	inW	/inS	Sigr	nalS	Slog	03	ру		Call	MainWinSignalSlog03.py 🛛 🗎	
Ca	IIMa	ainV	Vin	Sig	nal	Slo	g03	.py	/ 000	□□ 3-54 □□□	

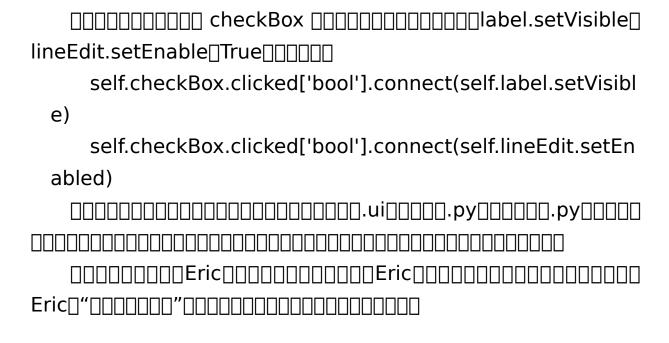


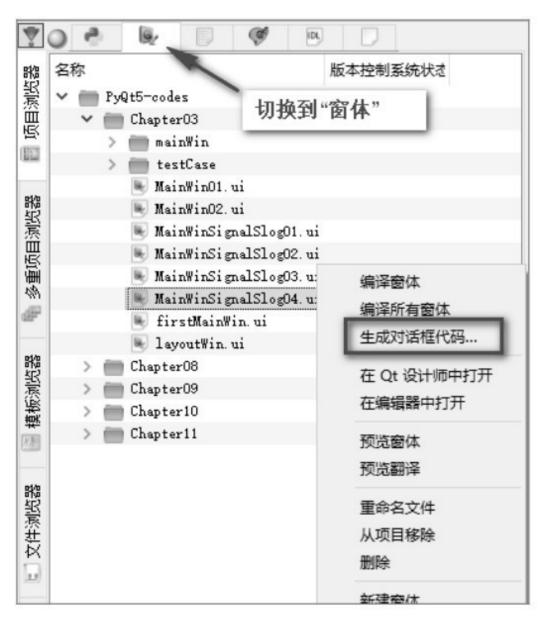
□3-54





□3-55





∏3-56

000000000000000003-57000000

窗体代码	产生器			?	×
类名(C):	MainWindow		·	新建(N)	•••
> checkBo	D:\zw_own\PyQt\my_pyqt_book\PyQt5-c widget (QWidget) x (QCheckBox) m_checkBox_clicked() m_checkBox_clicked(bool) m_checkBox_destroyed() m_checkBox_destroyed(QObject*) m_checkBox_destroyed(QObject*) m_checkBox_objectNameChanged(QString m_checkBox_pressed() m_checkBox_released() m_checkBox_released() m_checkBox_toggled(bool) m_checkBox_windowIconChanged(QIcon) m_checkBox_windowIconTextChanged(QString QLabel) t (QLineEdit) (QMenuBar) ar (QStatusBar)	单击 窗口 d(QPoint)	*************************************		
			0K	Cance.	1

□3-57

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
    11 11 11
    Module implementing MainWindow.
    11 11 11
    from PyQt5.QtCore import pyqtSlot
    from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QMainWindow
    from Ui MainWinSignalSlog04 import Ui MainWindow
    #注: 原代码为 from .Ui MainWinSignalSlog04 import Ui MainWindow, 运行出
错, 需要去掉
    class MainWindow (QMainWindow, Ui MainWindow):
       11 11 11
       Class documentation goes here.
       def __init__(self, parent=None):
           11 11 11
           Constructor
           @param parent reference to the parent widget
           @type QWidget
           11 11 11
           super(MainWindow, self). init (parent)
           self.setupUi(self)
       @pyqtSlot(bool)
       def on_checkBox_clicked(self, checked):
           11 11 11
           Slot documentation goes here.
           @param checked DESCRIPTION
           @type bool
           11 11 11
           # TODO: not implemented yet
           raise NotImplementedError
```

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
   11 11 11
   Module implementing MainWindow.
   11 11 11
   from PyQt5.QtCore import pyqtSlot
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QMainWindow,QApplication
   from Ui_MainWinSignalSlog04 import Ui_MainWindow
   #注: 原代码为 from .Ui MainWinSignalSlog04 import Ui_MainWindow, 运行出错,
需要去掉
   class MainWindow (QMainWindow, Ui MainWindow):
       Class documentation goes here.
       def __init__(self, parent=None):
          11 11 11
          Constructor
          @param parent reference to the parent widget
          @type QWidget
          super (MainWindow, self). init (parent)
          self.setupUi(self)
          self.checkBox.setChecked(True) # 设置 checkBox 默认的初始状态为选择
       @pyqtSlot(bool)
       def on checkBox clicked(self, checked):
          Slot documentation goes here.
          @param checked DESCRIPTION
          Otype bool
          11 11 11
          self.label.setVisible(checked)
          self.lineEdit.setEnabled(checked)
   if name == " main ":
```

```
import sys
app = QApplication(sys.argv)
myWin = MainWindow()
myWin.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

3.5

3.5.1



□3-58

_Qt Designer_______ "Ctrl+R"______3-59___



□3-59

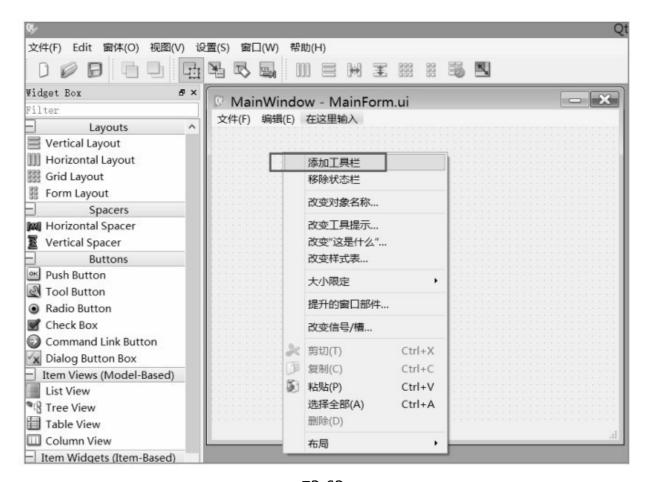
动作编辑器						ē,
DDDRX				Filter		
名称	使用	文本	快捷键	可选的	工具提示	
fileOpenAction	✓	打开	Alt+O		打开	
fileNewAction	✓	新建	Alt+N		新建	
fileCloseAction	✓	关闭	Alt+C		关闭	
addWinAction	✓	添加窗体			添加窗体	
信号/槽编辑器	动作编辑器	资源浏览器				

□3-60

_____3-61___

文本(T):	打开	
对象名称(<u>N</u>):	fileOpenAction	
T <u>o</u> olTip:	打开 .	
Icon th <u>e</u> me:		•
图标(<u>I</u>):	Normal Off ▼ ▼	
<u>C</u> heckable:		
Shortcut:	Alt+S	+

□3-61

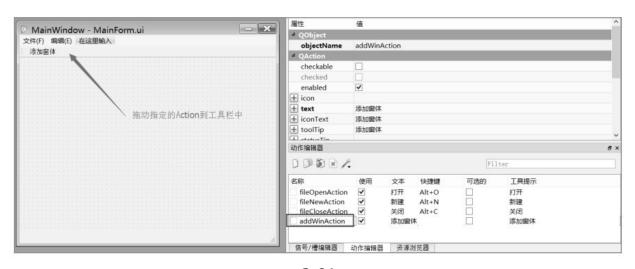


□3-62



□3-63

3-64



□3-64

____Action__3-1___

对象名称	文 本	快 捷 键
fileOpenAction	打开	Alt + O
fileNewAction	新建	Alt + N
fileCloseAction	关闭	Alt + C
addWinAction	添加窗体	

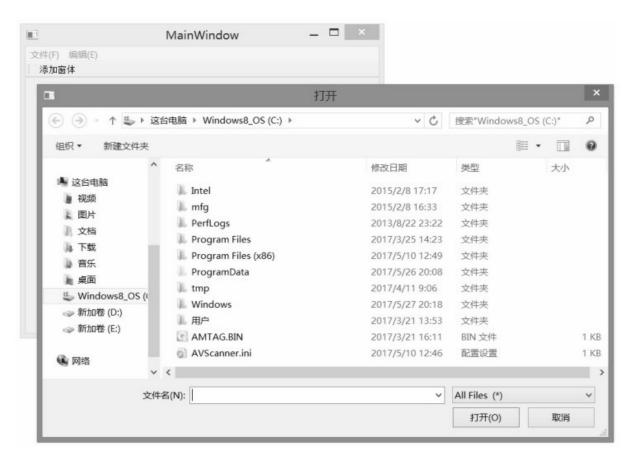
```
from PyQt5 import QtCore, QtGui, QtWidgets
class Ui MainWindow (object):
   def setupUi(self, MainWindow):
      MainWindow.setObjectName("MainWindow")
      MainWindow.resize(588, 476)
      self.centralwidget = QtWidgets.QWidget(MainWindow)
      self.centralwidget.setObjectName("centralwidget")
      MainWindow.setCentralWidget(self.centralwidget)
      self.menubar = QtWidgets.QMenuBar(MainWindow)
      self.menubar.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(0, 0, 588, 26))
      self.menubar.setObjectName("menubar")
      self.menu = QtWidgets.QMenu(self.menubar)
      self.menu.setObjectName("menu")
      self.menu E = QtWidgets.QMenu(self.menubar)
      self.menu E.setObjectName("menu E")
      MainWindow.setMenuBar(self.menubar)
      self.statusbar = QtWidgets.QStatusBar(MainWindow)
      self.statusbar.setObjectName("statusbar")
      MainWindow.setStatusBar(self.statusbar)
      self.toolBar = QtWidgets.QToolBar(MainWindow)
      self.toolBar.setObjectName("toolBar")
      MainWindow.addToolBar(QtCore.Qt.TopToolBarArea, self.toolBar)
      self.fileOpenAction = QtWidgets.QAction(MainWindow)
      self.fileOpenAction.setObjectName("fileOpenAction")
      self.fileNewAction = QtWidgets.QAction(MainWindow)
      self.fileNewAction.setObjectName("fileNewAction")
      self.fileCloseAction = QtWidgets.QAction(MainWindow)
```

```
self.fileCloseAction.setObjectName("fileCloseAction")
          self.addWinAction = QtWidgets.QAction(MainWindow)
          self.addWinAction.setObjectName("addWinAction")
          self.menu.addAction(self.fileOpenAction)
          self.menu.addAction(self.fileNewAction)
          self.menu.addAction(self.fileCloseAction)
          self.menubar.addAction(self.menu.menuAction())
          self.menubar.addAction(self.menu E.menuAction())
          self.toolBar.addAction(self.addWinAction)
          self.retranslateUi(MainWindow)
          QtCore.QMetaObject.connectSlotsByName (MainWindow)
       def retranslateUi(self, MainWindow):
          translate = QtCore.QCoreApplication.translate
          MainWindow.setWindowTitle( translate("MainWindow",
"MainWindow"))
          self.menu.setTitle( translate("MainWindow", "文件(&F)"))
          self.menu E.setTitle(translate("MainWindow", "编辑(&E)"))
          self.toolBar.setWindowTitle( translate("MainWindow",
"toolBar"))
          self.fileOpenAction.setText(translate("MainWindow", "打开"))
          self.fileOpenAction.setShortcut( translate("MainWindow",
"Alt+0"))
          self.fileNewAction.setText(translate("MainWindow", "新建"))
          self.fileNewAction.setShortcut( translate("MainWindow",
"Alt+N"))
          self.fileCloseAction.setText(translate("MainWindow", "关闭"))
          self.fileCloseAction.setShortcut( translate("MainWindow",
"Alt+C"))
          self.addWinAction.setText(translate("MainWindow", "添加窗体"))
```

3.5.2 □□□□

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication , QMainWindow, QWidget ,
```

```
QFileDialog
   from MainForm import Ui MainWindow
   class MainForm( QMainWindow , Ui MainWindow):
       def init (self):
           super(MainForm, self). init ()
           self.setupUi(self)
           # 菜单的点击事件, 当点击关闭菜单时连接槽函数 close()
           self.fileCloseAction.triggered.connect(self.close)
           # 菜单的点击事件, 当点击打开菜单时连接槽函数 openMsg()
           self.fileOpenAction.triggered.connect(self.openMsg)
       def openMsg(self):
           file, ok= QFileDialog.getOpenFileName(self,"打开","C:/","All
Files (*);;Text Files (*.txt)")
           # 在状态栏显示文件地址
           self.statusbar.showMessage(file)
   if name ==" main ":
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       win = MainForm()
       win.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



∏3-65

	:r000000000000000000000000000000000000
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self.fileCloseAction.triggered.connect(self.close)

self.fileOpenAction.triggered.connect(self.openMsg)

3.5.3

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ı	- 1	1 1		II I	1 1	II I	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1	
L	_	ш	_	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	ш	



□3-66



∏3-67

pyuic5 nainForm2.py MainForm2.ui
pyuic5-o MainForm2.py MainForm2.ui
pyuic5-o ChildrenForm2.py ChildrenForm2.ui
MainForm2.py no nainWin no nainWin no nainWin no na nainWin no na nainWin no na nainWin no na nainWin nain

<pre>[] [] [] [CallMainWin02.py] [] [] [CallMainWin02.py</pre>	
PyQt5/Chapter03/mainWin	

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
   import sys
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication, QMainWindow, QWidget,
QFileDialog
   from MainForm2 import Ui MainWindow
   from ChildrenForm2 import Ui ChildrenForm
   class MainForm (QMainWindow, Ui MainWindow):
       def init (self):
          super(MainForm, self). init ()
          self.setupUi(self)
          # self.child = children()生成子窗口实例 self.child
          self.child = ChildrenForm()
          # 菜单的单击事件, 当单击关闭菜单时连接槽函数 close()
          self.fileCloseAction.triggered.connect(self.close)
          # 菜单的单击事件, 当单击打开菜单时连接槽函数 openMsg()
          self.fileOpenAction.triggered.connect(self.openMsg)
          # 单击 actionTst, 子窗口就会显示在主窗口的 MaingridLayout 中
          self.addWinAction.triggered.connect(self.childShow)
       def childShow(self):
          #添加子窗口
          self.MaingridLayout.addWidget(self.child)
          self.child.show()
       def openMsg(self):
          file, ok = QFileDialog.getOpenFileName(self, "打开", "C:/", "All
Files (*);; Text Files (*.txt)")
          # 在状态栏显示文件地址
          self.statusbar.showMessage(file)
   class ChildrenForm (QWidget, Ui ChildrenForm):
       def init (self):
          super(ChildrenForm, self).__init__()
          self.setupUi(self)
```

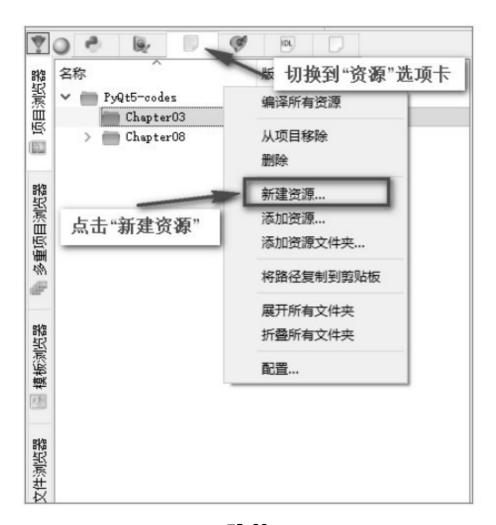
```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    win = MainForm()
    win.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

■ MainWindow	: -	×
文件(F) 编辑(E)		
添加窗体		
我是子窗口的内容		
		:

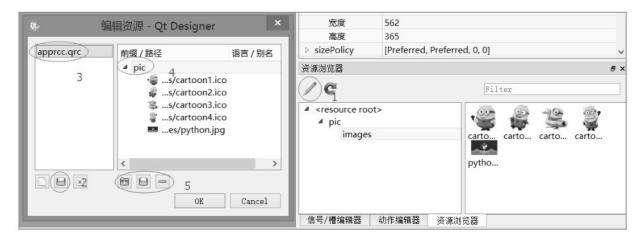
□3-68

UUUUUUUU MainWindow UUUUU"UUUU"UUUUUUUU
MainForm
childShow()_
actionTst MaingridLayout

```
self.addWinAction.triggered.connect(self.childShow)
   def childShow(self):
     # | | | | | | | |
    self.MaingridLayout.addWidget(self.child)
    self.child.show()
              3.6 | | | | | | |
  nnnnnnQt Designernnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn
400004-70000000000000000
        3.6.1 □□Qt Designer□□□□□□
  Ot Designer
00.qrc000000000000000.qrc0000000
  \sqcaprcc version="1.0"\sqcap
    gresource
    □/qresource□
   ∏/rcc∏
  0000Eric00000003- 690000000000000
apprcc.qrc
```



□3-69



∏3-70

1. Qt Designer Quality

2.[].ui[][][].py[][]

__pyuic5___.ui____.py___

pyuic5-o MainWin02.py MainWin02.ui



□3-71

```
from PyQt5/Chapter03/MainWin02.py
from PyQt5 import QtCore,QtGui,QtWidgets
class Ui_Form(object):
    def setupUi(self,Form):
        Form.setObjectName("Form")
        Form.resize(678,431)
        self.label=QtWidgets.QLabel(Form)
        self.label.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(80,30,531,32
1))
        self.label.setText("")
```

```
self.label.setPixmap(QtGui.QPixmap(":/pic/images/
     python.jpg"))
         self.label.setObjectName("label")
         self.retranslateUi(Form)
         QtCore.QMetaObject.connectSlotsByName(Form)
       def retranslateUi(self,Form):
         translate=QtCore.QCoreApplication.translate
         Form.setWindowTitle( translate("Form","Form"))
     import apprcc rc
   _____CallMain Win02.py
import sys
     from
             PyQt5.QtWidgets
                                 import
                                           QApplication
 ,QMainWindow
     from MainWin02 import Ui Form
     class MyMainWindow(QMainWindow,Ui Form):
       def init (self,parent=None):
         super(MyMainWindow,self). init (parent)
        self.setupUi(self)
     if name ==" main ":
       app=QApplication(sys.argv)
       myWin=MyMainWindow()
       myWin.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
   □ CallMainWin02.py □□□□□□□□□□□□□□ MainWin02.py □
□□□□□□apprcc rc□
     Exception "unhandled ImportError"
```

3.6.3

from PyQt5 import QtCore

qt_resource_data = b"\
\x00\x00\x42\x3e\
\x00\x01\x00\x01\x00\x40\x40\x40\x00\x00\x01\x00\x20\x00\x28\x42\x00\

```
# 由于代码较多,此处省略多行代码
  qt resource name = b"\
  \x00\x03\
  # 由于代码较多,此处省略多行代码
  x00x61x00x72x00x74x00x6fx00x6fx00x6ex00x32x00x2ex00
x69\x00\x63\x00\x6f\
  qt resource struct = b"\
  # 由于代码较多,此处省略多行代码
  def qInitResources():
    QtCore.qRegisterResourceData(0x01, qt resource struct,
qt resource name, qt resource data)
  def qCleanupResources():
    QtCore.qUnregisterResourceData(0x01, qt resource struct,
qt resource name, qt resource data)
  qInitResources()
```

3.6.4 **___py**___

import apprcc_rc

:/pic/images/python.jpg

```
approc.qrc aaaaaa.txt CallMainWin

| RCC>
| (qresource prefix="pic")
| (qre
```

□3-72 apprcc_rc.qrc□□

```
from PyQt5 import QtCore,QtGui,QtWidgets class Ui_Form(object):
    def setupUi(self,Form):
        Form.setObjectName("Form")
        Form.resize(678,431)
        self.label=QtWidgets.QLabel(Form)
```

```
self.label.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(80,30,531,32

1))

self.label.setText("")

self.label.setPixmap(QtGui.QPixmap(":/pic/images/
python.jpg"))

self.label.setObjectName("label")

self.retranslateUi(Form)

QtCore.QMetaObject.connectSlotsByName(Form)

def retranslateUi(self,Form):

_translate=QtCore.QCoreApplication.translate
Form.setWindowTitle(_translate("Form","Form"))

import apprcc_rc

[]||CallMainWin02.py||||||||||||||3-73|||||
```

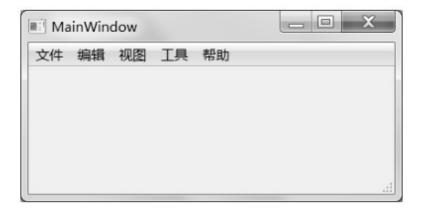




PyQt 5

———————————————————————————————————————
0000000PyQt 5000000000000000000000000000000000000
000000000000000000000PyQt 50000000000000000
4.1 QMainWindow
QMainWindow
4.1.1

QMainWindow QWidget QDialog QD
QMainWindow
GUI4-1
QDialog
QDialog4-2

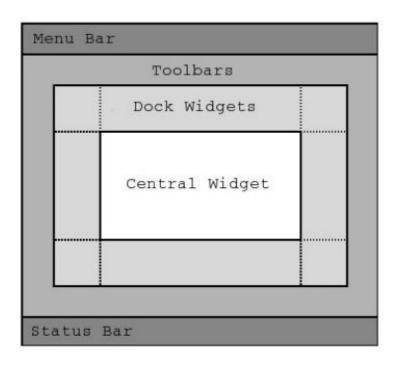


□4-1



□4-2

4.1.2



□4-3

QMainWindow QWidget QWidget QWidget Property Pro

□4-1

方 法	描述
addToolBar()	添加工具栏
centralWidget()	返回窗口中心的一个控件,未设置时返回 NULL
menuBar()	返回主窗口的菜单栏
setCentralWidget()	设置窗口中心的控件
setStatusBar()	设置状态栏
statusBar()	获得状态栏对象后,调用状态栏对象的 showMessage(message, int timeout = 0)方法,
	显示状态栏信息。其中第一个参数是要显示的状态栏信息;第二个参数是信息停留
	的时间,单位是毫秒,默认是0,表示一直显示状态栏信息

import sys

from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QMainWindow ,QApplication

from PyQt5.QtGui import Qlcon

class MainWindow(QMainWindow):

def __init__(self,parent=None):

super(MainWindow,self). init (parent)

self.resize(400,200)

self.status=self.statusBar()

self.status.showMessage("\|\|\|\|\|\|\|\|\|\|\|,5000)

self.setWindowTitle("PyQt MainWindow□□")

if __name__=="__main__":

app=QApplication(sys.argv)

app.setWindowlcon(Qlcon("./images/cartoon1.ico"))

form=MainWindow()

form.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())



□4-4

self.status.showMessage("\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
<pre>D QMainWindow D statusBar() D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D D</pre>
showMessage()
MainWindow QMainWindow
QMainWindow super()
showMessage()

4.1.3



```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QDesktopWidget, QApplication ,QMainWindow import sys

class Winform( QMainWindow):

def __init__(self, parent=None):
    super( Winform, self).__init__(parent)

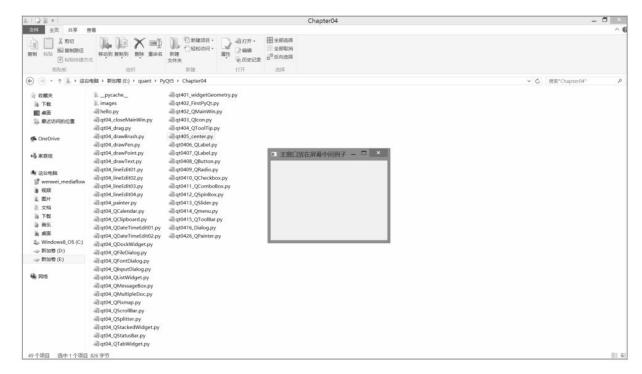
self.setWindowTitle('主窗口放在屏幕中间例子')
```

```
self.resize(370, 250)
self.center()

def center(self):
    screen = QDesktopWidget().screenGeometry()
    size = self.geometry()
    self.move((screen.width() - size.width()) / 2, (screen.height()
- size.height()) / 2)

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    win = Winform()
    win.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

0000000004-5000



□4-5

self.resize(370,250)	
QWidget370250	
screen=QDesktopWidget().screenGeometry()	
(screen.width()*screen.height())	
QDesktopWidget	
QDesktopWidget().screenGeometry() [[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[
size=self.geometry()	
$\cite{thm:linear_norm} \cite{thm:linear_norm} thm:linear_nor$	
self.move((screen.width()- size.width()) /	2,
(screen.height() size.height()) / 2)	

4.1.4

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QMainWindow,QHBoxLayout, QPushButton ,
QApplication, QWidget
   import sys
   class WinForm(QMainWindow):
       def init (self, parent=None):
           super(WinForm, self). init (parent)
           self.setWindowTitle('关闭主窗口例子')
           self.button1 = QPushButton('关闭主窗口')
           self.button1.clicked.connect(self.onButtonClick)
           layout = QHBoxLayout()
           layout.addWidget(self.button1)
           main frame = QWidget()
           main frame.setLayout(layout)
           self.setCentralWidget(main frame)
       def onButtonClick(self ):
           # sender 是发送信号的对象
           sender = self.sender()
           print(sender.text() + '被按下了')
           qApp = QApplication.instance()
           qApp.quit()
```

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    form = WinForm()
    form.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

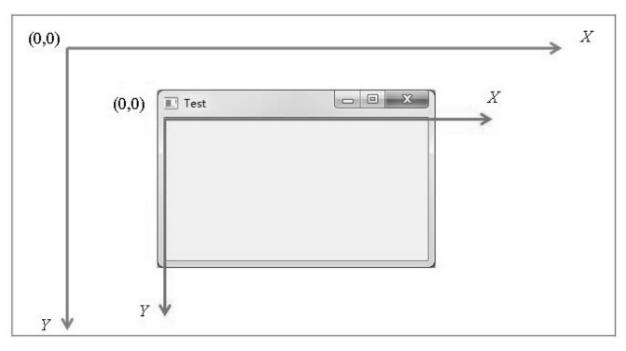


□4-6

4.2 QWidget

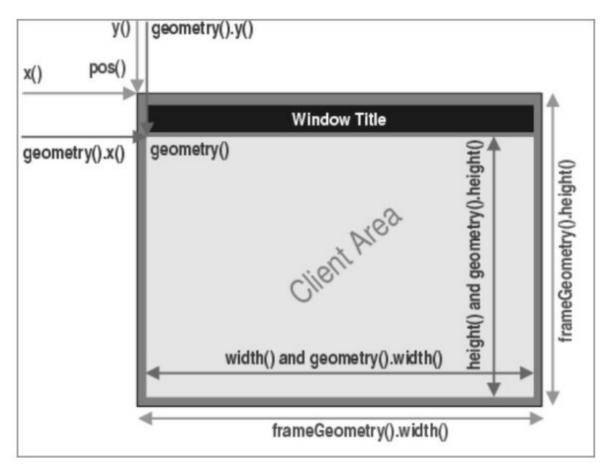
4.2.1

PyQt 0000000000000000000000000004-7000



□4-7

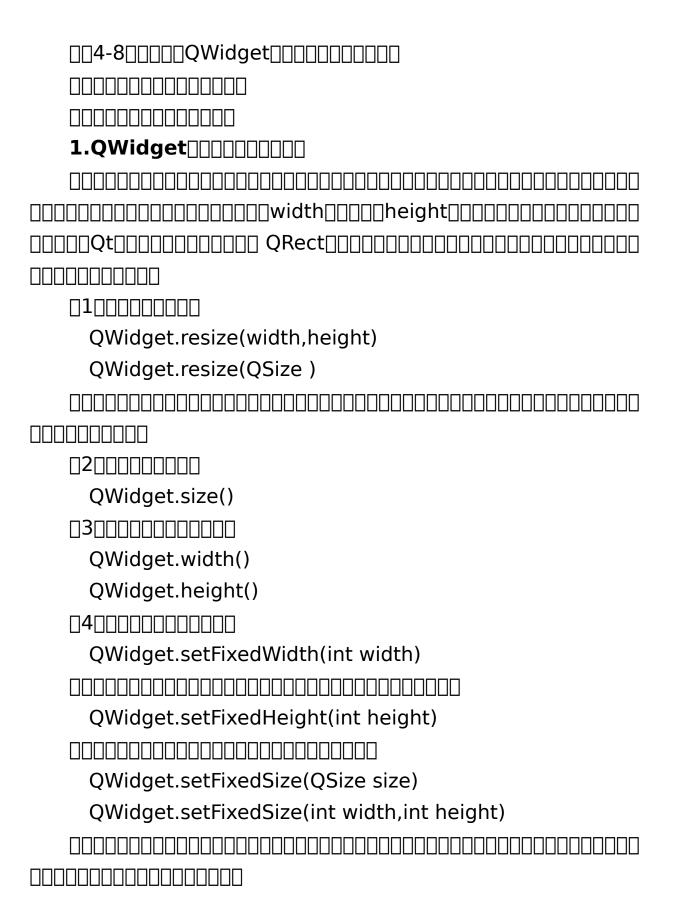
__ 4-8 __ Qt ___ QWidget ___ __ "Window and Dialog Widgets" ___ __ __



□4-8

QWidget____x()_y()____width()_height()

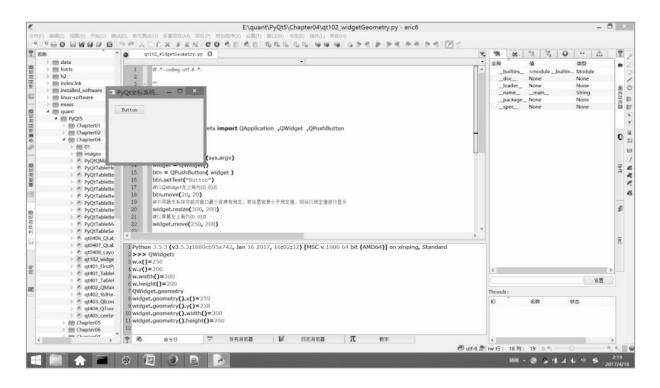
4.2.2



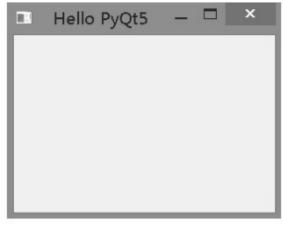
```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication,QWidget,QPushButton import sys

app = QApplication(sys.argv)
widget = QWidget()
btn = QPushButton( widget )
btn.setText("Button")
#以QWidget 左上角为(0, 0)点
```

```
btn.move(20, 20)
#不同的操作系统可能对窗口的最小宽度有规定,若设置宽度小于规定值,则会以规定值进行显示
widget.resize(300, 200)
#以屏幕左上角为(0,0)点
widget.move(250, 200)
widget.setWindowTitle('PyQt 坐标系统例子')
widget.show()
print("QWidget:")
print("w.x()=%d" % widget.x() )
print("w.y()=%d" % widget.y() )
print("w.width()=%d" % widget.width() )
print("w.height()=%d" % widget.height() )
print("QWidget.geometry")
print("widget.geometry().x()=%d" % widget.geometry().x() )
print("widget.geometry().y() = %d" % widget.geometry().y() )
print("widget.geometry().width() = %d" % widget.geometry().width() )
print("widget.geometry().height()=%d" % widget.geometry().height() )
sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



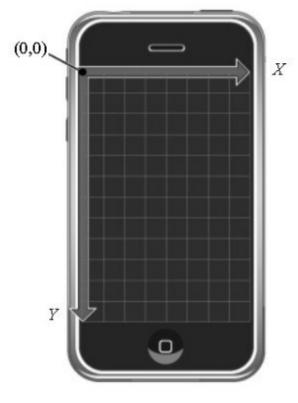
4.2.3 | PyQt 5 | P



□4-10

#-*- coding: UTF-8-*
00000000000PyQt 000000000
□□□UTF-8?
UTF-8 8-bit Unicode Transformation Format
Unicode[][][][][][][][][][][][[][][][Ken Thompson[]1992[][][][][][]
RFC 3629_UTF-8_1_4Unicode
/PyQt
Windows_Linux
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication,QWidget
QUIQt5GUI
PyQt5.QtWidgets[][][
app=QApplication(sys.argv)
DDD PyQt5 DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD
QTWidgets[][][]sys.argv [][][][][][][Python[][][][Shell[][][]
000.py0000000000000000
window=QWidget()

QWidget PyQt5	
Q	30000000
□□□□□□□□ setWindowTitle() □ setWindowIcon() □□□	
window.resize(300,200)	
resize()300]200_
window.move(250,150)	
move() (x,y)	
	ne[[Ul[[[[[
×0000000	
YDDDDDDD	



□4-11



```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtGui import QIcon
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QWidget , QApplication

#1 创建一个名为 Icon 的窗口类,继承自 QWidget 类
class Icon(QWidget):
    def __init__(self, parent = None):
        super(Icon, self).__init__(parent)
        self.initUI()

#2 初始化窗口
    def initUI(self):
        self.setGeometry(300, 300, 250, 150)
        self.setWindowTitle('程序图标')
        self.setWindowIcon(QIcon('./images/cartoon1.ico'))

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
```

```
icon = Icon()
icon.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



□4-12

$\square \square 2 \square \square$
y0000000000000000
$\verb $
Qlcon Qlcon
□□□□□from PyQt5.QtGui import Qlcon□

4.2.5

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QWidget, QToolTip , QApplication
from PyQt5.QtGui import QFont

class Winform(QWidget):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
        self.initUI()
```

```
def initUI(self):
    QToolTip.setFont(QFont('SansSerif', 10))
    self.setToolTip('这是一个<b>气泡提示</b>')
    self.setGeometry(200, 300, 400, 400)
    self.setWindowTitle('气泡提示 demo')

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    win = Winform ()
    win.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

0000000004-13000



□4-13



4.3 QLabel

 $QLabel \cite{Global decomposition} \cite{Global decompo$

```
QObject ----+

| QPaintDevice --|
| +---- QWidget
| +---- QFrame
| +---- QLabel
```

QlabeL_____4-2___

方 法	描述
setAlignment()	按固定值方式对齐文本:
	• Qt.AlignLeft, 水平方向靠左对齐
	• Qt.AlignRight, 水平方向靠右对齐
	• Qt.AlignCenter,水平方向居中对齐
	• Qt.AlignJustify, 水平方向调整间距两端对齐
	• Qt.AlignTop, 垂直方向靠上对齐
	• Qt.AlignBottom,垂直方向靠下对齐
	• Qt.AlignVCenter,垂直方向居中对齐
setIndent()	设置文本缩进值
setPixmap()	设置 QLabel 为一个 Pixmap 图片
text()	获得 QLabel 的文本内容
setText()	设置 QLabel 的文本内容
selectedText()	返回所选择的字符
setBuddy()	设置 QLabel 的助记符及 buddy (伙伴),即使用 QLabel 设置快捷键,会在快捷键后将焦
	点设置到其 buddy 上,这里用到了 QLabel 的交互控件功能。此外,buddy 可以是任何一
	个 Widget 控件。使用 setBuddy(QWidget *)设置,其 QLabel 必须是文本内容,并且使用
	"&"符号设置了助记符
setWordWrap()	设置是否允许换行

QLabel_____4-3___

□4-3

信 号	描述
linkActivated	当单击标签中嵌入的超链接,希望在新窗口中打开这个超链接时,setOpenExternalLinks
	特性必须设置为 true
linkHovered	当鼠标指针滑过标签中嵌入的超链接时,需要用槽函数与这个信号进行绑定

□□□□□□PyQ	:5/Chapter04/qt0406_QLabel.py\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	5[[
□□□□QLabel□□□		

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication, QLabel ,QWidget, QVBoxLayout
   from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt
   from PyQt5.QtGui import QPixmap ,QPalette
   import sys
   class WindowDemo(QWidget):
       def init (self):
          super(). init ()
          label1 = QLabel(self)
          label2 = QLabel(self)
          label3 = QLabel(self)
          label4 = QLabel(self)
          #1 初始化标签控件
          label1.setText("这是一个文本标签。")
          label1.setAutoFillBackground(True)
          palette = QPalette()
          palette.setColor(QPalette.Window,Qt.blue)
          label1.setPalette(palette)
          label1.setAlignment( Qt.AlignCenter)
          label2.setText("<a href='#'>欢迎使用 Python GUI 应用</a>")
          label3.setAlignment( Qt.AlignCenter)
          label3.setToolTip('这是一个图片标签')
          label3.setPixmap( QPixmap("./images/python.jpg"))
          label4.setText("<A href='http://www.cnblogs.com/wangshuo1/'>欢
迎访问信平的小屋</a>")
          label4.setAlignment( Qt.AlignRight)
          label4.setToolTip('这是一个超链接标签')
          #2 在窗口布局中添加控件
          vbox=QVBoxLayout()
          vbox.addWidget(label1)
          vbox.addStretch()
          vbox.addWidget(label2)
          vbox.addStretch()
```

```
vbox.addWidget( label3 )
         vbox.addStretch()
          vbox.addWidget( label4)
          #3 允许 label1 控件访问超链接
          label1.setOpenExternalLinks(True)
          # 打开允许访问超链接,默认是不允许,需要使用 setOpenExternalLinks(True)
允许浏览器访问超链接
         label4.setOpenExternalLinks( False )
          # 点击文本框绑定槽事件
         label4.linkActivated.connect( link clicked )
         # 滑过文本框绑定槽事件
         label2.linkHovered.connect( link hovered )
         label1.setTextInteractionFlags( Qt.TextSelectableByMouse )
         self.setLayout(vbox)
          self.setWindowTitle("QLabel 例子")
   def link hovered():
      print ("当鼠标滑过 label-2 标签时, 触发事件。")
   def link clicked():
      print ("当用鼠标点击 label-4 标签时, 触发事件。")
   if __name__ == "__main__":
      app = QApplication(sys.argv)
      win = WindowDemo()
      win.show()
      sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□4-14

label1.setAlignment(Qt.Alig	nCenter)	
	label4 🛮 🗎 🗎 🗎 🖺][[]label4 [
letOpenExternalLinks True	100000000000000000000000000000000000000][] URL[][[[
label4_linkHoveredlii	nk _clicked () $\square\square\square\square$	
label4=QLabel(self)		
label4.setOpenExternalLinks	s(True)	
label4.setText("		А
href='http://www.cnblogs.com/v	vangshuo1/'∏∏∏	іпппппппп/а

label4.linkActivated.connect(link_clicked)


```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
import sys
class QlabelDemo(QDialog):
   def init (self):
      super(). init ()
      self.setWindowTitle('QLabel 例子')
      nameLb1 = QLabel('&Name', self)
      nameEd1 = QLineEdit( self )
      nameLb1.setBuddy(nameEd1)
      nameLb2 = QLabel('&Password', self)
      nameEd2 = QLineEdit( self )
      nameLb2.setBuddy(nameEd2)
      btnOk = QPushButton('&OK')
      btnCancel = QPushButton('&Cancel')
      mainLayout = QGridLayout(self)
      mainLayout.addWidget(nameLb1,0,0)
```

```
mainLayout.addWidget(nameEd1,0,1,1,2)

mainLayout.addWidget(nameLb2,1,0)
mainLayout.addWidget(nameEd2,1,1,1,2)

mainLayout.addWidget(btnOk,2,1)
mainLayout.addWidget(btnCance1,2,2)

def link_hovered():
    print("当鼠标滑过 label-2 标签时,触发事件。")

def link_clicked():
    print("当用鼠标点击 label-4 标签时,触发事件。")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    labelDemo = QlabelDemo()
    labelDemo.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□4-15

4.4

4.4.1 QLineEdit

方 法	描述
setAlignment()	按固定值方式对齐文本:
	• Qt.AlignLeft,水平方向靠左对齐
	Qt.AlignRight, 水平方向靠右对齐
	• Qt.AlignCenter,水平方向居中对齐
	Qt.AlignJustify, 水平方向调整间距两端对齐
	• Qt.AlignTop, 垂直方向靠上对齐
	• Qt.AlignBottom,垂直方向靠下对齐
	• Qt.AlignVCenter,垂直方向居中对齐
clear()	清除文本框内容
setEchoMode()	设置文本框显示格式。允许输入的文本显示格式的值可以是:
	• QLineEdit.Normal,正常显示所输入的字符,此为默认选项
	• QLineEdit.NoEcho,不显示任何输入的字符,常用于密码类型的输入,且
	其密码长度需要保密时
	• QLineEdit.Password,显示与平台相关的密码掩码字符,而不是实际输入
	的字符
	• QLineEdit.PasswordEchoOnEdit,在编辑时显示字符,负责显示密码类型
	的输入
setPlaceholderText()	设置文本框浮显文字
setMaxLength()	设置文本框所允许输入的最大字符数
setReadOnly()	设置文本框为只读的
setText()	设置文本框内容
Text()	返回文本框内容
setDragEnabled()	设置文本框是否接受拖动
setMaxLength()	设置允许输入字符的最大长度
selectAll()	全选
setFocus()	得到焦点
setInputMask()	设置掩码
setValidator()	设置文本框的验证器(验证规则),将限制任意可能输入的文本。可用的校
	验器为:
	• QIntValidator,限制输入整数
	• QDoubleValidator,限制输入浮点数
	QRegexpValidator,检查输入是否符合正则表达式

字 符	含 义
A	ASCII 字母字符是必须输入的(A~Z、a~z)
a	ASCII 字母字符是允许输入的,但不是必需的
N	ASCII 字母字符是必须输入的(A~Z、a~z、0~9)
n	ASCII 字母字符是允许输入的,但不是必需的
X	任何字符都是必须输入的
х	任何字符都是允许输入的, 但不是必需的
9	ASCII 数字字符是必须输入的 (0~9)
0	ASCII 数字字符是允许输入的,但不是必需的
D	ASCII 数字字符是必须输入的 (1-9)
d	ASCII 数字字符是允许输入的,但不是必需的 (1~9)
#	ASCII 数字字符或加/减符号是允许输入的,但不是必需的
Н	十六进制格式字符是必须输入的(A~F、a~f、0~9)
h	十六进制格式字符是允许输入的,但不是必需的
В	二进制格式字符是必须输入的(0,1)
b	二进制格式字符是允许输入的,但不是必需的
>	所有的字母字符都大写
<	所有的字母字符都小写
!	关闭大小写转换
N .	使用"\"转义上面列出的字符

□4-6

掩 码	注意事项	
000.000.000.000;_	IP 地址,空白字符是"_"	
нн:нн:нн:нн:нн;	MAC 地址	
0000-00-00	日期,空白字符是空格	
>AAAAA-AAAAA-AAAAA-AAAAA;#	许可证号,空白字符是"-",所有字母字符转换为大写	

$QLineEdit $$\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square4-7\square\square$$

_4-7

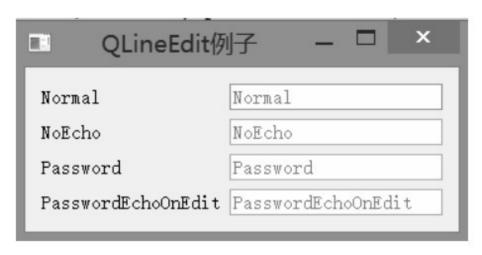
信号	描述	
selectionChanged	只要选择改变了,这个信号就会被发射	
textChanged	当修改文本内容时,这个信号会被发射	
editingFinished	当编辑文本结束时,这个信号会被发射	

□□4-9 EchoMode□□□□□

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication, QLineEdit , QWidget ,
QFormLayout
   import sys
   class lineEditDemo(QWidget):
       def init (self, parent=None):
           super(lineEditDemo, self). init (parent)
           self.setWindowTitle("QLineEdit 例子")
           flo = QFormLayout()
           pNormalLineEdit = QLineEdit()
           pNoEchoLineEdit = QLineEdit()
           pPasswordLineEdit = QLineEdit()
           pPasswordEchoOnEditLineEdit = QLineEdit()
           flo.addRow("Normal", pNormalLineEdit)
           flo.addRow("NoEcho", pNoEchoLineEdit)
           flo.addRow("Password", pPasswordLineEdit)
           flo.addRow("PasswordEchoOnEdit", pPasswordEchoOnEditLineEdit)
           pNormalLineEdit.setPlaceholderText("Normal")
           pNoEchoLineEdit.setPlaceholderText("NoEcho")
           pPasswordLineEdit.setPlaceholderText("Password")
           pPasswordEchoOnEditLineEdit.setPlaceholderText
    ("PasswordEchoOnEdit")
           # 设置显示效果
           pNormalLineEdit.setEchoMode(QLineEdit.Normal)
           pNoEchoLineEdit.setEchoMode(QLineEdit.NoEcho)
           pPasswordLineEdit.setEchoMode(QLineEdit.Password)
           pPasswordEchoOnEditLineEdit.setEchoMode
    (OLineEdit.PasswordEchoOnEdit)
           self.setLayout(flo)
   if name == " main ":
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
```

```
win = lineEditDemo()
win.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

0000000004-1600.



□4-16



```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication, QLineEdit , QWidget ,
QFormLayout
   from PyQt5.QtGui import QIntValidator ,QDoubleValidator ,
QRegExpValidator
   from PyQt5.QtCore import QRegExp
   import sys
   class lineEditDemo(QWidget):
       def init (self, parent=None):
           super(lineEditDemo, self). init (parent)
           self.setWindowTitle("QLineEdit 例子")
           flo = QFormLayout()
           pIntLineEdit = QLineEdit()
           pDoubleLineEdit = QLineEdit()
           pValidatorLineEdit = QLineEdit()
           flo.addRow("整型", pIntLineEdit)
           flo.addRow("浮点型", pDoubleLineEdit)
           flo.addRow("字母和数字", pValidatorLineEdit)
```

```
pIntLineEdit.setPlaceholderText("整型")
       pDoubleLineEdit.setPlaceholderText("浮点型")
       pValidatorLineEdit.setPlaceholderText("字母和数字")
       # 整型, 范围: [1, 99]
       pIntValidator = QIntValidator(self)
       pIntValidator.setRange(1, 99)
       # 浮点型, 范围: [-360, 360], 精度: 小数点后两位
       pDoubleValidator = QDoubleValidator(self)
       pDoubleValidator.setRange(-360, 360)
       pDoubleValidator.setNotation
(QDoubleValidator.StandardNotation)
       pDoubleValidator.setDecimals(2)
       # 字母和数字
       reg = QRegExp("[a-zA-Z0-9]+$")
       pValidator = QRegExpValidator(self)
       pValidator.setRegExp(reg)
       # 设置验证器
       pIntLineEdit.setValidator(pIntValidator)
       pDoubleLineEdit.setValidator(pDoubleValidator)
       pValidatorLineEdit.setValidator(pValidator)
       self.setLayout(flo)
if name == " main ":
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   win = lineEditDemo()
   win.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

■ QLineEdit例子 - □ ×				
整形	整形			
浮点型	浮点型			
字母和数字	字母和数字			

□4-17

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication, QLineEdit , QWidget ,
QFormLayout
   import sys
   class lineEditDemo(QWidget):
       def init (self, parent=None):
           super(lineEditDemo, self). init (parent)
           self.setWindowTitle("QLineEdit的输入掩码例子")
           flo = QFormLayout()
           pIPLineEdit = QLineEdit()
           pMACLineEdit = QLineEdit()
           pDateLineEdit = QLineEdit()
           pLicenseLineEdit = QLineEdit()
           pIPLineEdit.setInputMask("000.000.000.000; ")
           pMACLineEdit.setInputMask("HH:HH:HH:HH:HH:HH; ")
           pDateLineEdit.setInputMask("0000-00-00")
           pLicenseLineEdit.setInputMask(
   ">AAAAA-AAAAA-AAAAA-AAAAA; #")
           flo.addRow("数字掩码", pIPLineEdit)
           flo.addRow("Mac 掩码", pMACLineEdit)
           flo.addRow("日期掩码", pDateLineEdit)
           flo.addRow("许可证掩码", pLicenseLineEdit)
           self.setLayout(flo)
   if name == " main ":
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       win = lineEditDemo()
       win.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

■ QL	ineEdit的输入掩码例子	-	x
数字掩码 Mac掩码 日期掩码	::::		
许可证掩码	####-####-####		

□4-18

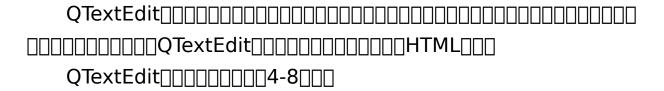

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication, QLineEdit , QWidget ,
QFormLayout
   from PyQt5.QtGui import QIntValidator , QDoubleValidator , QFont
   from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt
   import sys
    class lineEditDemo(QWidget):
       def init (self, parent=None):
           super(lineEditDemo, self). init (parent)
           e1 = QLineEdit()
           el.setValidator(QIntValidator())
           el.setMaxLength(4)
           el.setAlignment( Qt.AlignRight )
           el.setFont( QFont("Arial", 20))
           e2 = QLineEdit()
           e2.setValidator(QDoubleValidator(0.99,99.99,2))
           flo = QFormLayout()
           flo.addRow("integer validator", e1)
           flo.addRow("Double validator", e2)
           e3 = QLineEdit()
           e3.setInputMask('+99 9999 999999')
           flo.addRow("Input Mask",e3)
           e4 = QLineEdit()
           e4.textChanged.connect( self.textchanged )
           flo.addRow("Text changed",e4)
           e5 = QLineEdit()
```

```
e5.setEchoMode(QLineEdit.Password)
       flo.addRow("Password",e5)
       e6 = QLineEdit("Hello PyQt5")
       e6.setReadOnly(True)
       flo.addRow("Read Only",e6 )
       e5.editingFinished.connect( self.enterPress )
       self.setLayout(flo)
       self.setWindowTitle("QLineEdit 例子")
   def textchanged(self, text):
       print("输入的内容为:"+text)
   def enterPress( self ):
       print("已输入值")
if name _ == "__main__":
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   win = lineEditDemo()
   win.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

	QLineEdit例子	_ 🗆 ×
integer validator		123
Double validator	1234. 56	
Input Mask	+91_2222_333333	
Text changed	hello	
Password	•••••	
Read Only	Hell≎ PyQt5	

	QLineEdit
	010000e1000000000000000000000
	_3e3
	4textChangedtextChanged()
	🛮 5 🗎 🖟 🖟 🗎 🖟 🖟 🖟 🖟 🖟 🖟 🖟 🖺 🗎 🗎 🗎 🗎 🗎 🗎 🗎 🖺 🖺 🖺 🖺 🖺 🖺 🖺 🖺 🖺 🖺 🗎 🗎
editi	ingfinished
	06000e6000000000000000000

4.4.2 QTextEdit



□4-8

方 法	描述
setPlainText()	设置多行文本框的文本内容。
toPlainText()	返回多行文本框的文本内容。
setHtml()	设置多行文本框的内容为 HTML 文档, HTML 文档是描述网页的。
totHtml()	返回多行文本框的 HTML 文档内容。
clear()	清除多行文本框的内容

∐∐∐∐∐ PyQt5/Chapter04/	qt04_textEdit.py PyQt 5 [
QTextEdit	

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication, QWidget, QTextEdit,
QVBoxLayout , QPushButton
   import sys
    class TextEditDemo(QWidget):
       def init (self, parent=None):
           super(TextEditDemo, self). init (parent)
           self.setWindowTitle("QTextEdit 例子")
           self.resize(300, 270)
           self.textEdit = QTextEdit()
           self.btnPress1 = QPushButton("显示文本")
           self.btnPress2 = QPushButton("显示HTML")
           layout = QVBoxLayout()
           layout.addWidget(self.textEdit)
           layout.addWidget(self.btnPress1)
           layout.addWidget(self.btnPress2)
           self.setLayout(layout)
```

```
self.btnPress1.clicked.connect(self.btnPress1_Clicked)
self.btnPress2.clicked.connect(self.btnPress2_Clicked)

def btnPress1_Clicked(self):
    self.textEdit.setPlainText("Hello PyQt5!\n 单击按钮")

def btnPress2_Clicked(self):
    self.textEdit.setHtml("<font color='red' size='6'><red>Hello
PyQt5!\n 单击按钮。</font>")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    win = TextEditDemo()
    win.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```





□4-20

■ QTextEdit 例子 -	×
Hello PyQt5! 单击按钮	
显示文本	
显示HTML	

□4-21



□4-22

btnPress1_btnPress2 btnPress1 _ clicked
btn_btnPress1_Clicked()[
self.btnPress1.clicked.connect(self.btnPress1_Clicked)
btnPress1 clicked
btnPress_Clicked() [
btnPress2 QTextEdit textEdit

4.5

4.5.1 QAbstractButton

QAbstractButton
QAbstractButton[][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][]
QPushButton QToolButton QRadioButton
QCheckBox
QAbstractButton[][][][]4-9[][]

□4-9

状 态	含 义
isDown()	提示按钮是否被按下
isChecked()	提示按钮是否已经标记
isEnable()	提示按钮是否可以被用户点击
isCheckAble()	提示按钮是否为可标记的
setAutoRepeat()	设置按钮是否在用户长按时可以自动重复执行

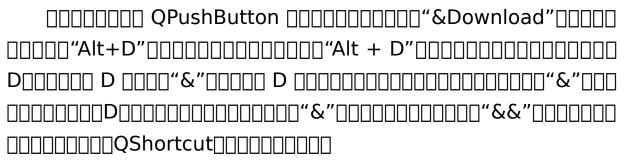
□4-10

信号	含 义
Pressed	当鼠标指针在按钮上并按下左键时触发该信号
Released	当鼠标左键被释放时触发该信号
Clicked	当鼠标左键被按下然后释放时,或者快捷键被释放时触发该信号
Toggled	当按钮的标记状态发生改变时触发该信号

4.5.2 QPushButton

QPushButton[][] QAbstractButton[][][][][][][][][][][[][][][][
"00""00""0""0"0000
1.QPushButton
QPushButton4-11

方 法	描述
setCheckable()	设置按钮是否已经被选中,如果设置为True,则表示按钮将保持已点击和释放状态
toggle()	在按钮状态之间进行切换
setIcon()	设置按钮上的图标
setEnabled()	设置按钮是否可以使用,当设置为 False 时,按钮变成不可用状态,点击它不会发射信号
isChecked()	返回按钮的状态。返回值为 True 或 False
setDefault()	设置按钮的默认状态
setText()	设置按钮的显示文本
text()	返回按钮的显示文本



self.button=QPushButton("&Download")
self.button.setDefault(True)



[4-23

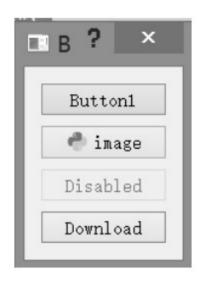
□□**4-14 QPushButton**□□□□

PyQt5/Chapter04/qt0408_	_QButton.py[[[[[PyQt 5[
QPushButton	

import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *

```
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
class Form (QDialog):
   def init (self, parent=None):
       super(Form, self). init (parent)
       layout = QVBoxLayout()
       self.btn1 = QPushButton("Button1")
       self.btn1.setCheckable(True)
       self.btn1.toggle()
       self.btn1.clicked.connect(lambda:self.whichbtn(self.btn1) )
       self.btn1.clicked.connect(self.btnstate)
       layout.addWidget(self.btn1)
       self.btn2 = QPushButton('image')
       self.btn2.setIcon(QIcon(QPixmap("./images/python.png")))
       self.btn2.clicked.connect(lambda:self.whichbtn(self.btn2) )
       layout.addWidget(self.btn2)
       self.setLayout(layout)
       self.btn3 = QPushButton("Disabled")
       self.btn3.setEnabled(False)
       layout.addWidget(self.btn3)
       self.btn4= QPushButton("&Download")
       self.btn4.setDefault(True)
        self.btn4.clicked.connect(lambda:self.whichbtn(self.btn4))
       layout.addWidget(self.btn4)
       self.setWindowTitle("Button demo")
   def btnstate(self):
       if self.btnl.isChecked():
           print("button pressed" )
       else:
           print("button released" )
   def whichbtn(self,btn):
       print("clicked button is " + btn.text() )
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
```

```
btnDemo = Form()
btnDemo.show()
sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□4-24

btn1_btn2_btn3_btn4QPushButton
clicked
1 btn1 toggle()
self.btn1=QPushButton("Button1")
self.btn1.setCheckable(True)
self.btn1.toggle()
$\verb $
self.btn1.clicked.connect(self.btnstate)
lambdabtn1clicked
whichbtn()

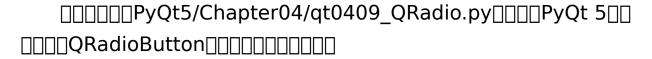


□4-12

方 法	描述		
setCheckable()	设置按钮是否已经被选中,可以改变单选钮的选中状态,如果设置为 True,则表		
	示单选钮将保持已点击和释放状态		
isChecked()	返回单选钮的状态。返回值为 True 或 False		
setText()	设置单选钮的显示文本		
text()	返回单选钮的显示文本		



□□**4-15 QRadioButton**□□□□



```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
class Radiodemo (QWidget):
   def init (self, parent=None):
       super(Radiodemo, self).__init (parent)
       layout = QHBoxLayout()
       self.btn1 = QRadioButton("Button1")
       self.btn1.setChecked(True)
       self.btn1.toggled.connect(lambda:self.btnstate(self.btn1))
       layout.addWidget(self.btn1)
       self.btn2 = QRadioButton("Button2")
       self.btn2.toggled.connect(lambda:self.btnstate(self.btn2))
       layout.addWidget(self.btn2)
       self.setLayout(layout)
       self.setWindowTitle("RadioButton demo")
   def btnstate(self,btn):
       if btn.text() == "Button1":
           if btn.isChecked() == True:
               print( btn.text() + " is selected" )
           else:
               print( btn.text() + " is deselected" )
       if btn.text() == "Button2":
           if btn.isChecked() == True :
               print( btn.text() + " is selected" )
           else:
               print( btn.text() + " is deselected" )
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   radioDemo = Radiodemo()
   radioDemo.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec())
```

0000000004-25000



<u> </u>4-25

01000 btn100000000
self.btn1.setChecked(True)
toggle
btnstate()[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[
self.btn1.toggled.connect(lambda:self.btnstate(self.btn
1))
self.btn2.toggled.connect(lambda:self.btnstate(self.btn
2))
toggled btnstate()

4.5.4 QCheckBox

$QCheckBox \square \square \square \square QAbstractButton \square \square$
QPushButton
setText()
QCheckBox[[[[[[[]]]]]] QRadioButton[[[[[[[]]]][[[[[]]]][[[[[]]][[[[]]][[[[]]][[[[

QCheckBox
stateChanged
isChecked()
QCheckBox
setTristate()checkState()
QCheckBox[][][][][][4-13[][]

□4-13

方 法	描述		
setChecked()	设置复选框的状态,设置为 True 时表示选中复选框,设置为 False 时表示取消选中复选框		
setText()	设置复选框的显示文本		
text()	返回复选框的显示文本		
isChecked()	检查复选框是否被选中		
setTriState()	设置复选框为一个三态复选框		

□4-14

名 称	值	含 义
Qt.Checked	2	组件没有被选中 (默认值)
Qt.PartiallyChecked	1	组件被半选中
Qt.Unchecked	0	组件被选中

	PyQt5/Chapter04/qt0410	_QCheckbox.py[][][PyQt
5□□[]QCheckBox	

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt

class CheckBoxDemo(QWidget):

    def __init__(self, parent=None):
        super(CheckBoxDemo , self).__init__(parent)

        groupBox = QGroupBox("Checkboxes")
        groupBox.setFlat(True)

        layout = QHBoxLayout()
        self.checkBox1= QCheckBox("&Checkbox1")
        self.checkBox1.setChecked(True)
        self.checkBox1.stateChanged.connect( lambda:self.btnstate
(self.checkBox1) )
```

```
layout.addWidget(self.checkBox1)
           self.checkBox2 = QCheckBox("Checkbox2")
           self.checkBox2.toggled.connect( lambda:self.btnstate
(self.checkBox2) )
           layout.addWidget(self.checkBox2)
           self.checkBox3 = QCheckBox("Checkbox3")
           self.checkBox3.setTristate(True)
           self.checkBox3.setCheckState(Qt.PartiallyChecked)
           self.checkBox3.stateChanged.connect( lambda:self.btnstate
(self.checkBox3) )
           layout.addWidget(self.checkBox3)
           groupBox.setLayout(layout)
           mainLayout = QVBoxLayout()
           mainLayout.addWidget(groupBox)
           self.setLayout(mainLayout)
           self.setWindowTitle("CheckBox demo")
       def btnstate(self,btn ):
           chk1Status = self.checkBox1.text()+", isChecked="+
str( self.checkBox1.isChecked() ) + ', checkState=' +
str(self.checkBox1.checkState())
                                 +"\n"
           chk2Status = self.checkBox2.text()+", isChecked="+
str( self.checkBox2.isChecked() ) + ', checkState=' +
str(self.checkBox2.checkState()) +"\n"
           chk3Status = self.checkBox3.text()+", isChecked="+
str( self.checkBox3.isChecked() ) + ', checkState=' +
str(self.checkBox3.checkState()) +"\n"
           print(chk1Status + chk2Status + chk3Status )
    if name == ' main ':
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       checkboxDemo = CheckBoxDemo()
       checkboxDemo.show()
        sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□4-26

□4-15

控件类型	控件名称	显示的文本	功能
QCheckBox	checkBox1	Checkbox1	两种状态选择
QCheckBox	checkBox2	Checkbox2	两种状态选择
QCheckBox	checkBox3	tristateBox	三种状态选择

```
self.checkBox1=QCheckBox("&Checkbox1")
    self.checkBox1.setChecked(True)
    self.checkBox2=QCheckBox("Checkbox2")
  nnnnisChecked()nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn
     chk1Status=self.checkBox1.text()+",isChecked="+
    str( self.checkBox1.isChecked() ) + ',checkState=' +
    str(self.checkBox1.checkState()) +"\n"
  self.checkBox3=QCheckBox("Checkbox3")
    self.checkBox3.setTristate(True)
    self.checkBox3.setCheckState(Qt.PartiallyChecked)
    self.checkBox3.stateChanged.connect(
 lambda:self.btnstate(self.checkB ox3))
```

QComboBox]	
QComboBox∏∏∏	100004-1600	П			

方 法	描述
addItem()	添加一个下拉选项
addItems()	从列表中添加下拉选项
Clear()	删除下拉选项集合中的所有选项
count()	返回下拉选项集合中的数目
currentText()	返回选中选项的文本
itemText(i)	获取索引为 i 的 item 的选项文本
currentIndex()	返回选中项的索引
setItemText(int index,text)	改变序号为 index 项的文本

$QComboBox \verb|||||||||||4-17|||||$

□4-17

信号	含 义
Activated	当用户选中一个下拉选项时发射该信号
currentIndexChanged	当下拉选项的索引发生改变时发射该信号
highlighted	当选中一个已经选中的下拉选项时,发射该信号


```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *

class ComboxDemo(QWidget):
```

```
def init (self, parent=None):
           super(ComboxDemo, self). init (parent)
           self.setWindowTitle("ComBox 例子")
           self.resize(300, 90)
           layout = QVBoxLayout()
           self.lbl = QLabel("" )
           self.cb = QComboBox()
           self.cb.addItem("C")
           self.cb.addItem("C++")
           self.cb.addItems(["Java", "C#", "Python"])
           self.cb.currentIndexChanged.connect(self.selectionchange)
           layout.addWidget(self.cb)
           layout.addWidget(self.lbl )
           self.setLayout(layout)
       def selectionchange(self,i):
           self.lbl.setText( self.cb.currentText() )
           print( "Items in the list are :" )
           for count in range(self.cb.count()):
               print( 'item'+str(count) + '='+ self.cb.itemText(count) )
               print( "Current index",i, "selection changed
",self.cb.currentText() )
   if name == ' main ':
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       comboxDemo = ComboxDemo()
       comboxDemo.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□4-27

```
QComboBox addItem() addItems() addItems() self.cb=QComboBox() self.cb.addItem("C") self.cb.addItems(["Java","C#","Python"]) self.cb.addItems(["Java","C#","Python"]) self.cb.addItems(["Java","C#","Python"]) self.cb.currentIndexChanged connect(self.selectionchange) def selectionchange(self,i): self.lbl.setText(self.cb.currentText())
```

4.7 QSpinBox

QSpinBox [][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][]		
QSpinBox [] QDoubleSpinBox [][][] QAbstractSpinBox		
QSpinBox QDoubleSpinBox		
setDecimals()□□□□	_42648.69626%	
QSpinBox[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[
□4-18		
方 法	描述	
setMinimum()	设置计数器的下界	
setMaximum()	设置计数器的上界	
setMaximum() setRange()	设置计数器的上界 设置计数器的最大值、最小值和步长值	
Secretary Control Cont		
setRange()	设置计数器的最大值、最小值和步长值	
setRange() setValue()	设置计数器的最大值、最小值和步长值 设置计数器的当前值	
setRange() setValue() Value() singleStep()	设置计数器的最大值、最小值和步长值 设置计数器的当前值 返回计数器的当前值	
setRange() setValue() Value() singleStep()	设置计数器的最大值、最小值和步长值 设置计数器的当前值 返回计数器的当前值 设置计数器的步长值 inBox□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□	
setRange() setValue() Value() singleStep() Under the set Value ()	设置计数器的最大值、最小值和步长值 设置计数器的当前值 返回计数器的当前值 设置计数器的步长值 inBox□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□	

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
class spindemo(QWidget):
   def init (self, parent=None):
       super(spindemo, self). init (parent)
       self.setWindowTitle("SpinBox 例子")
       self.resize(300, 100)
       layout = QVBoxLayout()
       self.l1=QLabel("current value:")
       self.l1.setAlignment(Qt.AlignCenter)
       layout.addWidget(self.l1)
       self.sp = QSpinBox()
       layout.addWidget(self.sp)
       self.sp.valueChanged.connect(self.valuechange)
       self.setLayout(layout)
   def valuechange(self):
       self.l1.setText("current value:" + str(self.sp.value()) )
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   ex = spindemo()
   ex.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



□4-28

4.8 QSlider□□□□□

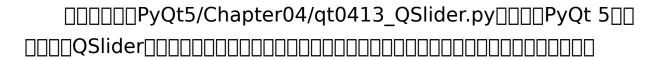
 $QSlider \begin{tabular}{l} QSlider \begin{tabu$

方 法	描述	
setMinimum()	设置滑动条控件的最小值	
setMaximum()	设置滑动条控件的最大值	
setSingleStep()	设置滑动条控件递增/递减的步长值	
setValue()	设置滑动条控件的值	
value()	获得滑动条控件的值	
setTickInterval()	设置刻度间隔	
setTickPosition()	设置刻度标记的位置,可以输入一个枚举值,这个枚举值指定刻度线相对于	
	滑块和用户操作的位置。以下是可以输入的枚举值:	
	• QSlider.NoTicks,不绘制任何刻度线	
	• QSlider.TicksBothSides,在滑块的两侧绘制刻度线	
	• QSlider.TicksAbove,在(水平)滑块上方绘制刻度线	
	• QSlider.TicksBelow,在(水平)滑块下方绘制刻度线	
	• QSlider.TicksLeft,在(垂直)滑块左侧绘制刻度线	
	• QSlider.TicksRight,在(垂直)滑块右侧绘制刻度线	

QSlider____4-20___

□4-20

信号	描述
valueChanged	当滑块的值发生改变时发射此信号。此信号是最常用的
sliderPressed	当用户按下滑块时发射此信号
sliderMoved	当用户拖动滑块时发射此信号
sliderReleased	当用户释放滑块时发射此信号



```
class SliderDemo (QWidget):
   def __init__(self, parent=None):
       super(SliderDemo, self). init (parent)
       self.setWindowTitle("QSlider 例子")
       self.resize(300, 100)
       layout = QVBoxLayout()
       self.l1 = QLabel("Hello PyQt5")
       self.l1.setAlignment(Qt.AlignCenter)
       layout.addWidget(self.l1)
       # 水平方向
       self.sl = QSlider(Qt.Horizontal)
       # 设置最小值
       self.sl.setMinimum(10)
       # 设置最大值
       self.sl.setMaximum(50)
       # 步长
       self.sl.setSingleStep( 3 )
       # 设置当前值
       self.sl.setValue(20)
       # 刻度位置,刻度在下方
       self.sl.setTickPosition(QSlider.TicksBelow)
       # 设置刻度间隔
       self.sl.setTickInterval(5)
       layout.addWidget(self.sl)
```

```
# 连接信号槽
self.sl.valueChanged.connect(self.valuechange)
self.setLayout(layout)

def valuechange(self):
    print('current slider value=%s' % self.sl.value() )
    size = self.sl.value()
    self.ll.setFont(QFont("Arial",size))

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    demo = SliderDemo()
    demo.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



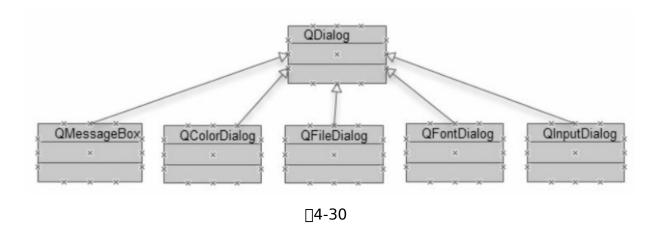
□4-29

<pre> setTickInterval(5) </pre>	10
]=(,)/ + 1
(50-10)/5 + 1=9 <u></u>	
# 0000	
self.sl.setMinimum(10)	
# 0000	
self.sl.setMaximum(50)	
# 00000	
self.sl.setTickInterval(5)	

4.9

4.9.1 QDialog

Windows_Linux
00000000000000000000PyQt 500000000000000000000
QDialogQMessageBox_QFileDialog_QFontDialog_
QInputDialog
QDialog4-30



 $QDialog \verb||||||||||4-21|||||$

□4-21

方 法	描述	
setWindowTitle()	设置对话框标题	
setWindowModality()	设置窗口模态。取值如下:	
	• Qt.NonModal,非模态,可以和程序的其他窗口交互	
	• Qt.WindowModal,窗口模态,程序在未处理完当前对话框时,将阻止和对话框	
	的父窗口进行交互	
	• Qt.ApplicationModal,应用程序模态,阻止和任何其他窗口进行交互	

□□□□□PyQt5/Chapter04/qt0416_Dialog.py□□□PyQt 5□□□
□□□QDialog□□□□□□□□

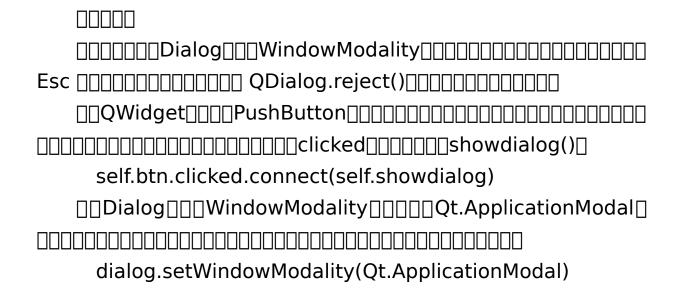
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *

```
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
class DialogDemo ( QMainWindow ):
   def init (self, parent=None):
       super(DialogDemo, self). init (parent)
       self.setWindowTitle("Dialog 例子")
       self.resize(350,300)
       self.btn = QPushButton( self)
       self.btn.setText("弹出对话框")
       self.btn.move(50,50)
       self.btn.clicked.connect(self.showdialog)
   def showdialog(self):
       dialog = QDialog()
       btn = QPushButton("ok", dialog )
       btn.move(50,50)
       dialog.setWindowTitle("Dialog")
       dialog.setWindowModality(Qt.ApplicationModal)
       dialog.exec ()
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   demo = DialogDemo()
   demo.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

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□4-31



4.9.2 QMessageBox

QMessageBox
QMessageBox
QMessageBox
QMessageBox

□4-22

方 法	描述
information(QWidget parent,title, text, buttons,	弹出消息对话框,各参数解释如下:
defaultButton)	• parent,指定的父窗口控件
	• title,对话框标题
	• text,对话框文本
	• buttons: 多个标准按钮,默认为 OK 按钮
	• defaultButton:默认选中的标准按钮,默认是第一个标准按钮
question(QWidget parent,title, text, buttons, defaultButton)	弹出问答对话框 (各参数解释同上)
warning(QWidget parent,title, text, buttons, defaultButton)	弹出警告对话框 (各参数解释同上)
ctitical(QWidget parent,title, text, buttons, defaultButton)	弹出严重错误对话框 (各参数解释同上)
about(QWidget parent,title, text)	弹出关于对话框(各参数解释同上)
setTitle()	设置标题
setText()	设置消息正文
setIcon()	设置弹出对话框的图片

QMessageBox

<u> </u>4-23

类 型	描述
QMessage.Ok	同意操作
QMessage.Cancel	取消操作
QMessage.Yes	同意操作
QMessage.No	取消操作
QMessage.Abort	终止操作
QMessage.Retry	重试操作
QMessage.Ignore	忽略操作

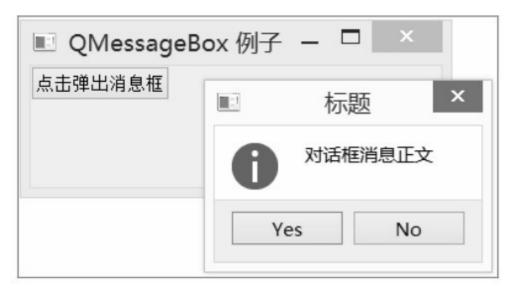
5____4-24___



□□4-21 QMessageBox□□□

```
import sys
   from PyQt5.QtCore import *
   from PyQt5.QtGui import *
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
   class MyWindow ( QWidget):
       def init (self):
           super(MyWindow, self). init ()
           self.setWindowTitle("QMessageBox 例子")
           self.resize(300, 100)
           self.myButton = QPushButton(self)
           self.myButton.setText("点击弹出消息框")
           self.myButton.clicked.connect(self.msg)
       def msq(self):
           # 使用 infomation 信息框
           reply = QMessageBox.information(self, "标题", "消息正文",
QMessageBox.Yes | QMessageBox.No , QMessageBox.Yes )
           print( reply )
   if name == ' main ':
       app= QApplication(sys.argv)
       myshow=MyWindow()
       myshow.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

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□4-32

4.9.3 QInputDialog

_4-25

方 法	描述
getInt()	从控件中获得标准整数输入
getDouble()	从控件中获得标准浮点数输入
getText()	从控件中获得标准字符串输入
getItem()	从控件中获得列表里的选项输入

□□**4-22 QInputDialog**□□□

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *

class InputdialogDemo(QWidget):
    def __init__(self, parent=None):
        super(InputdialogDemo, self).__init__(parent)
        layout = QFormLayout()
        self.btn1 = QPushButton("获得列表里的选项")
        self.btn1.clicked.connect(self.getItem)
        self.le1 = QLineEdit()
        layout.addRow(self.btn1,self.le1)

        self.btn2 = QPushButton("获得字符串")
        self.btn2.clicked.connect(self.getIext)
        self.le2 = QLineEdit()
```

```
layout.addRow(self.btn2,self.le2)
           self.btn3 = QPushButton("获得整数")
           self.btn3.clicked.connect(self.getInt)
           self.le3 = QLineEdit()
           layout.addRow(self.btn3, self.le3)
           self.setLayout(layout)
           self.setWindowTitle("Input Dialog 例子")
       def getItem(self):
           items = ("C", "C++", "Java", "Python")
           item, ok = QInputDialog.getItem(self, "select input dialog",
           "语言列表", items, 0, False)
           if ok and item:
               self.le1.setText(item)
       def getIext(self):
           text, ok = QInputDialog.getText(self, 'Text Input Dialog', '输
入姓名:')
           if ok:
               self.le2.setText(str(text))
       def getInt(self):
           num,ok=QInputDialog.getInt(self,"integer input dualog","输入数
字")
           if ok:
               self.le3.setText(str(num))
   if name == ' main ':
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       demo = InputdialogDemo()
       demo.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec_())
```





□4-34



□4-35



□4-36

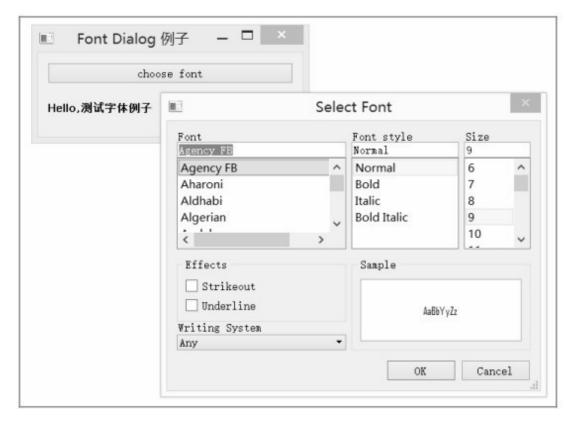
QFormLayout
self.btn1.clicked.connect(self.getItem)
self.btn2.clicked.connect(self.gettext)
self.btn3.clicked.connect(self.getint)
<pre></pre>
QCombox
def getItem(self):
items=("C","C++","Java","Python")
item,ok=QInputDialog.getItem(self,"select input
dialog",
"[][][]",items,0,False)
if ok and item:
self.le1.setText(item)
QInputDialogQSpinBox

4.9.4 QFontDialog

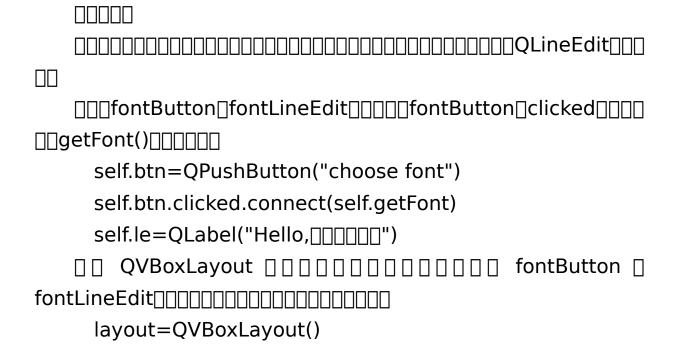
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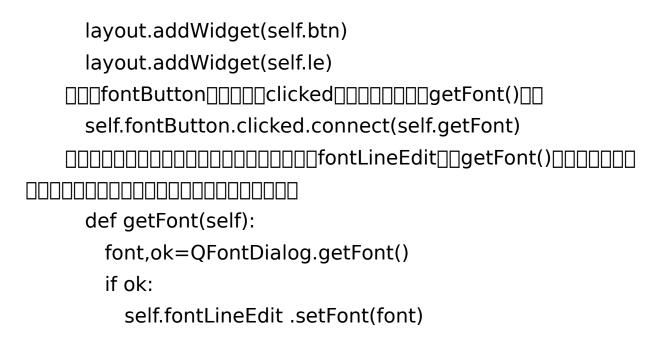
□□4-23 QFontDialog□□□

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
class FontDialogDemo(QWidget):
   def init (self, parent=None):
       super(FontDialogDemo, self). init (parent)
       layout = QVBoxLayout()
       self.fontButton = QPushButton("choose font")
       self.fontButton .clicked.connect(self.getFont)
       layout.addWidget(self.fontButton )
       self.fontLineEdit = QLabel("Hello,测试字体例子")
       layout.addWidget(self.fontLineEdit )
       self.setLayout(layout)
       self.setWindowTitle("Font Dialog 例子")
    def getFont(self):
       font, ok = QFontDialog.getFont()
       if ok:
           self.fontLineEdit .setFont(font)
if name == ' main ':
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   demo = FontDialogDemo()
    demo.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

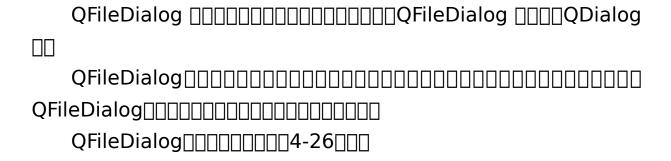


□4-37





4.9.5 QFileDialog



□4-26

方 法	描述
getOpenFileName()	返回用户所选择文件的名称,并打开该文件
getSaveFileName()	使用用户选择的文件名并保存文件

方 法	描述
setFileMode()	可以选择的文件类型,枚举常量是:
	• QFileDialog.AnyFile,任何文件
	QFileDialog.ExistingFile,已存在的文件
	• QFileDialog.Directory,文件目录
	QFileDialog.ExistingFiles,已经存在的多个文件
setFilter()	设置过滤器,只显示过滤器允许的文件类型

```
import sys
   from PyQt5.QtCore import *
   from PyQt5.QtGui import *
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
   class filedialogdemo(QWidget):
       def init (self, parent=None):
           super(filedialogdemo, self). init (parent)
           layout = QVBoxLayout()
           self.btn = QPushButton("加载图片")
           self.btn.clicked.connect(self.getfile)
           layout.addWidget(self.btn)
           self.le = QLabel("")
           layout.addWidget(self.le)
           self.btn1 = QPushButton("加载文本文件")
           self.btn1.clicked.connect(self.getfiles)
           layout.addWidget(self.btn1)
           self.contents = QTextEdit()
           layout.addWidget(self.contents)
           self.setLayout(layout)
           self.setWindowTitle("File Dialog 例子")
       def getfile(self):
           fname, = QFileDialog.getOpenFileName(self, 'Open file',
'c:\\',"Image files (*.jpg *.gif)")
           self.le.setPixmap(QPixmap(fname))
       def getfiles(self):
```

```
dlg = QFileDialog()
  dlg.setFileMode(QFileDialog.AnyFile)
  dlg.setFilter( QDir.Files )

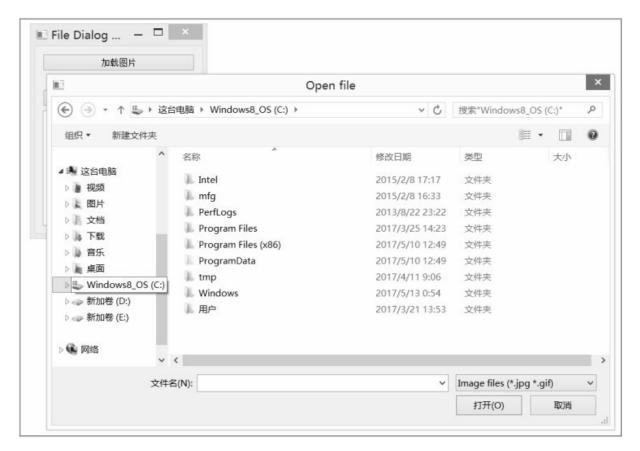
if dlg.exec_():
    filenames= dlg.selectedFiles()
    f = open(filenames[0], 'r')

    with f:
        data = f.read()
        self.contents.setText(data)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    ex = filedialogdemo()
    ex.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



□4-38



□4-39



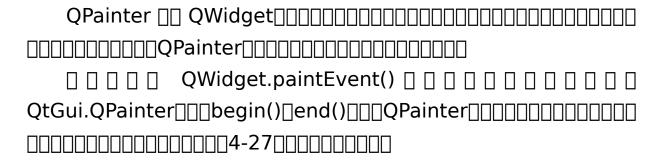
```
nnnnnQLabelnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn
∏QTextEdit∏∏∏
  On OpileDialog.getOpenFileNam()
fname, =QFileDialog.getOpenFileName(self,'Open
 file','c:\\',"Image files (*.jpg *.gif)")
   self.le.setPixmap(QPixmap(fname))
  \squareQFileDialog.getOpenFileNam()\square\square\square
  ● ☐☐☐☐☐QFileDialog☐☐☐☐☐☐
  def getfiles(self):
    dlg=QFileDialog()
    dlg.setFileMode(QFileDialog.AnyFile)
    dlg.setFilter(QDir.Files)
    if dlg.exec ():
     filenames=dlg.selectedFiles()
     f=open(filenames[0],'r')
     with f:
```

data=f.read()
self.contents.setText(data)

4.10



4.10.1 QPainter



□4-27

方 法	描述
begin()	开始在目标设备上绘制
drawArc()	在起始角度和最终角度之间画弧
drawEllipse()	在一个矩形内画一个椭圆

方 法	描述			
drawLine(int x1, int y1, int x2, int y2)	绘制一条指定了端点坐标的线。绘制从(x1, y1)到(x2, y2)的直线并且			
	设置当前画笔位置为(x2, y2)			
drawPixmap()	从图像文件中提取 Pixmap 并将其显示在指定的位置			
drwaPolygon()	使用坐标数组绘制多边形			
drawRect(int x, int y, int w, int h)	以给定的宽度 w 和高度 h 从左上角坐标(x, y)绘制一个矩形			
drawText()	显示给定坐标处的文字			
fillRect()	使用 QColor 参数填充矩形			
setBrush()	设置画笔风格			
setPen()	设置用于绘制的笔的颜色、大小和样式			

□4-28

枚举类型	描述
Qt.NoPen	没有线。比如 QPainter.drawRect()填充,但没有绘制任何边界线
Qt.SolidLine	一条简单的线
Qt.DashLine	由一些像素分隔的短线
Qt.DotLine	由一些像素分隔的点
Qt.DashDotLine	轮流交替的点和短线
Qt.DashDotDotLine	一条短线、两个点
Qt.MPenStyle	画笔风格的掩码

X -≅ Pen Styles				· 🗆 🗙
	setWidth(0)	setWidth(2)	setWidth(3)	setWidth(4)
NoPen				
SolidLine				
DashLine				
DotLine				•••••
DashDotLine				
DashDotDotLine				

□4-41

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication ,QWidget
```

```
from PyQt5.QtGui import QPainter ,QColor ,QFont
from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt
class Drawing (QWidget):
   def init (self,parent=None):
       super(Drawing, self). init (parent)
       self.setWindowTitle("在窗口中绘制文字")
       self.resize(300, 200)
       self.text = '欢迎学习 PyQt5'
   def paintEvent(self, event):
       painter = QPainter(self)
       painter.begin(self)
       # 自定义绘制方法
       self.drawText(event, painter)
       painter.end()
   def drawText(self, event, qp):
       # 设置画笔的颜色
       qp.setPen( QColor(168, 34, 3) )
       # 设置字体
       qp.setFont( QFont('SimSun', 20))
       # 绘制文字
       qp.drawText(event.rect(), Qt.AlignCenter, self.text)
if name == " main ":
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   demo = Drawing()
   demo.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



□4-42

```
class Winform(QWidget):

def __init__(self,parent=None):

.....
self.text = '欢迎学习 PyQt5'
```

```
def paintEvent(self,event):
    painter = QPainter(self)
    painter.begin(self)
    # 自定义绘制方法
    self.drawText(event, painter)
    painter.end()
```

```
def drawText(self, event, qp):
# 设置笔的颜色

qp.setPen( QColor(168, 34, 3) )
# 设置字体

qp.setFont( QFont('SimSun', 20))
# 绘制文字

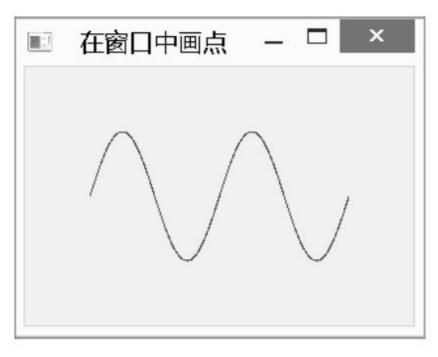
qp.drawText(event.rect(), Qt.AlignCenter, self.text)
```

QPainter
QPainter

```
import sys, math
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt

class Drawing(QWidget):
    def __init__(self, parent=None):
        super(Drawing, self).__init__(parent)
```

```
self.resize(300, 200)
           self.setWindowTitle("在窗口中画点")
       def paintEvent(self, event):
           # 初始化绘图工具
           qp = QPainter()
           # 开始在窗口中绘制
           qp.begin(self)
           # 自定义画点方法
           self.drawPoints(qp)
           # 结束在窗口中绘制
           qp.end()
       def drawPoints(self, qp):
           qp.setPen(Qt.red)
           size = self.size()
           for i in range(1000):
               # 绘制正弦函数图形, 它的周期是[-100, 100]
               x = 100 * (-1+2.0*i/1000) + size.width()/2.0
               y = -50 * math.sin((x - size.width()/2.0) * math.pi/50) +
size.height()/2.0
               qp.drawPoint(x, y)
   if name == ' main ':
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       demo = Drawing()
       demo.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



□4-43

qp.drawPoint(x,y)

4.10.2 QPen

	QPen[][][
ППГ	ΙΠΠ				

□□4-27 QPen□□

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt

class Drawing(QWidget):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
        self.initUI()
```

```
def initUI(self):
       self.setGeometry(300, 300, 280, 270)
       self.setWindowTitle('钢笔样式例子')
   def paintEvent(self, e):
       qp = QPainter()
       qp.begin(self)
       self.drawLines(qp)
       qp.end()
   def drawLines(self, qp):
       pen = QPen(Qt.black, 2, Qt.SolidLine)
       qp.setPen(pen)
       qp.drawLine(20, 40, 250, 40)
       pen.setStyle(Qt.DashLine)
       qp.setPen(pen)
       qp.drawLine(20, 80, 250, 80)
       pen.setStyle(Qt.DashDotLine)
       qp.setPen(pen)
       qp.drawLine(20, 120, 250, 120)
       pen.setStyle(Qt.DotLine)
       qp.setPen(pen)
       qp.drawLine(20, 160, 250, 160)
       pen.setStyle(Qt.DashDotDotLine)
       qp.setPen(pen)
       qp.drawLine(20, 200, 250, 200)
       pen.setStyle(Qt.CustomDashLine)
       pen.setDashPattern([1, 4, 5, 4])
       qp.setPen(pen)
       qp.drawLine(20, 240, 250, 240)
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   demo = Drawing()
```

```
demo.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



||4-44||

pen=QPen(Qt.black,2,Qt.SolidLine)

pen.setStyle(Qt.CustomDashLine)

pen.setDashPattern([1,4,5,4])
qp.setPen(pen)
qp.drawLine(20,240,250,240)

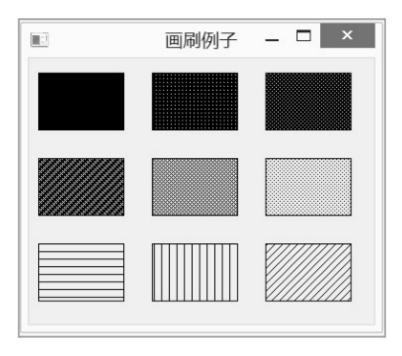
4.10.3 QBrush

QBrushQBrushQBrush
<u>□</u> □4-28 QBrush□□□
QBrush

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt
class Drawing (QWidget):
   def init (self):
       super(). init ()
       self.initUI()
   def initUI(self):
       self.setGeometry(300, 300, 365, 280)
       self.setWindowTitle('画刷例子')
       self.show()
   def paintEvent(self, e):
       qp = QPainter()
       qp.begin(self)
       self.drawLines(qp)
       qp.end()
   def drawLines(self, qp):
       brush = QBrush(Qt.SolidPattern)
       qp.setBrush(brush)
       qp.drawRect(10, 15, 90, 60)
       brush = QBrush(Qt.DenselPattern)
       qp.setBrush(brush)
       qp.drawRect(130, 15, 90, 60)
       brush = QBrush(Qt.Dense2Pattern)
       qp.setBrush (brush)
       qp.drawRect(250, 15, 90, 60)
       brush = QBrush(Qt.Dense3Pattern)
       qp.setBrush (brush)
       qp.drawRect(10, 105, 90, 60)
```

```
brush = QBrush(Qt.DiagCrossPattern)
        qp.setBrush (brush)
        qp.drawRect(10, 105, 90, 60)
       brush = QBrush(Qt.Dense5Pattern)
        qp.setBrush(brush)
        qp.drawRect(130, 105, 90, 60)
       brush = QBrush(Qt.Dense6Pattern)
       qp.setBrush(brush)
        qp.drawRect(250, 105, 90, 60)
       brush = QBrush(Qt.HorPattern)
        qp.setBrush(brush)
        qp.drawRect(10, 195, 90, 60)
       brush = QBrush(Qt.VerPattern)
        qp.setBrush(brush)
       qp.drawRect(130, 195, 90, 60)
       brush = QBrush(Qt.BDiagPattern)
       qp.setBrush(brush)
        qp.drawRect(250, 195, 90, 60)
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   demo = Drawing()
   demo.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

```
0000000004-45000
```



<u>|</u>4-45

QBrush QPainter QBrush
drawRect()
brush=QBrush(Qt.SolidPattern)
qp.setBrush(brush)
qp.drawRect(10,15,90,60)

4.10.4 **QPixmap**

QPixmapQPaintDevice
QPixmap [][[][[][][]] BMP[[GIF[]]PG[]PEG[]PNG[]PBM[
PGM_PPM_XBM_XPM
QPixmap4-29

方 法	描述
copy()	从 QRect 对象复制到 QPixmap 对象
fromImage()	将 QImage 对象转换为 QPixmap 对象
grabWidget()	从给定的窗口小控件创建一个像素图
grabWindow()	在窗口中创建数据的像素图
load()	加载图像文件作为 QPixmap 对象
save()	将 QPixmap 对象保存为文件
toImage()	将 QPixmap 对象转换为 QImage 对象

```
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Desc
import sys
                    from PyQt5.QtCore import *
                    from PyQt5.QtGui import *
                    from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
                    if __name__=='__main__':
                    app=QApplication(sys.argv)
                    win=QWidget()
                    lab1=QLabel()
                    lab1.setPixmap(QPixmap("./images/python.jpg"))
                    vbox=QVBoxLayout()
                    vbox.addWidget(lab1)
                    win.setLayout(vbox)
                    win.setWindowTitle("QPixmap □□")
                    win.show()
                    sys.exit(app.exec ())
             \Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi4-46\Pi\Pi\Pi
```



□4-46

4.11

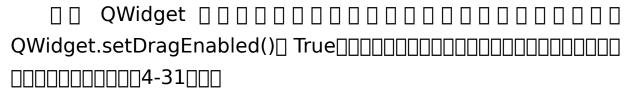
4.11.1 Drag Drop

MIME QDrag QMimeData

MIME Multipurpose Internet Mail Extension DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD
MIMEaudioimage
● HTML□□ .html text/html
■ XML□□ .xml text/xml
■ XHTML□□ .xhtml application/xhtml+xml
■ □□□□ .txt text/plain
■ RTF□□ .rtf application/rtf
● PDF□□ .pdf application/pdf
■ Microsoft Word □□ .word application/msword
● PNG□□ .png image/png
● GIF□□ .gif image/gif
■ JPEG□□ .jpeg□.jpg image/jpeg
● au□□□□ .au audio/basic
■ MIDI□□□□ .mid□.midi audio/midi,audio/x-midi
■ RealAudio□□□□ .ra□.ram audio/x-pn-realaudio
MPEG[] .mpg[].mpeg video/mpeg
■ AVI□□ .avi video/x-msvideo
■ GZIP□□ .gz application/x-gzip
■ TAR□□ .tar application/x-tar
● □□□□□□□ application/octet-stream
MIME 00000000000000000000000000000000000
4-30MimeDataMIME

□4-30

判断函数	设置函数	获取函数	MIME 类型
hasText()	text()	setText()	text/plain
hasHtml()	html()	setHtml()	text/html
hasUrls()	urls()	setUrls()	text/uri-list
hasImage()	imageData()	setImageData()	image/*
hasColor()	colorData()	setColorData()	application/x-color



□4-31

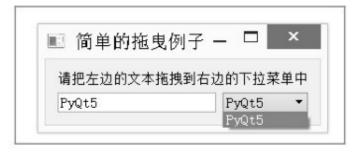
事件	描述
DragEnterEvent	当执行一个拖曳控件操作,并且鼠标指针进入该控件时,这个事件将被触发。在这 个事件中可以获得被操作的窗口控件,还可以有条件地接受或拒绝该拖曳操作
DragMoveEvent	在拖曳操作进行时会触发该事件
DragLeaveEvent	当执行一个拖曳控件操作,并且鼠标指针离开该控件时,这个事件将被触发
DropEvent	当拖曳操作在目标控件上被释放时,这个事件将被触发

)t 50000000

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
class Combo(QComboBox):
   def __init__(self, title, parent):
       super(Combo, self). init ( parent)
       self.setAcceptDrops(True)
   def dragEnterEvent(self, e):
       print(e)
       if e.mimeData().hasText():
           e.accept()
       else:
           e.ignore()
   def dropEvent(self, e):
       self.addItem(e.mimeData().text())
class Example(QWidget):
   def __init__(self):
```

```
super(Example, self). init ()
       self.initUI()
   def initUI(self):
       lo = QFormLayout()
       lo.addRow(QLabel("请把左边的文本拖曳到右边的下拉菜单中"))
       edit = QLineEdit()
       edit.setDragEnabled(True)
       com = Combo("Button", self)
       lo.addRow(edit,com)
       self.setLayout(lo)
       self.setWindowTitle('简单的拖曳例子')
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   ex = Example()
   ex.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

00000000004-47000



□4-47

DragEnterEvent	
ItemComboE	3ox[][]
def dragEnterEvent(self e):	

def dragEnterEvent(self,e):
 if e.mimeData().hasText():

e.accept() else: e.ignore()

4.11.2 QClipboard

<u> </u>4-32

方 法	描述
clear()	清除剪贴板的内容
setImage()	将 QImage 对象复制到剪贴板中
setMimeData()	将 MIME 数据设置为剪贴板
setPixmap()	从剪贴板中复制 Pixmap 对象
setText()	从剪贴板中复制文本
text()	从剪贴板中检索文本

QClipboard

[4-33

信号	含 义
dataChanged	当剪贴板内容发生变化时,这个信号被发射

□□4-31 QClipboard□□□

|||||||||PyQt5/ Chapter04/qt04_QClipboard.py||||||PyQt 5

```
import os
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import QMimeData
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import (QApplication, QDialog, QGridLayout,
QLabel,QPushButton)
from PyQt5.QtGui import QPixmap

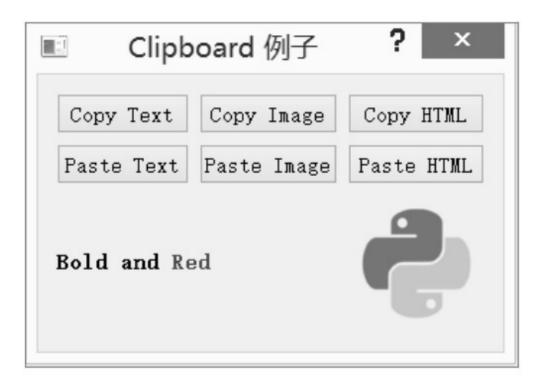
class Form(QDialog):
    def __init__(self, parent=None):
        super(Form, self).__init__(parent)
        textCopyButton = QPushButton("&Copy Text")
        textPasteButton = QPushButton("Paste &Text")
        htmlCopyButton = QPushButton("C&opy HTML")
        htmlPasteButton = QPushButton("Paste &HTML")
        imageCopyButton = QPushButton("Co&py Image")
```

```
imagePasteButton = QPushButton("Paste &Image")
    self.textLabel = QLabel("Original text")
    self.imageLabel = OLabel()
    self.imageLabel.setPixmap(QPixmap(os.path.join(
   os.path.dirname( file ), "images/clock.png")))
   layout = QGridLayout()
    layout.addWidget(textCopyButton, 0, 0)
    layout.addWidget(imageCopyButton, 0, 1)
    layout.addWidget(htmlCopyButton, 0, 2)
   layout.addWidget(textPasteButton, 1, 0)
    layout.addWidget(imagePasteButton, 1, 1)
   layout.addWidget(htmlPasteButton, 1, 2)
   layout.addWidget(self.textLabel, 2, 0, 1, 2)
   layout.addWidget(self.imageLabel, 2, 2)
    self.setLayout(layout)
    textCopyButton.clicked.connect(self.copyText)
    textPasteButton.clicked.connect(self.pasteText)
   htmlCopyButton.clicked.connect(self.copyHtml)
    htmlPasteButton.clicked.connect(self.pasteHtml)
    imageCopyButton.clicked.connect(self.copyImage)
    imagePasteButton.clicked.connect(self.pasteImage)
    self.setWindowTitle("Clipboard 例子")
def copyText(self):
   clipboard = QApplication.clipboard()
   clipboard.setText("I've been clipped!")
def pasteText(self):
   clipboard = QApplication.clipboard()
    self.textLabel.setText(clipboard.text())
def copyImage(self):
   clipboard = QApplication.clipboard()
   clipboard.setPixmap(QPixmap(os.path.join(
   os.path.dirname( file ), "./images/python.png")))
def pasteImage(self):
   clipboard = QApplication.clipboard()
    self.imageLabel.setPixmap(clipboard.pixmap())
def copyHtml(self):
   mimeData = QMimeData()
```

```
mimeData.setHtml("<b>Bold and <font color=red>Red</font></b>")
    clipboard = QApplication.clipboard()
    clipboard.setMimeData(mimeData)

def pasteHtml(self):
    clipboard = QApplication.clipboard()
    mimeData = clipboard.mimeData()
    if mimeData.hasHtml():
        self.textLabel.setText(mimeData.html())

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    form = Form()
    form.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



□4-48

62clipboard
clipboard[][][
clipboard=QApplication.clipboard()
self.textLabel.setText(clipboard.text())
clipboard=QApplication.clipboard()
self.imageLabel.setPixmap(clipboard.pixmap())

4.12

4.12.1 QCalendar

□4-34

方 法	描述
setDateRange()	设置日期范围供选择
setFirstDayOfWeek()	重新设置星期的第一天,默认是星期日。其参数枚举值如下:
	• Qt.Monday,星期一
	• Qt.Tuesday,星期二
	• Qt.Wednesday,星期三
	• Qt.Thursday,星期四
	• Qt.Friday,星期五
	• Qt.Saturday,星期六
	• Qt.Sunday,星期日
setMinimumDate()	设置最大日期
setMaximumDate ()	设置最小日期
setSelectedDate()	设置一个 QDate 对象,作为日期控件所选定的日期
maximumDate	获取日历控件的最大日期
maximumDate	获取日历控件的最小日期
selectedDate()	返回当前选定的日期
setGridvisible ()	设置日历控件是否显示网格

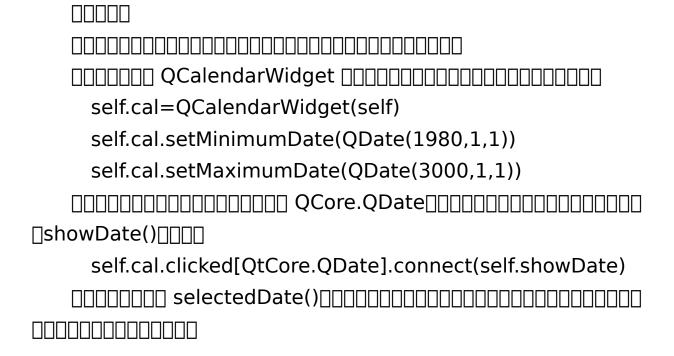
□□4-32 QCalendar□□□

```
import sys
from PyQt5 import QtCore
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from PyQt5.QtCore import QDate
```

```
class CalendarExample ( QWidget):
   def init (self):
       super(CalendarExample, self). init ()
       self.initUI()
   def initUI(self):
       self.cal = QCalendarWidget(self)
       self.cal.setMinimumDate(QDate(1980, 1, 1))
       self.cal.setMaximumDate(QDate(3000, 1, 1))
       self.cal.setGridVisible(True)
       self.cal.move(20, 20)
       self.cal.clicked[QtCore.QDate].connect(self.showDate)
       self.lbl = QLabel(self)
       date = self.cal.selectedDate()
       self.lbl.setText(date.toString("yyyy-MM-dd dddd"))
       self.lbl.move(20, 300)
       self.setGeometry(100,100,400,350)
       self.setWindowTitle('Calendar 例子')
   def showDate(self, date):
       self.lbl.setText(date.toString("yyyy-MM-dd dddd") )
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   demo = CalendarExample()
   demo.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

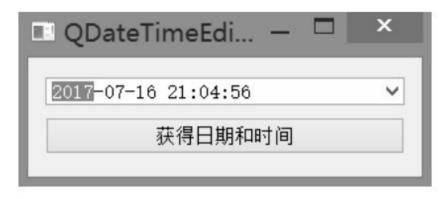


□4-49

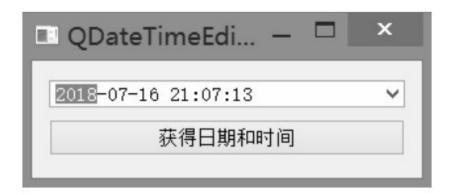


def showDate(self,date):
 self.lbl.setText(date.toString("yyyy-MM-dd dddd"))

4.12.2 QDateTimeEdit



4-50



□4-51

方 法	描述
setDisplayFormat()	设置日期时间格式:
	● yyyy,代表年份,用 4 位数表示
	● MM,代表月份,取值范围为 01~12
	• dd, 代表日, 取值范围为 01~31
	● HH, 代表小时, 取值范围为 00~23
	• mm, 代表分钟, 取值范围为 00~59
	● ss, 代表秒, 取值范围为 00~59
setMinimumDate()	设置控件的最小日期
setMaximumDate()	设置控件的最大日期
time()	返回编辑的时间
date()	返回编辑的日期

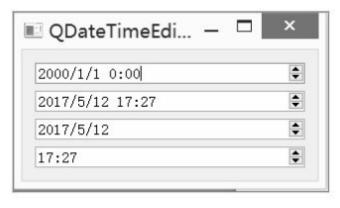
□4-36

信号	含 义
dateChanged	当日期改变时发射此信号
dateTimeChanged	当日期时间改变时发射此信号
timeChanged	当时间改变时发射此信号

1.QDateTimeEdit□□□

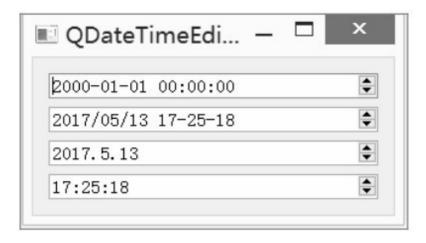
____QDateEdit _____QTimeEdit

```
dateEdit=QDateEdit( self)
   timeEdit=QTimeEdit(self)
   dateEdit.setDisplayFormat("yyyy-MM-dd")
   timeEdit.setDisplayFormat("HH:mm:ss")
  ____QDateEdit_QDateEdit_QDateEdit_QDateEdit_
dateTimeEdit=QDateTimeEdit(self)
   dateEdit=QDateEdit(self)
   dateTimeEdit.setCalendarPopup(True)
   dateEdit.setCalendarPopup(True)
  2. □□□QDateTimeEdit□
  PyQt5/Chapter04/qt04 QDateTimeEdit01.py
   dateTimeEdit=QDateTimeEdit(self)
   dateTimeEdit2=QDateTimeEdit(QDateTime.currentDat
 eTime(),self)
   dateEdit=QDateTimeEdit(QDate.currentDate(),self)
   timeEdit=QDateTimeEdit(QTime.currentTime(),self)
  \Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi4-52\Pi\Pi\Pi
```



□4-52

 $\sqcap \exists \text{setDateTime}() \exists \text{setDate}() \exists \text{setTime}() \exists \exists \text{setDate}() \exists \text{setDate$ 3.0000000 dateTimeEdit=QDateTimeEdit(self) dateTimeEdit2=QDateTimeEdit(QDateTime.currentDat eTime().self) dateEdit=QDateTimeEdit(QDate.currentDate(),self) timeEdit=QDateTimeEdit(QTime.currentTime(),self) # _____ dateTimeEdit.setDisplayFormat("yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss") dateTimeEdit2.setDisplayFormat("yyyy/MM/dd HH-mmss") dateEdit.setDisplayFormat("yyyy.MM.dd") timeEdit.setDisplayFormat("HH:mm:ss")

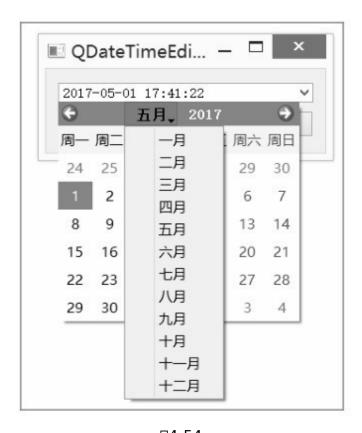


4.000000
000000000000±36500
date Edit = QDate Time Edit (QDate Time. current Date Time (QDate Time))
),self)
dateEdit.setDisplayFormat("yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss")
00000
date Edit.set Minimum Date (QDate.current Date ().add Da
ys(-365))
00000
date Edit.set Maximum Date (QDate.current Date ().add Date () add Date () ad
ys(365))
5.
setCalendarPopup(True)[[[
dateEdit=QDateTimeEdit(QDateTime.currentDateTime(
),self)

dateEdit.setMinimumDate(QDate.currentDate().addDa
ys(-365))

dateEdit.setMaximumDate(QDate.currentDate().addDa
ys(365))

dateEdit.setCalendarPopup(True)



[]4-54

6.

```
# | | | | | |
   maxDate=self.dateEdit.maximumDate()
   maxDateTime=self.dateEdit.maximumDateTime()
   # | | | | | | |
   maxTime=self.dateEdit.maximumTime()
   # | | | | | |
   minDate=self.dateEdit.minimumDate()
   # | | | | | | | | |
   minDateTime=self.dateEdit.minimumDateTime()
   # | | | | | |
   minTime=self.dateEdit.minimumTime()
   print('\n\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi')
   print('dateTime=%s' % str(dateTime) )
   print('maxDate=%s' % str(maxDate) )
   print('maxDateTime=%s' % str(maxDateTime) )
   print('maxTime=%s' % str(maxTime) )
   print('minDate=%s' % str(minDate) )
   print('minDateTime=%s' % str(minDateTime) )
   print('minTime=%s' % str(minTime) )
 dateTime=PyQt5.QtCore.QDateTime(2017,5,1,17,41,2
2,441)
   maxDate=PyQt5.QtCore.QDate(2018,5,13)
   maxDateTime=PyQt5.QtCore.QDateTime(2018,5,13,23
,59,59,999)
```

```
maxTime=PyQt5.QtCore.QTime(23,59,59,999)
     minDate=PyQt5.QtCore.QDate(2016,5,13)
     minDateTime=PyQt5.QtCore.QDateTime(2016,5,13,0,0
 )
     minTime=PyQt5.QtCore.QTime(0,0)
   7.
   QDateTimeEdit | | | | | | | | | |
                                       dateChanged □
dateTimeChanged <a href="mailto:linechanged">lineChanged</a>
   dateEdit.dateChanged.connect(self.onDateChanged)
     dateEdit.dateTimeChanged.connect(self.onDateTimeCh
 anged)
     dateEdit.timeChanged.connect(self.onTimeChanged)
   # _____
     def onDateChanged(self ,date):
       print(date)
     def onDateTimeChanged(self ,dateTime ):
       print(dateTime)
     # 0000000
     def onTimeChanged(self ,time):
       print(time)
                □□4-33 QDateTimeEdit□□□
   \square\square\square\square\square\square PyQt5/Chapter04/qt04 QDateTimeEdit02.py \square\square\square\square
PyQt 5
```

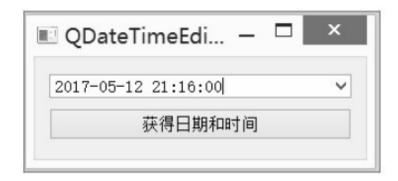
```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from PyQt5.QtCore import QDate, QDateTime, QTime

class DateTimeEditDemo(QWidget):
    def __init__(self):
```

```
super(DateTimeEditDemo, self). init ()
           self.initUI()
       def initUI(self):
           self.setWindowTitle('QDateTimeEdit 例子')
           self.resize(300, 90)
           vlayout = QVBoxLayout()
           self.dateEdit = QDateTimeEdit(QDateTime.currentDateTime(),
self)
           self.dateEdit.setDisplayFormat("yyyy-MM-dd HH:mm:ss")
           # 设置最小日期
           self.dateEdit.setMinimumDate(
                   QDate.currentDate().addDays(-365))
           # 设置最大日期
           self.dateEdit.setMaximumDate(
                   QDate.currentDate().addDays(365))
           self.dateEdit.setCalendarPopup( True)
           self.dateEdit.dateChanged.connect(self.onDateChanged)
           self.dateEdit.dateTimeChanged.connect(self.onDateTimeChanged)
           self.dateEdit.timeChanged.connect(self.onTimeChanged)
           self.btn = QPushButton('获得日期和时间')
           self.btn.clicked.connect(self.onButtonClick)
           vlayout.addWidget( self.dateEdit )
           vlayout.addWidget( self.btn )
           self.setLayout(vlayout)
       # 日期发生改变时执行
       def onDateChanged(self , date):
               print(date)
       # 无论是日期还是时间发生改变时都会执行
       def onDateTimeChanged(self , dateTime ):
               print(dateTime)
       # 时间发生改变时执行
       def onTimeChanged(self , time):
               print(time)
       def onButtonClick(self):
```

```
dateTime = self.dateEdit.dateTime()
       #最大日期
       maxDate = self.dateEdit.maximumDate()
       #最大日期时间
       maxDateTime = self.dateEdit.maximumDateTime()
       #最大时间
       maxTime = self.dateEdit.maximumTime()
       #最小日期
       minDate = self.dateEdit.minimumDate()
       #最小日期时间
       minDateTime = self.dateEdit.minimumDateTime()
       #最小时间
       minTime = self.dateEdit.minimumTime()
       print('\n 选择日期时间')
       print('dateTime=%s' % str(dateTime) )
       print('maxDate=%s' % str(maxDate) )
       print('maxDateTime=%s' % str(maxDateTime) )
       print('maxTime=%s' % str(maxTime) )
       print('minDate=%s' % str(minDate) )
       print('minDateTime=%s' % str(minDateTime) )
       print('minTime=%s' % str(minTime) )
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   demo = DateTimeEditDemo()
   demo.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

0000000004-55000



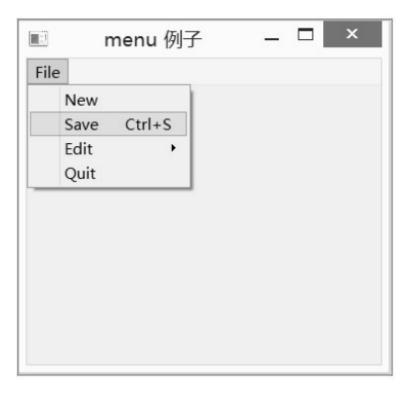
QDateTimeEdit
DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD
self.dateEdit.setDisplayFormat("yyyy-MM-dd
HH:mm:ss")
<u>4.13 חחחחחחחח</u>
4.13.1 □□□
□QMainWindow□□□□□□□□□□□QMenuBar□□□□□QMenu□□□
QMenu[][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][]
QMenu
<pre> </pre>
$menuBar() \verb $
addAction()
0000000000000004-37000

方 法	描述
menuBar()	返回主窗口的 QMenuBar 对象
addMenu()	在菜单栏中添加一个新的 QMenu 对象
addAction()	向 QMenu 小控件中添加一个操作按钮,其中包含文本或图标
setEnabled()	将操作按钮状态设置为启用/禁用
addSeperator()	在菜单中添加一条分隔线
clear()	删除菜单/菜单栏的内容
setShortcut()	将快捷键关联到操作按钮
setText()	设置菜单项的文本
setTitle()	设置 QMenu 小控件的标题
text()	返回与 QAction 对象关联的文本
title()	返回 QMenu 小控件的标题

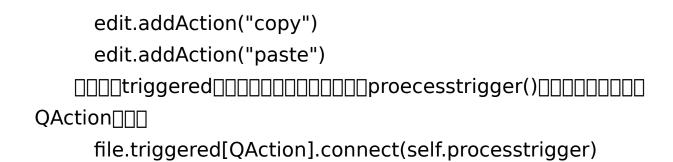
<u>□</u>□4-34 QMenuBar□□□

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
```

```
class MenuDemo(QMainWindow):
   def init (self, parent=None):
        super(MenuDemo, self). init (parent)
       layout = QHBoxLayout()
       bar = self.menuBar()
       file = bar.addMenu("File")
       file.addAction("New")
       save = QAction("Save", self)
       save.setShortcut("Ctrl+S")
       file.addAction(save)
       edit = file.addMenu("Edit")
       edit.addAction("copy")
       edit.addAction("paste")
       quit = QAction("Quit", self)
       file.addAction(quit)
       file.triggered[QAction].connect(self.processtrigger)
       self.setLayout(layout)
        self.setWindowTitle("menu 例子")
   def processtrigger (self, q):
       print( q.text()+" is triggered" )
if   name _ == '__main__':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   demo = MenuDemo()
   demo.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



∏4-56



4.13.2 QToolBar

QToolBar

□4-38

方 法	描述
addAction()	添加具有文本或图标的工具按钮
addSeperator()	分组显示工具按钮
addWidget()	添加工具栏中按钮以外的控件
addToolBar()	使用 QMainWindow 类的方法添加一个新的工具栏
setMovable()	工具栏变得可移动
setOrientation()	工具栏的方向可以设置为 Qt.Horizontal 或 Qt.vertical

QAction

| PyQt5/Chapter04/qt0415_QToolBar.py | PyQt 5 | Old | QToolBar | Old | O

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
class ToolBarDemo( QMainWindow ):
   def init (self, parent=None):
       super(ToolBarDemo, self). init (parent)
       self.setWindowTitle("toolbar 例子")
       self.resize(300, 200)
       layout = QVBoxLayout()
       tb = self.addToolBar("File")
       new = QAction(QIcon("./images/new.png"), "new", self)
       tb.addAction(new)
       open = QAction(QIcon("./images/open.png"), "open", self)
       tb.addAction(open)
       save = QAction(QIcon("./images/save.png"), "save", self)
       tb.addAction(save)
       tb.actionTriggered[QAction].connect(self.toolbtnpressed)
       self.setLayout(layout)
   def toolbtnpressed(self,a):
       print("pressed tool button is",a.text() )
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   demo = ToolBarDemo()
   demo.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

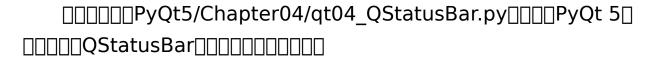


□4-57

4.13.3 QStatusBar

MainWindow DDDDD	
	Q
□□□□□□QMainWindo	w_setStatusBar()
self.statusBar=QS	StatusBar()
self.setStatusBar(self.statusBar)
QStatusBar□□□□□□	•
	□4-39
方 法	描述
addWidget()	在状态栏中添加给定的窗口小控件对象
addPermanentWidget()	在状态栏中永久添加给定的窗口小控件对象
方 法	描述
showMessage()	在状态栏中显示一条临时信息指定时间间隔

从状态栏中删除指定的小控件



删除正在显示的临时信息

clearMessage()

removeWidget()

```
import sys
   from PyQt5.QtCore import *
   from PyQt5.QtGui import *
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
   class StatusDemo(QMainWindow):
       def init (self, parent=None):
           super(StatusDemo, self).__init__(parent)
           bar = self.menuBar()
           file = bar.addMenu("File")
           file.addAction("show")
           file.triggered[QAction].connect(self.processTrigger)
           self.setCentralWidget(QTextEdit())
           self.statusBar = QStatusBar()
           self.setWindowTitle("QStatusBar 例子")
           self.setStatusBar(self.statusBar)
       def processTrigger(self,q):
           if (q.text() == "show"):
               self.statusBar.showMessage(q.text()+" 菜单选项被点击了
",5000)
   if __name__ == '__main__':
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       demo = StatusDemo()
       demo.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□4-58

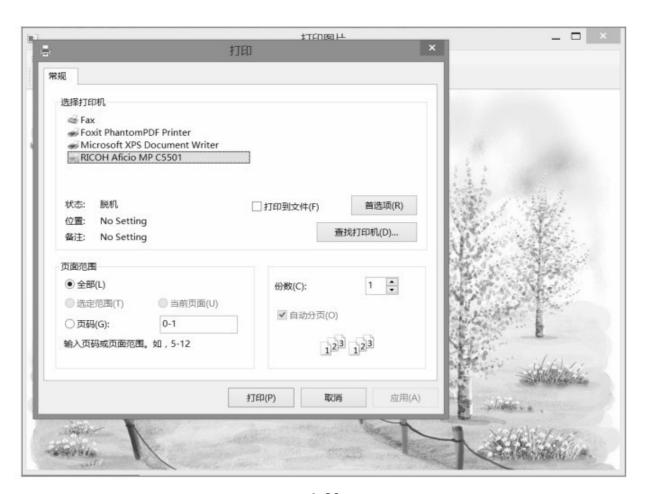
4.14 QPrinter

QPaintDevice
QWidget[QPixmap[QImage[
QPrinterQPaintDevice

from PyQt5.QtGui import QImage , QIcon, QPixmap
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication , QMainWindow, QLabel,
QSizePolicy , QAction
from PyQt5.QtPrintSupport import QPrinter, QPrintDialog
import sys

```
class MainWindow(QMainWindow):
   def init (self,parent=None):
        super(MainWindow, self). init (parent)
       self.setWindowTitle(self.tr("打印图片"))
       self.imageLabel=QLabel()
       self.imageLabel.setSizePolicy(
           QSizePolicy.Ignored, QSizePolicy.Ignored)
       self.setCentralWidget(self.imageLabel)
       self.image=QImage()
       self.createActions()
       self.createMenus()
       self.createToolBars()
       if self.image.load("./images/screen.png"):
           self.imageLabel.setPixmap(QPixmap.fromImage(self.image))
           self.resize(self.image.width(), self.image.height())
   def createActions(self):
       self.PrintAction=QAction(
               QIcon("./images/printer.png"),
               self.tr("打印"),
               self )
        self.PrintAction.setShortcut("Ctrl+P")
       self.PrintAction.setStatusTip(self.tr("打印"))
       self.PrintAction.triggered.connect(self.slotPrint)
   def createMenus(self):
       PrintMenu=self.menuBar().addMenu(self.tr("打印"))
       PrintMenu.addAction(self.PrintAction)
   def createToolBars(self):
       fileToolBar=self.addToolBar("Print")
        fileToolBar.addAction(self.PrintAction)
   def slotPrint(self):
       printer=QPrinter()
       printDialog=QPrintDialog(printer, self)
        if printDialog.exec ():
           painter=QPainter (printer)
           rect=painter.viewport()
           size=self.image.size()
           size.scale(rect.size(),Qt.KeepAspectRatio)
```



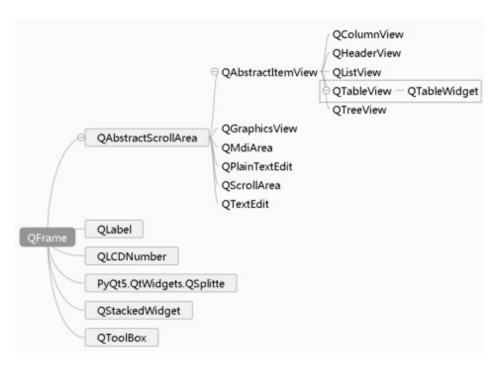


□4-60

5 PyQt 5

5.1 | | | | | |

5.1.1 QTableView



□5-1

□5-1

名 称	含 义
QStringListModel	存储一组字符串
QStandardItemModel	存储任意层次结构的数据
QDirModel	对文件系统进行封装
QSqlQueryModel	对 SQL 的查询结果集进行封装
QSqlTableModel	对 SQL 中的表格进行封装
QSqlRelationalTableModel	对带有 foreign key 的 SQL 表格进行封装
QSortFilterProxyModel	对模型中的数据进行排序或过滤

□□**5-1 QTableView**□□□

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
import sys

class Table(QWidget):

def __init__(self, arg=None):
    super(Table, self).__init__(arg)
    self.setWindowTitle("QTableView表格视图控件的例子")
    self.resize(500,300);
    self.model=QStandardItemModel(4,4);
    self.model.setHorizontalHeaderLabels(['标题1','标题2','标题3','标题4'])

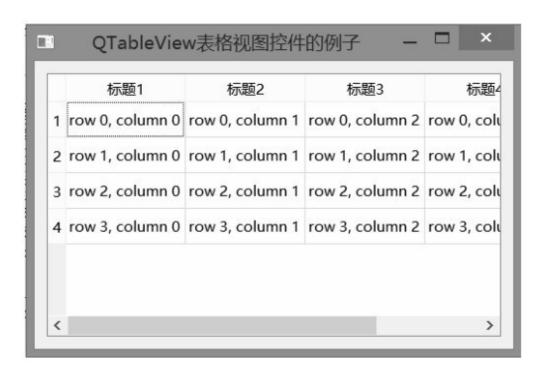
for row in range(4):
    for column in range(4):
        item = QStandardItem("row %s, column %s"%(row,column))
```

```
self.model.setItem(row, column, item)

self.tableView=QTableView()
self.tableView.setModel(self.model)

dlgLayout=QVBoxLayout();
dlgLayout.addWidget(self.tableView)
self.setLayout(dlgLayout)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    table = Table()
    table.show()
sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□5-2

5.1.2 QListView



□5-2

方 法	描述
setModel()	用来设置 View 所关联的 Model, 可以使用 Python 原生的 list 作为数据源
	Model
selectedItem()	选中 Model 中的条目
isSelected()	判断 Model 中的某条目是否被选中

QListView____5-3___

□5-3

信 号	含 义
clicked	当单击某项时,信号被发射
doubleClicked	当双击某项时,信号被发射

□□5-2 QListView□□□

DDDDD PyQt5/Chapter05/qt05	_listView.py PyQt 5	
QListView		

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication, QWidget, QVBoxLayout,
QListView, QMessageBox
   from PyQt5.QtCore import QStringListModel
   import sys
   class ListViewDemo(QWidget):
       def init (self, parent=None):
           super(ListViewDemo, self). init (parent)
           self.setWindowTitle("QListView 例子")
           self.resize(300, 270)
           layout = QVBoxLayout()
           listView = QListView()
           slm = QStringListModel();
           self.qList = ['Item 1','Item 2','Item 3','Item 4']
           slm.setStringList(self.qList)
           listView.setModel(slm )
           listView.clicked.connect(self.clicked)
           layout.addWidget( listView )
           self.setLayout(layout)
       def clicked(self, qModelIndex):
           QMessageBox.information(self, "ListWidget", "你选择了: "+
self.qList[qModelIndex.row()])
   if name == " main ":
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       win = ListViewDemo()
       win.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□5-3

5.1.3 QListWidget

∏5-4

方 法	描述
addItem()	在列表中添加 QListWidgetItem 对象或字符串
addItems()	添加列表中的每个条目
insertItem()	在指定的索引处插入条目
clear()	删除列表的内容
setCurrentItem()	设置当前所选条目
sortItems()	按升序重新排列条目

QListWidget

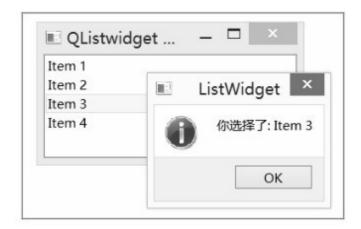
信号	含 义
currentItemChanged	当列表中的条目发生改变时发射此信号
itemClicked	当点击列表中的条目时发射此信号

□□5-3 QListWidget□□□

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
```

```
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
   class ListWidget(QListWidget):
       def clicked(self,item):
           QMessageBox.information(self, "ListWidget", "你选择了:
"+item.text())
   if name == '_main__':
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       listWidget = ListWidget()
       listWidget.resize(300,120)
       listWidget.addItem("Item 1");
       listWidget.addItem("Item 2");
       listWidget.addItem("Item 3");
       listWidget.addItem("Item 4");
       listWidget.setWindowTitle('QListwidget 例子')
       listWidget.itemClicked.connect(listWidget.clicked)
       listWidget.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

0000000005-4000



□5-4

5.1.4 QTableWidget

方 法	描述
setRowCount(int row)	设置 QTableWidget 表格控件的行数
setColumnCount(int col)	设置 QTableWidget 表格控件的列数
setHorizontalHeaderLabels()	设置 QTableWidget 表格控件的水平标签
setVerticalHeaderLabels()	设置 QTableWidget 表格控件的垂直标签
setItem(int, int, QTableWidgetItem)	在 QTableWidget 表格控件的每个选项的单元空间里添加控件
horizontalHeader()	获得 QTableWidget 表格控件的表格头,以便执行隐藏
rowCount()	获得 QTableWidget 表格控件的行数
columnCount()	获得 QTableWidget 表格控件的列数
setEditTriggers(EditTriggers triggers)	设置表格是否可编辑。设置编辑规则的枚举值
setSelectionBehavior	设置表格的选择行为
setTextAlignment()	设置单元格内文字的对齐方式
setSpan(int row, int column, int rowSpanCount,	合并单元格,要改变单元格的第 row 行第 column 列,要合并
int columnSpanCount)	rowSpanCount 行数和 columnSpanCount 列数。
	• row: 要改变的单元格行数
	• column: 要改变的单元格列数
	• rowSpanCount: 需要合并的行数
	• columnSpanCount: 需要合并的列数
setShowGrid()	在默认情况下,表格的显示是有网格线的。
	• True: 显示网格线
	• False: 不显示网格线
setColumnWidth(int column, int width)	设置单元格行的宽度
setRowHeight(int row, int height)	设置单元格列的高度

00000000005-7000

□5-7

选项	值	描述
QAbstractItemView.NoEditTriggers0No	0	不能对表格内容进行修改
QAbstractItemView.CurrentChanged1Editing	1	任何时候都能对单元格进行修改
QAbstractItemView.DoubleClicked2Editing	2	双击单元格
QAbstractItemView.SelectedClicked4Editing	4	单击已选中的内容
QAbstractItemView.EditKeyPressed8Editing	8	当修改键被按下时修改单元格
QAbstractItemView.AnyKeyPressed16Editing	16	按任意键修改单元格
QAbstractItemView.AllEditTriggers31Editing	31	包括以上所有条件



选项	值	描述
QAbstractItemView.SelectItems0Selecting	0	选中单个单元格
QAbstractItemView.SelectRows1Selecting	1	选中一行
QAbstractItemView.SelectColumns2Selecting	2	选中一列



□5-9

选项	描述
Qt.AlignLeft	将单元格的内容沿单元格的左边缘对齐
Qt.AlignRight	将单元格的内容沿单元格的右边缘对齐
Qt.AlignHCenter	在可用空间中,居中显示在水平方向上
Qt.AlignJustify	将文本在可用空间中对齐,默认是从左到右的

□5-10

选项	描述	
Qt.AlignTop	与顶部对齐	
Qt.AlignBottom	与底部对齐	
Qt.AlignVCenter	在可用空间中,居中显示在垂直方向上	
Qt.AlignBaseline	与基线对齐	

Qt.AlignHCenter Qt.AlignVCenter

1.

UUUUUPyQt5/Chapter05/q	t05_tbiBasic.py	/
	QTableWidget	
QTableWidgetItem[][][][][][][]		

```
import sys
  from PyQt5.QtWidgets import (QWidget, QTableWidget, QHBoxLayout,

QApplication, QTableWidgetItem )

class Table(QWidget):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
        self.initUI()
```

```
def initUI(self):
          self.setWindowTitle("QTableWidget 例子")
          self.resize(400,300);
          conLayout = QHBoxLayout()
          tableWidget=QTableWidget()
          tableWidget.setRowCount(4)
          tableWidget.setColumnCount(3)
          conLayout.addWidget(tableWidget)
          tableWidget.setHorizontalHeaderLabels(['姓名','性别','体重
(kg) '])
          newItem = QTableWidgetItem("张三")
          tableWidget.setItem(0, 0, newItem)
          newItem = QTableWidgetItem("男")
          tableWidget.setItem(0, 1, newItem)
          newItem = QTableWidgetItem("160")
          tableWidget.setItem(0, 2, newItem)
          self.setLayout(conLayout)
   if name == ' main ':
      app = QApplication(sys.argv)
      example = Table()
      example.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□5-5

self.table=QTableWidget(4,3)
QTableWidget4_3
tableWidget.setHorizontalHeaderLabels([' 🛮 🗎 ',' 🖺 🖂
(kg)'])
newItem=QTableWidgetItem("[][")
QTableWidgetItem
tableWidget.setItem(0,0,newItem)

PyQt5/Chapter05/qt05_tblHeader.py
QTableWidget4_3
tableWidget=QTableWidget()
tableWidget.setRowCount(4)
tableWidget.setColumnCount(3)
tableWidget.setHorizontalHeaderLabels([' 🛮 🗎 ',' 🖺 🖺
(kg)'])
tableWidget.setVerticalHeaderLabels([' 🛮 1',' 🗘 2',' 🔻
3','[','['])





table Widget.set Edit Triggers (QAbstract Item View. No Edit Triggers) and the property of t
riggers)
040000000
tableWidget.setSelectionBehavior(
QAbstractItemView.SelectRows)
0500000000000000000000000
QTableWidget.resizeColumnsToContents()
QTableWidget.resizeRowsToContents()





□5-9

tableWidget.verticalHeader().setVisible(False)
tableWidget.horizontalHeader().setVisible(False)



□5-10



□5-11

🛮 🖟 🖟 🗗 PyQt5/Chapter05/qt05_tbSelltem.py		
tableWidget		

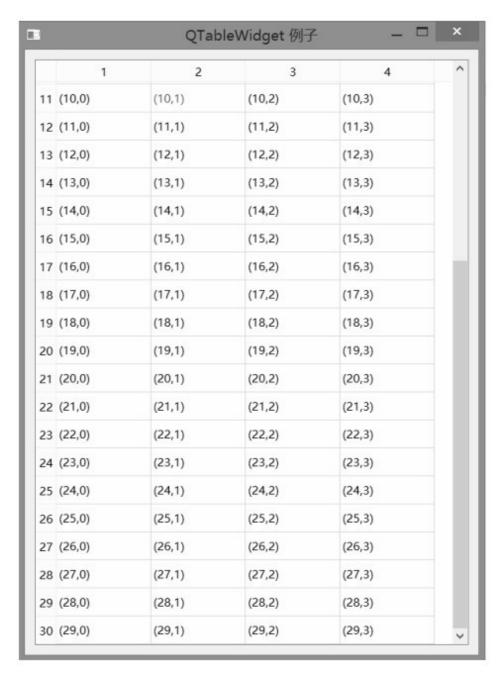
```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from PyQt5 import QtCore
from PyQt5.QtGui import QColor , QBrush

class Table(QWidget):
    def __init__(self):
```

```
super(). init ()
      self.initUI()
   def initUI(self):
      self.setWindowTitle("QTableWidget 例子")
      self.resize(600,800);
      conLayout = QHBoxLayout()
      tableWidget = QTableWidget()
      tableWidget.setRowCount(30)
      tableWidget.setColumnCount(4)
      conLayout.addWidget(tableWidget)
      for i in range (30):
         for j in range(4):
            itemContent = '(%d,%d)'% (i,j)
             tableWidget.setItem(i,j, QTableWidgetItem(itemContent))
      self.setLayout(conLayout)
      #遍历表格查找对应项
      text = "(10,1)"
      items = tableWidget.findItems(text, QtCore.Qt.MatchExactly)
      item = items[0]
      # 选中单元格
      #item.setSelected( True)
      # 设置单元格的背景颜色为红色
      item.setForeground(QBrush(QColor(255, 0, 0)))
      row = item.row()
      #通过鼠标滚轮定位,快速定位到第11行
      tableWidget.verticalScrollBar().setSliderPosition(row)
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   example = Table()
   example.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

2.

PyQt5/Chapter05/qt05_tblltemColor.py[][][][][][]



```
newItem=QTableWidgetItem("□□")
newItem.setForeground(QBrush(QColor(255,0,0)))
tableWidget.setItem(0,0,newItem)
newItem=QTableWidgetItem("□")
newItem.setForeground(QBrush(QColor(255,0,0)))
tableWidget.setItem(0,1,newItem)
newItem=QTableWidgetItem("160")
newItem.setForeground(QBrush(QColor(255,0,0)))
tableWidget.setItem(0,2,newItem)
□□□□□□5-13□□□
```



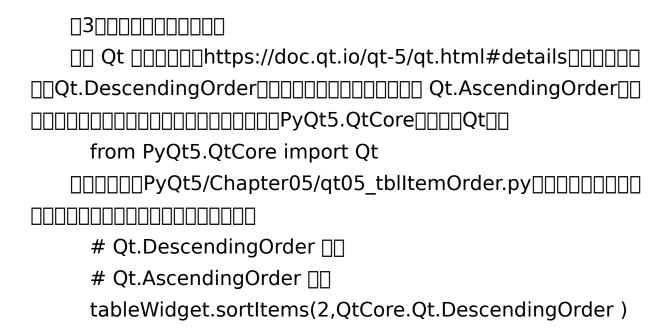
□5-13

```
□2□□□□□□
□PyQt5/Chapter05/qt05_tblItemFont.py□□□□□□□□□□
newItem=QTableWidgetItem("□□")
newItem.setFont( QFont( "Times",12,QFont.Black ) )
tableWidget.setItem(0,0,newItem)
newItem=QTableWidgetItem("□")
```

```
newItem.setFont( QFont( "Times",12,QFont.Black ) )
tableWidget.setItem(0,1,newItem)
newItem=QTableWidgetItem("160")
newItem.setFont( QFont( "Times",12,QFont.Black ) )
tableWidget.setItem(0,2,newItem)
```



□5-14



[]5-15
[3 4 0000000000
[][QTableWidgetItem.setTextAlignment(int)[
[] Qt https://doc.qt.io/qt-5/qt.html#details
]QtQtPyQt5



□5-15



□5-16

tableWidget.setItem(0,2,newItem)

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□5-17

000000000150
tableWidget.setColumnWidth(0,150)
00000000120
tableWidget.setRowHeight(0,120)



□5-18

07 000000000	
QTableWidget [] setShowGrid()[][] QTableView []	
tableWidget.setShowGrid(False)	
NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN	



□5-19

tableWidget.verticalHeader().setVisible(False)

姓名	性别	体重(kg)
张三	男	160

PyQt5/Chapter05/qt05_tblltemlcon01.py
newItem=QTableWidgetItem(QIcon("./images/bao1.png
"),"□□")
self.tableWidget.setItem(0,3,newItem)

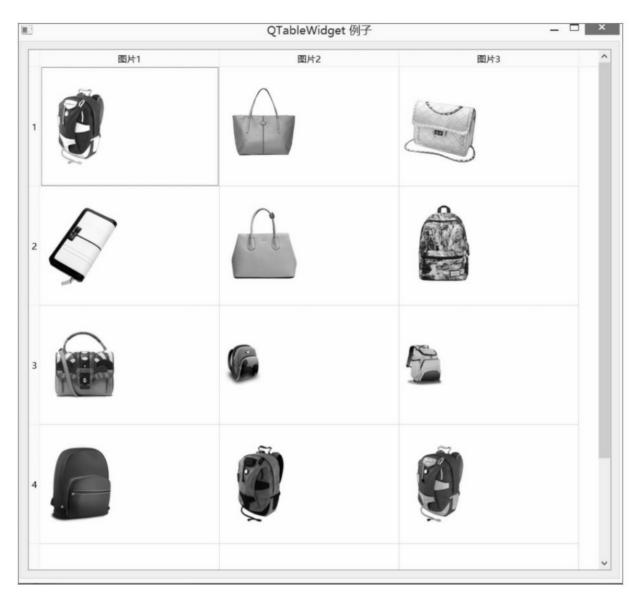


□5-21

L	
] QTableWidget QTableWidgetItem
]PyQt5/Chapter05/qt05_tblItemIcon02.py

```
conLayout = QHBoxLayout()
table= QTableWidget()
table.setColumnCount(3)
table.setRowCount(5)
table.setHorizontalHeaderLabels(['图片 1','图片 2','图片 3'])
table.setEditTriggers( QAbstractItemView.NoEditTriggers)
table.setIconSize(QSize(300,200));
for i in range(3): # 让列宽和图片相同
   table.setColumnWidth(i , 300)
for i in range(5): # 让行高和图片相同
   table.setRowHeight(i , 200)
for k in range(15): # 模拟产生15条记录
   i = k/3
   j = k%3
   item = QTableWidgetItem()
   item.setFlags(Qt.ItemIsEnabled) #用户点击表格时,图片被选中
   icon = QIcon(r'.\images\bao%d.png' % k )
   item.setIcon(QIcon(icon))
   print('e/icons/%d.png i=%d j=%d' %( k , i , j ) )
   table.setItem(i,j,item)
```

```
conLayout.addWidget( table)
self.setLayout(conLayout)
```



□5-22

```
import sys
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import (QMenu, QPushButton, QWidget, QTableWidget,
QHBoxLayout, QApplication, QDesktopWidget, QTableWidgetItem, QHeaderView)
   from PyQt5.QtCore import pyqtSignal, QObject, Qt, pyqtSlot
   class Table ( QWidget ):
       def init (self):
          super().__init ()
          self.initUI()
       def initUI(self):
          self.setWindowTitle("QTableWidget demo")
          self.resize(500,300);
          conLayout = QHBoxLayout()
          self.tableWidget= QTableWidget()
          self.tableWidget.setRowCount(5)
          self.tableWidget.setColumnCount(3)
          conLayout.addWidget(self.tableWidget)
          self.tableWidget.setHorizontalHeaderLabels(['姓名','性别','体重'])
          self.tableWidget.horizontalHeader().
              setSectionResizeMode (QHeaderView.Stretch)
          newItem = QTableWidgetItem("张三")
          self.tableWidget.setItem(0, 0, newItem)
          newItem = QTableWidgetItem("男")
          self.tableWidget.setItem(0, 1, newItem)
          newItem = QTableWidgetItem("160")
          self.tableWidget.setItem(0, 2, newItem)
          # 表格中第二行记录
          newItem = QTableWidgetItem("李四")
          self.tableWidget.setItem(1, 0, newItem)
          newItem = QTableWidgetItem("女")
          self.tableWidget.setItem(1, 1, newItem)
          newItem = QTableWidgetItem("170")
          self.tableWidget.setItem(1, 2, newItem)
          # 允许右键产生菜单
```

```
self.tableWidget.setContextMenuPolicy(Qt.CustomContextMenu)
          # 将右键菜单绑定到槽函数 generateMenu
          self.tableWidget.customContextMenuRequested.
             connect(self.generateMenu)
          self.setLayout(conLayout)
      def generateMenu(self,pos):
          row num = -1
          for i in self.tableWidget.selectionModel().selection().indexes():
             row num = i.row()
          # 表格中只有两条有效数据, 所以只在前两行支持右键弹出菜单
          if row num < 2:
             menu = QMenu()
             item1 = menu.addAction(u"选项一")
             item2 = menu.addAction(u"选项二")
             item3 = menu.addAction(u"选项三")
             action = menu.exec (self.tableWidget.mapToGlobal(pos))
             if action == item1:
                print('您选了选项一,当前行文字内容是:',self.tableWidget.
item(row num,0).text(),self.tableWidget.item(row num,1).text() ,self.tab
leWidget.item(row num,2).text())
             elif action == item2:
                print('您选了选项二,当前行文字内容是:',self.tableWidget.
item(row num,0).text(),self.tableWidget.item(row num,1).text() ,self.tab
leWidget.item(row num, 2).text() )
             elif action == item3:
                print('您选了选项三,当前行文字内容是:', self.tableWidget.
item(row_num,0).text(),self.tableWidget.item(row_num,1).text() ,self.tab
leWidget.item(row num, 2).text() )
             else:
                return
   if name == ' main ':
      app = QApplication(sys.argv)
      example = Table()
      example.show()
      sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

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5-23

5.1.5 QTreeView

QTreeWidget



□5-24

QTreeWidget

+- QTreeWidget

方 法	描述
setColumnWidth(int column, int width)	将指定列的宽度设置为给定的值
	Column,指定的列
	Width,指定列的宽度
insertTopLevelItems()	在视图的项层索引中插入项目列表
expandAll()	展开所有的树形节点
invisibleRootItem()	返回树形控件中不可见的根选项(Root Item)
selectedItems()	返回所有选定的非隐藏项目的列表

QTreeWidgetItem

root.setText(0,'root')

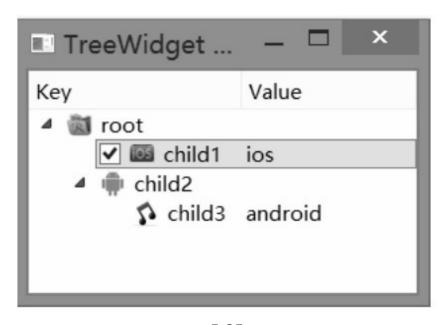
□5-12

方 法	描述	
addChild()	将子项追加到子列表中	
setText()	设置显示的节点文本	
Text()	返回显示的节点文本	
setCheckState(column, state)	设置指定列的选中状态:	
	Qt.Checked,节点选中	
	Qt.Unchecked,节点未选中	
setIcon(column, icon)	在指定的列中显示图标	

```
# 000000000
      self.tree.setColumnWidth(0,160)
      \# \sqcap \sqcap \sqcap \sqcap \sqcap \sqcap 1
      child1=QTreeWidgetItem(root)
      child1.setText(0,'child1')
      child1.setText(1,'ios')
      child1.setIcon(0,QIcon("./images/IOS.png"))
      # | | | | | | | | |
      child2=QTreeWidgetItem(root)
      child2.setText(0,'child2')
      child2.setText(1,")
      child2.setIcon(0,QIcon("./images/android.png"))
      # | | | | | | | | | |
      child3=QTreeWidgetItem(child2)
      child3.setText(0,'child3')
      child3.setText(1,'android')
      child3.setIcon(0,QIcon("./images/music.png"))
      self.tree.addTopLevelItem(root)
      # | | | | | | | |
      self.tree.expandAll()
    self.tree=QTreeWidget()
      # | | | | | |
      self.tree.setColumnCount(2)
      # 00000000
```

root.setIcon(0,QIcon("./images/root.png"))

```
self.tree.setHeaderLabels(['Key','Value'])
      # 0000
     root=QTreeWidgetItem()
     root.setText(0,'root')
     rootList=[]
     rootList.append(root)
      \# \square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square
     child1=QTreeWidgetItem()
     child1.setText(0,'child1')
     child1.setText(1,'ios')
     root.addChild(child1)
     self.tree.insertTopLevelItems(0,rootList)
   child1=QTreeWidgetItem(root)
     child1.setText(0,'child1')
     child1.setText(1,'ios')
     child1.setIcon(0,QIcon("./images/IOS.png"))
     child1.setCheckState(0,Qt.Checked)
    000005-25000
```



□5-25

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
import sys
class TreeWidgetDemo(QMainWindow):
   def __init__(self,parent=None):
       super(TreeWidgetDemo, self). init_ (parent)
       self.setWindowTitle('TreeWidget 例子')
       self.tree = QTreeWidget()
       # 设置列数
       self.tree.setColumnCount(2)
       # 设置树形控件头部的标题
       self.tree.setHeaderLabels(['Key','Value'])
       root= QTreeWidgetItem(self.tree)
       root.setText(0,'root')
       root.setText(1,'0')
       child1 = QTreeWidgetItem(root)
       child1.setText(0,'child1')
       child1.setText(1,'1')
       child2 = QTreeWidgetItem(root)
       child2.setText(0,'child2')
       child2.setText(1,'2')
       child3 = QTreeWidgetItem(root)
       child3.setText(0,'child3')
       child3.setText(1,'3')
       child4 = QTreeWidgetItem(child3)
       child4.setText(0,'child4')
       child4.setText(1,'4')
       child5 = QTreeWidgetItem(child3)
       child5.setText(0,'child5')
       child5.setText(1,'5')
       self.tree.addTopLevelItem(root)
        self.tree.clicked.connect( self.onTreeClicked )
```

```
self.setCentralWidget(self.tree)

def onTreeClicked(self, qmodelindex):
    item = self.tree.currentItem()
    print("key=%s ,value=%s" % (item.text(0), item.text(1)))

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    tree = TreeWidgetDemo()
    tree.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



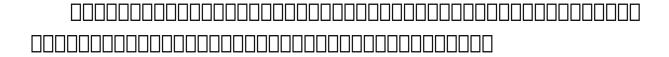
□5-26

3.

```
import sys
    from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
    from PyQt5.QtGui import *
    if __name__=='__main__':
     app=QApplication(sys.argv)
     # Window | | | | | | |
     model=QDirModel()
     # || QTreeView ||
     tree=QTreeView()
     tree.setModel(model)
     tree.setWindowTitle( "QTreeView □□" )
     tree.resize(640,480)
     tree.show()
     sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

H	QTreeView	列子	_ 🗆 ×
Name	Size	Туре	Date Modified
▲ 😓 C:		Drive	2017/5/10 12:49
AVScanner.ini	30 byte(s)	ini File	2017/5/10 12:46
▷ 👢 Intel		File Folder	2015/2/8 17:17
PerfLogs		File Folder	2013/8/22 23:22
Program Files		File Folder	2017/3/25 14:23
Program Files (x86)		File Folder	2017/5/10 12:49
		File Folder	2017/3/21 13:53
▶ Windows		File Folder	2017/5/16 1:01
▶		File Folder	2015/2/8 16:33
▷ 👢 tmp		File Folder	2017/4/11 9:06
		Drive	2017/5/17 21:50
▷ 🥪 E:		Drive	2017/5/17 20:13

□5-27



5.2.1 QTabWidget



QTabWidget

□5-13

方 法	描述
addTab()	将一个控件添加到 Tab 控件的选项卡中
insertTab()	将一个 Tab 控件的选项卡插入到指定的位置
removeTab()	根据指定的索引删除 Tab 控件
setCurrentIndex()	设置当前可见的选项卡所在的索引
setCurrentWidget()	设置当前可见的页面
setTabBar()	设置选项卡栏的小控件
setTabPosition()	设置选项卡的位置:
	• QTabWidget.North,显示在页面的上方
	• QTabWidget.South,显示在页面的下方
	• QTabWidget.West,显示在页面的左侧
	• QTabWidget.East,显示在页面的右侧
setTabText()	定义 Tab 选项卡的显示值

QTabWidget_____5-14___

□5-14

信号	描述
currentChanged	切换当前页面时发射该信号

<u>□□5-4 QTabWidget</u>□□□

	5
QTabWidget	

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *

class TabDemo(QTabWidget):
    def __init__(self, parent=None):
        super(TabDemo, self).__init__(parent)
        self.tab1 = QWidget()
        self.tab2 = QWidget()
        self.tab3 = QWidget()
        self.tab3 = QWidget()
        self.addTab(self.tab1,"Tab 1")
        self.addTab(self.tab2,"Tab 2")
        self.addTab(self.tab3,"Tab 3")
```

```
self.tab1UI()
       self.tab2UI()
       self.tab3UI()
       self.setWindowTitle("Tab 例子")
   def tab1UI(self):
       layout = OFormLayout()
       layout.addRow("姓名",QLineEdit())
       layout.addRow("地址",QLineEdit())
       self.setTabText(0,"联系方式")
       self.tab1.setLayout(layout)
   def tab2UI(self):
       layout = QFormLayout()
       sex = QHBoxLayout()
       sex.addWidget(QRadioButton("男"))
       sex.addWidget(QRadioButton("女"))
       layout.addRow(QLabel("性别"),sex)
       layout.addRow("生日",QLineEdit())
       self.setTabText(1,"个人详细信息")
       self.tab2.setLayout(layout)
   def tab3UI(self):
       layout = QHBoxLayout()
       layout.addWidget(QLabel("科目"))
       layout.addWidget(QCheckBox("物理"))
       layout.addWidget(QCheckBox("高数"))
       self.setTabText(2,"教育程度")
       self.tab3.setLayout(layout)
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   demo = TabDemo()
   demo.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

ロギッグ・ナー	-0	A 1	124 Am		41	
联系方	I/	个人	详细	信息	4	
姓名						1
地址						-

□5-28

■ Tab ′	9177 — — ■	
联系方式	个人详细信息	1
性别 〇	男 〇女	
生日		

□5-29

■ Tab	例子	_		x
个人详细	信息	教育	育程度	4
科目		物理	言	受数

□5-30

 $QTablWidget {\tt \square} {\tt \square}} {\tt \square} {\tt \square} {\tt \square} {\tt \square} {\tt \square}} {\tt \square} {\tt \square} {\tt \square}} {\tt \square} {\tt \square

self.tab1=QWidget()

5.2.2 QStackedWidget

Description:

Desc

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *

class StackedExample(QWidget):
    def __init__(self):
        super(StackedExample, self).__init__()
        self.setGeometry(300, 50, 10,10)
        self.setWindowTitle('StackedWidget 例子')

self.leftlist = QListWidget ()
```

```
self.leftlist.insertItem (0, '联系方式')
    self.leftlist.insertItem (1, '个人信息')
    self.leftlist.insertItem (2, '教育程度')
    self.stack1 = QWidget()
   self.stack2 = QWidget()
   self.stack3 = QWidget()
   self.stack1UI()
   self.stack2UI()
   self.stack3UI()
   self.Stack = QStackedWidget (self)
   self.Stack.addWidget(self.stack1)
   self.Stack.addWidget(self.stack2)
   self.Stack.addWidget(self.stack3)
   hbox = QHBoxLayout(self)
   hbox.addWidget(self.leftlist)
   hbox.addWidget(self.Stack)
   self.setLayout(hbox)
    self.leftlist.currentRowChanged.connect(self.display)
def stack1UI(self):
   layout=QFormLayout()
    layout.addRow("姓名",QLineEdit())
    layout.addRow("地址",QLineEdit())
    self.stack1.setLayout(layout)
def stack2UI(self):
   layout = QFormLayout()
   sex = QHBoxLayout()
   sex.addWidget(QRadioButton("男"))
    sex.addWidget(QRadioButton("女"))
   layout.addRow(QLabel("性别"),sex)
    layout.addRow("生日",QLineEdit())
    self.stack2.setLayout(layout)
def stack3UI(self):
   layout=QHBoxLayout()
   layout.addWidget(QLabel("科目"))
    layout.addWidget(QCheckBox("物理"))
   layout.addWidget(QCheckBox("高数"))
    self.stack3.setLayout(layout)
def display(self,i):
    self.Stack.setCurrentIndex(i)
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    demo = StackedExample()
    demo.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



□5-31

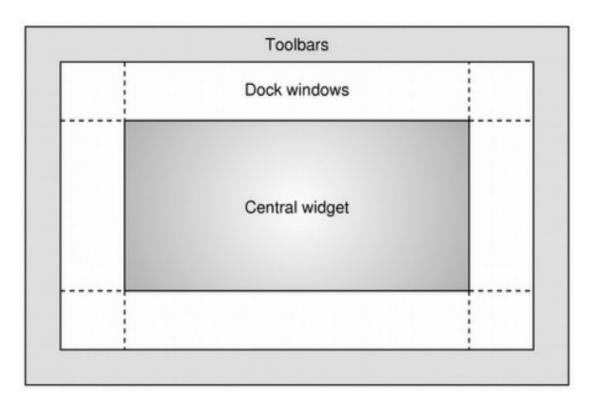


□5-32



□5-33

```
____QStackedWidget____
    self.Stack=QStackedWidget (self)
    self.stack1=QWidget()
    self.stack2=QWidget()
    self.stack3=QWidget()
    self.Stack.addWidget(self.stack1)
    self.Stack.addWidget(self.stack2)
    self.Stack.addWidget(self.stack3)
   ____QStackedWidget _____
nnnnnnnnn QListWidgetnnnnnnnnn
    self.leftlist=QListWidget ()
    self.leftlist.insertItem (0,'□□□□')
    self.leftlist.insertItem (1,' \square \square \square')
    self.leftlist.insertItem (2, || \Box \Box \Box \Box \Box \Box)
    self.leftlist.currentRowChanged.connect(self.display)
   def display(self,i):
      self.Stack.setCurrentIndex(i)
             5.2.3 QDockWidget
```

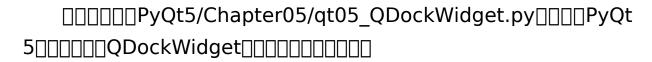


□5-34

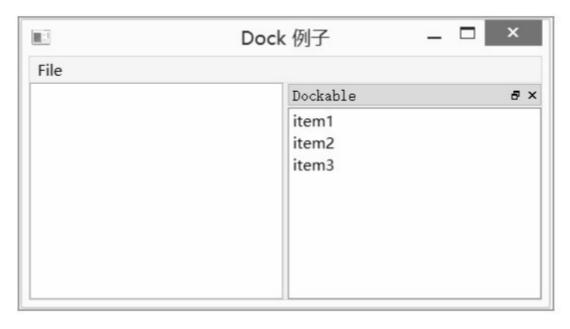
QDockWidget

方 法	描述		
setWidget()	在 Dock 窗口区域设置 QWidget		
setFloating()	设置 Dock 窗口是否可以浮动,如果设置为 True,则表示可以浮动		
setAllowedAreas()	设置窗口可以停靠的区域:		
	• LeftDockWidgetArea,左边停靠区域		
	• RightDockWidgetArea,右边停靠区域		
	● TopDockWidgetArea,顶部停靠区域		
	• BottomDockWidgetArea,底部停靠区域		
	● NoDockWidgetArea,不显示 Widget		
setFeatures()	设置停靠窗口的功能属性:		
	• DockWidgetClosable,可关闭		
	• DockWidgetMovable,可移动		
	● DockWidgetFloatable,可漂浮		
	• DockWidgetVerticalTitleBar,在左边显示垂直的标签栏		
	• AllDockWidgetFeatures,具有前三种属性的所有功能		
	• NoDockWidgetFeatures,无法关闭,不能移动,不能漂浮		

<u>□□5-6 QDockWidget</u>□□□



```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
class DockDemo (QMainWindow):
   def init (self, parent=None):
       super(DockDemo, self).__init__(parent)
       layout = QHBoxLayout()
       bar=self.menuBar()
       file=bar.addMenu("File")
       file.addAction("New")
       file.addAction("save")
       file.addAction("quit")
       self.items = QDockWidget("Dockable", self)
       self.listWidget = QListWidget()
       self.listWidget.addItem("item1")
       self.listWidget.addItem("item2")
       self.listWidget.addItem("item3")
       self.items.setWidget(self.listWidget)
       self.items.setFloating(False)
       self.setCentralWidget(QTextEdit())
       self.addDockWidget(Qt.RightDockWidgetArea, self.items)
       self.setLayout(layout)
       self.setWindowTitle("Dock 例子")
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   demo = DockDemo()
   demo.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□5-35

5.2.4 | | | | | | |

0000GUI00000000000000000000000000000000
SDI_Single
Document Interface
MDI Multiple Document Interface MDI Multiple Document Interface
QMdiArea_
QMidArea 🛮 🔻 🖺 🗬 🗬 QMainWindow 🗎 🗎 🗎 🗎 🗎 🗎
QMdiSubWindow
MDI
OMdiAreaΠΠΟMdiSubWindowΠΠΠΠΠΠΠΠΠΤ5-16ΠΠΠ

□5-16

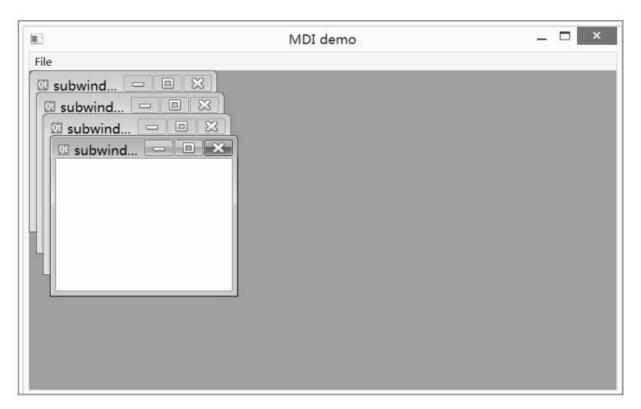
方 法	描述
addSubWindow()	将一个小控件添加在 MDI 区域作为一个新的子窗口
removeSubWindow()	删除一个子窗口中的小控件

方 法	描述
setActiveSubWindow()	激活一个子窗口
cascadeSubWindows()	安排子窗口在 MDI 区域级联显示
tileSubWindows()	安排子窗口在 MDI 区域平铺显示
closeActiveSubWindow()	关闭活动的子窗口
subWindowList()	返回 MDI 区域的子窗口列表
setWidget()	设置一个小控件作为 QMdiSubwindow 实例对象的内部控件

<u>__5-7 ____</u>

ШL	∐∐∐PyQt5/	Chapter05/qt05_	_QMultipleDoc.p	y⊔⊔⊔⊔PyQt
5000][][QMdiArea			

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
class MainWindow(QMainWindow):
    count=0
   def init (self, parent=None):
       super(MainWindow, self).__init__(parent)
       self.mdi = QMdiArea()
       self.setCentralWidget(self.mdi)
       bar=self.menuBar()
       file=bar.addMenu("File")
       file.addAction("New")
       file.addAction("cascade")
       file.addAction("Tiled")
       file.triggered[QAction].connect(self.windowaction)
       self.setWindowTitle("MDI demo")
    def windowaction (self, q):
       print( "triggered")
       if q.text() == "New":
           MainWindow.count=MainWindow.count+1
           sub=QMdiSubWindow()
           sub.setWidget(QTextEdit())
```

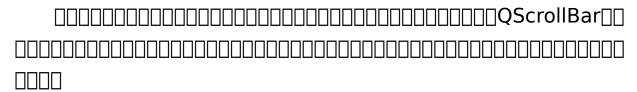


□5-36

□□□□□□□□□□QMainWindow□□□□□□□□□MidArea□□	1

```
self.mdi=OMdiArea()
    self.setCentralWidget(self.mdi)
    bar=self.menuBar()
    file=bar.addMenu("File")
    file.addAction("New")
    file.addAction("cascade")
    file.addAction("Tiled")
   □□□□□□□□□triggered□□□□□□□□windowaction()□
    file.triggered[QAction].connect(self.windowaction)
   MDI\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi
     MainWindow.count=MainWindow.count+1
    sub=QMdiSubWindow()
    sub.setWidget(QTextEdit())
    sub.setWindowTitle("subwindow"+str(MainWindow.cou
 nt))
    self.mdi.addSubWindow(sub)
    sub.show()
   ______rcascade"_"Tiled"_________
if q.text()=="cascade":
          self.mdi.cascadeSubWindows()
        if q.text()=="Tiled":
         self.mdi.tileSubWindows()
```

5.2.5 QScrollBar



QScrollBar

□5-17

信号	含 义
valueChanged	当滑动条的值改变时发射此信号
sliderMoved	当用户拖动滑块时发射此信号

□□5-8 QScrollBar

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
```

```
class Example (QWidget):
       def init (self):
           super(Example, self). init ()
           self.initUI()
       def initUI(self):
           hbox = QHBoxLayout()
           self.ll = QLabel ("拖动滑块改变颜色")
           self.11.setFont(QFont("Arial",16))
           hbox.addWidget(self.11)
           self.s1 = QScrollBar()
           self.sl.setMaximum(255)
           self.sl.sliderMoved.connect(self.sliderval)
           self.s2 = QScrollBar()
           self.s2.setMaximum(255)
           self.s2.sliderMoved.connect(self.sliderval)
           self.s3 = QScrollBar()
           self.s3.setMaximum(255)
           self.s3.sliderMoved.connect(self.sliderval)
           hbox.addWidget(self.s1)
           hbox.addWidget(self.s2)
           hbox.addWidget(self.s3)
           self.setGeometry(300, 300, 300, 200)
           self.setWindowTitle('QScrollBar 例子')
           self.setLayout( hbox )
       def sliderval(self):
           print( self.sl.value(), self.s2.value(), self.s3.value() )
           palette = QPalette()
           c=QColor(self.s1.value(), self.s2.value(),
self.s3.value(),255)
           palette.setColor(QPalette.Foreground,c)
           self.l1.setPalette(palette)
    if name == ' main ':
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       demo = Example()
       demo.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□5-37

5.3 |

5.3.1 QTimer

CPUQTimer
QTimerQTimer
timeout
timeout
00000000000000000000000000QTimer
QTimer5-18

□5-18

方 法	描述
start(milliseconds)	启动或重新启动定时器,时间间隔为毫秒。如果定时器已经运行,它将
	被停止并重新启动。如果 singleShot 信号为真,定时器将仅被激活一次
Stop()	停止定时器

QTimer_____5-19___

□5-19

信 号	描述
singleShot	在给定的时间间隔后调用一个槽函数时发射此信号
timeout	当定时器超时时发射此信号

	173	
	timeout	当定时器超时时发射此信号
	QTimer	
	from PyQt5.QtCor	e import QTimer
	QTimer	timeoutoperate()
5	start(2000)[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[
	# 0000000	
	self.timer=QTimer	r(self)
	# operate()
	# 0000000000	
	self.timer.timeout.	.connect(self.operate)
	self.timer.start(20	00)

1.||1

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QWidget, QPushButton,

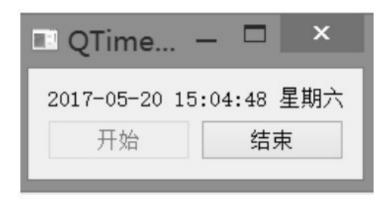
QApplication ,QListWidget, QGridLayout , QLabel
from PyQt5.QtCore import QTimer ,QDateTime
import sys

class WinForm(QWidget):

    def __init__(self,parent=None):
        super(WinForm,self).__init__(parent)
```

```
self.setWindowTitle("QTimer demo")
       self.listFile= QListWidget()
       self.label = QLabel('显示当前时间')
       self.startBtn = QPushButton('开始')
       self.endBtn = QPushButton('结束')
       layout = QGridLayout(self)
       # 初始化一个定时器
       self.timer = QTimer(self)
       # showTime()方法
       self.timer.timeout.connect(self.showTime)
       layout.addWidget(self.label, 0, 0, 1, 2)
       layout.addWidget(self.startBtn,1,0)
       layout.addWidget(self.endBtn,1,1)
       self.startBtn.clicked.connect( self.startTimer)
       self.endBtn.clicked.connect( self.endTimer)
       self.setLayout(layout)
   def showTime(self):
       # 获取系统现在的时间
       time = QDateTime.currentDateTime()
       # 设置系统时间显示格式
       timeDisplay = time.toString("yyyy-MM-dd hh:mm:ss dddd");
       # 在标签上显示时间
       self.label.setText( timeDisplay )
   def startTimer(self):
       # 设置时间间隔并启动定时器
       self.timer.start(1000)
       self.startBtn.setEnabled(False)
       self.endBtn.setEnabled(True)
   def endTimer(self):
       self.timer.stop()
       self.startBtn.setEnabled(True)
       self.endBtn.setEnabled(False)
if name == " main ":
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   form = WinForm()
```

```
form.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



□5-38

```
_____ showTime()_____
 self.timer=QTimer(self)
 self.timer.timeout.connect(self.showTime)
def showTime(self):
  # _____
  time=QDateTime.currentDateTime()
  # 00000000
  timeDisplay=time.toString("yyyy-MM-dd
                                hh:mm:ss
dddd"):
  # 0000000
  self.label.setText( timeDisplay )
# 00000000
```

2. 🗆 2

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtCore import *

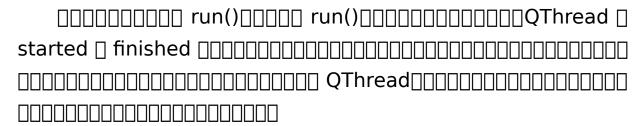
if __name__ == '__main__':
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    label = QLabel("<font color=red size=128><b>Hello PyQT, 窗口会在10

秒后消失! </b></font>")
# 无边框窗口
    label.setWindowFlags(Qt.SplashScreen|Qt.FramelessWindowHint)
    label.show()

# 设置10 秒后自动退出
    QTimer.singleShot(10000, app.quit)
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```


Hello PyQT, 窗口会在10秒后消失!

```
label.setWindowFlags(Qt.SplashScreen|Qt.FramelessWi
 ndowHint)
  __QTimer_____10___10___
   QTimer.singleShot(10000,app.quit)
          5.3.2 QThread
  \Pi\Pi
 class Thread (QThread):
   def init (self):
    super(Thread, self). init ()
   def run(self):
     #线程相关代码
    pass
  thread=Thread()
   thread.start()
  ____PyQt_______Thread_____
QThread∏∏∏∏run()∏∏∏∏∏
```



1.QThread

QThread

□5-20

方 法	描述
start()	启动线程
wait()	阻止线程,直到满足如下条件之一:
	• 与此 QThread 对象关联的线程已完成执行(即从 run()返回时)。如果线程
	完成执行,此函数将返回 True;如果线程尚未启动,此函数也返回 True
	• 等待时间的单位是毫秒。如果时间是 ULONG_MAX (默认值),则等待,
	永远不会超时(线程必须从 run()返回); 如果等待超时, 此函数将返回 False
sleep()	强制当前线程睡眠秒秒。

□5-21

信号	描述
started	在开始执行 run()函数之前,从相关线程发射此信号
finished	当程序完成业务逻辑时,从相关线程发射此信号

2.QThread □□

10__10____

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
import sys
class MainWidget (QWidget):
   def init (self,parent=None):
        super(MainWidget,self). init (parent)
       self.setWindowTitle("QThread 例子")
       self.thread = Worker()
       self.listFile = QListWidget()
       self.btnStart = QPushButton('开始')
       layout = QGridLayout(self)
       layout.addWidget(self.listFile,0,0,1,2)
       layout.addWidget(self.btnStart,1,1)
       self.btnStart.clicked.connect( self.slotStart )
        self.thread.sinOut.connect(self.slotAdd)
   def slotAdd(self, file inf):
       self.listFile.addItem(file inf)
   def slotStart(self):
       self.btnStart.setEnabled(False)
       self.thread.start()
class Worker (QThread):
   sinOut = pyqtSignal(str)
   def init (self,parent=None):
       super(Worker, self). __init (parent)
       self.working = True
       self.num = 0
   def del (self):
       self.working = False
       self.wait()
```

```
def run(self):
    while self.working == True:
        file_str = 'File index {0}'.format(self.num)
        self.num += 1
        # 发射信号
        self.sinOut.emit(file_str)
        # 线程休眠 2 秒
        self.sleep(2)

if __name__ == "__main__":
        app = QApplication(sys.argv)
        demo = MainWidget()
        demo.show()
        sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



□5-40

```
self.listFile=QListWidget()
    self.btnStart=QPushButton('□□')
    layout=QGridLayout(self)
    layout.addWidget(self.listFile,0,0,1,2)
    layout.addWidget(self.btnStart,1,1)
  _____ clicked ____ slotStart()___________
    self.btnStart.clicked.connect( self.slotStart )
    def slotStart(self):
     self.btnStart.setEnabled(False)
     self.thread.start()
  _____ sinOut ____ slotAdd()___slotAdd()_
self.thread.sinOut.connect(self.slotAdd)
    def slotAdd(self,file inf):
     self.listFile.addItem(file_inf)
```

```
class Worker(QThread):
   sinOut = pyqtSignal(str)
   def init (self,parent=None):
       super(Worker, self).__init__(parent)
       self.working = True
       self.num = 0
   def del (self):
       self.working = False
       self.wait()
   def run(self):
       while self.working == True:
           file str = 'File index {0}'.format(self.num)
           self.num += 1
           # 发射信号
           self.sinOut.emit(file str)
           # 线程休眠 2 秒
           self.sleep(2)
```

import sys

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
global sec
sec=0
def setTime():
   global sec
   sec+=1
   # LED 显示数字+1
   lcdNumber.display(sec)
def work():
   # 计时器每秒计数
   timer.start(1000)
   for i in range (2000000000):
       pass
    timer.stop()
if name == " main ":
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   top = QWidget()
   top.resize(300,120)
    # 垂直布局类 QVBoxLayout
   layout = QVBoxLayout(top)
    # 添加一个显示面板
   lcdNumber = QLCDNumber()
   layout.addWidget(lcdNumber)
   button=QPushButton("测试")
   layout.addWidget(button)
    timer = QTimer()
    # 每次计时结束, 触发 setTime
   timer.timeout.connect(setTime)
   button.clicked.connect(work)
    top.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□5-41


```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *

global sec
sec=0

class WorkThread(QThread):
    trigger = pyqtSignal()
    def __int__(self):
        super(WorkThread,self).__init__()
```

```
def run(self):
       for i in range(2000000000):
           pass
       # 循环完毕后发射信号
       self.trigger.emit()
def countTime():
   global sec
   sec += 1
   # LED显示数字+1
   lcdNumber.display(sec)
def work():
   # 计时器每秒计数
   timer.start(1000)
   # 计时开始
   workThread.start()
   # 当获得循环完毕的信号时,停止计数
   workThread.trigger.connect(timeStop)
def timeStop():
   timer.stop()
   print("运行结束用时",1cdNumber.value())
   global sec
   sec=0
if name == " main ":
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   top = QWidget()
   top.resize(300,120)
   # 垂直布局类 QVBoxLayout
   layout = QVBoxLayout(top)
   # 添加一个显示面板
   lcdNumber = QLCDNumber()
   layout.addWidget(lcdNumber)
   button = QPushButton("测试")
   layout.addWidget(button)
   timer = QTimer()
   workThread = WorkThread()
```

```
button.clicked.connect(work)
# 每次计时结束, 触发 countTime
timer.timeout.connect(countTime)

top.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

000005-42000



∏5-42

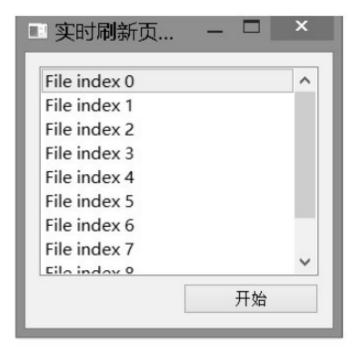
5.3.3 □□□□

000000000000000000000000000000000000000
QApplication.processEvents()
QApplication.processEvents()

from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QWidget, QPushButton ,
QApplication ,QListWidget, QGridLayout

```
import sys
import time
class WinForm(QWidget):
   def init (self,parent=None):
       super(WinForm, self). init (parent)
       self.setWindowTitle("实时刷新页面例子")
       self.listFile= QListWidget()
       self.btnStart = QPushButton('开始')
       layout = QGridLayout(self)
       layout.addWidget(self.listFile,0,0,1,2)
       layout.addWidget(self.btnStart,1,1)
       self.btnStart.clicked.connect( self.slotAdd)
       self.setLayout(layout)
   def slotAdd(self):
       for n in range(10):
           str n='File index {0}'.format(n)
           self.listFile.addItem(str n)
           QApplication.processEvents()
           time.sleep(1)
if name == " main ":
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   form = WinForm()
   form.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

```
0000000005-43000
```



□5-43

5.4 || || || ||

PyQt 5 🛮 🖟 QWebEngineView 🖺 🖺 🖺 HTML 🖺 🖺 🖺 🖺 🖺
QWebView[][][][][][] QWebEngineView [] Chromium [][][[
QtWebKitWebEngineWebEngine
Chromium Chromium
WebEngine
□□HTML 5□
□PyQt 5□□□□□PyQt5.QtWebKitWidgets.QWebEngineView□

QWebEngineView

□5-22

方 法	描述	
load(QUrl url)	加载指定的 URL 并显示	
setHtml(QString &html)	将网页视图的内容设置为指定的 HTML 内容	

	PyQt5/Chapter05/qt05_webview01.py 🛛 🗎 🗎
QWebEngineVie	wWeb

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from PyQt5.QtWebEngineWidgets import *
import sys
class MainWindow (QMainWindow):
   def init (self):
       super(QMainWindow, self). init ()
       self.setWindowTitle('打开外部网页例子')
       self.setGeometry(5, 30, 1355, 730)
       self.browser = QWebEngineView()
       # 加载外部的 Web 页面
       self.browser.load(QUrl('http://www.cnblogs.com/wangshuo1'))
       self.setCentralWidget(self.browser)
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   win = MainWindow()
   win.show()
   app.exec_()
```

00000000005-44000



□5-44

	PyQt5/Chapter05/qt05_webview02.py 🛛 🗎 🗎
QWebEngineVie	wW

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from PyQt5.QtWebEngineWidgets import *
import sys
class MainWindow(QMainWindow):
   def init (self):
       super(QMainWindow, self). init ()
       self.setWindowTitle('加载并显示本地页面例子')
       self.setGeometry(5, 30, 555, 330)
       self.browser = QWebEngineView()
       # 加载本地页面
       url = r'E:/quant/PyQt5/Chapter05/index.html'
       self.browser.load( QUrl( url ))
       self.setCentralWidget(self.browser)
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   win = MainWindow()
   win.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

____index.html

```
<h1>hello PyQt5</h1>
<h1>hello PyQt5</h1>
<h1>Hello PyQt5</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

0000000005-45000



□5-45

	PyQt5/Chapter05/qt05_webview03.py [] [] []
QWebEngineVie	ew
index.html□□□□	00PyQt000000000000

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from PyQt5.QtWebEngineWidgets import *
import sys

class MainWindow(QMainWindow):

def __init__(self ):
    super(QMainWindow, self).__init__()
    self.setWindowTitle('加载并显示本地页面例子')
    self.setGeometry(5, 30, 1355, 730)
```

```
self.browser = QWebEngineView()
        # 加载 HTML 代码
       self.browser = QWebEngineView()
        self.browser.setHtml('''
       <!DOCTYPE html>
       <html>
           <head>
               <meta charset="UTF-8">
               <title></title>
           </head>
           <body>
               <h1>Hello PyQt5</h1>
               <h1>Hello PyQt5</h1>
<h1>hello PyQt5</h1>
<h1>hello PyQt5</h1>
<h1>hello PyQt5</h1>
<h1>Hello PyQt5</h1>
           </body>
       </html>
        111
       self.setCentralWidget(self.browser)
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   win = MainWindow()
   win.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

0000000005-4500000000

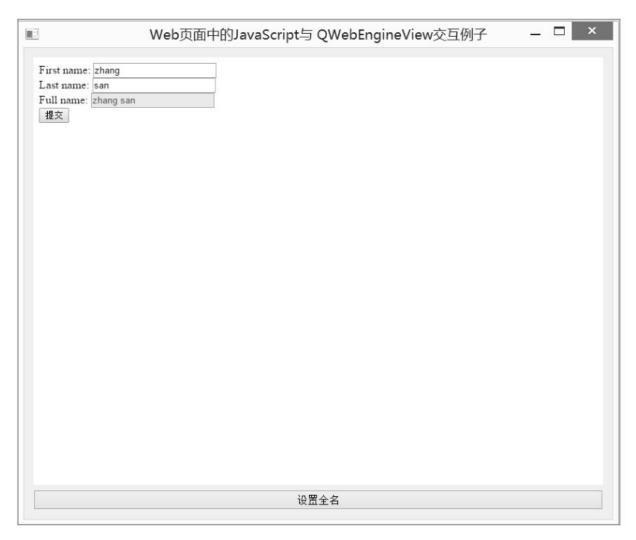
][
□□5-13 PyQt□□JavaScript□□
<pre></pre>
] [
HTML/JavaScript
QWebEnginePag.runJavaScript(str,Callable)
[][][][]PyQt5/Chapter05/qt502_webviewJs01.py[][][][]

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication , QWidget , QVBoxLayout ,
QPushButton
   from PyQt5.QtWebEngineWidgets import QWebEngineView
   import sys
    # 创建一个应用实例
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   win = QWidget()
   win.setWindowTitle('Web 页面中的 JavaScript 与 QWebEngineView 交互例子')
   # 创建一个垂直布局器
   layout = QVBoxLayout()
   win.setLayout(layout)
   # 创建一个 QWebEngineView 对象
   view = QWebEngineView()
   view.setHtml('''
   <html>
   <head>
   <title>A Demo Page</title>
   <script language="javascript">
          # 获得输入的姓名, 然后在页面中显示提交按钮
          function completeAndReturnName() {
            var fname = document.getElementById('fname').value;
            var lname = document.getElementById('lname').value;
            var full = fname + ' ' + lname;
            document.getElementById('fullname').value = full;
            document.getElementById('submit-btn').style.display =
'block';
```

```
return full;
</script>
</head>
<body>
<form>
<label for="fname">First name:</label>
<input type="text" name="fname" id="fname"></input>
<br />
<label for="lname">Last name:</label>
<input type="text" name="lname" id="lname"></input>
<br />
<label for="fullname">Full name:</label>
<input disabled type="text" name="fullname" id="fullname"></input>
<br />
<input style="display: none;" type="submit" id="submit-btn"></input>
</form>
</body>
</html>
''')
# 创建一个按钮用于调用 JavaScript 代码
button = QPushButton('设置全名')
def js callback (result):
   print(result)
def complete name():
  view.page().runJavaScript('completeAndReturnName();', js_callback)
# 按钮连接'complete name'槽函数,当单击按钮时会触发信号
button.clicked.connect(complete name)
# 把 QWebEngineView 控件和按钮控件加载到 layout 布局中
layout.addWidget(view)
layout.addWidget(button)
# 显示窗口和运行
win.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

	Web页面中的JavaScript与 QWebEngineView交互例子	-	×
First name: Last name: Full name:			
	设置全名		

□5-46



□5-47

	Web页面中的JavaScript与 QWebEngineView交互例子	-	□ >
First name:			
Last name:			
Full name:			
?fname=zhang&lna	me=san		

□5-48

view.page().runJavaScript('completeAndReturnName(
);',js_callback)

<u>□□5-14 JavaScript</u>□□PyQt□□

_PyQt 5pyqtProperty()PyQt
<pre>Description</pre>

PyQt5.QtCore.pyqtProperty(type[,fget=None[,fset=None[,freset=None[,fdel=None[,doc=None[,designable=True[,scriptable=True[,stored=True[,user=False[,constant=False[,final=False[,notify=None[,revision=0]]]]]]]]]]]))
pyqtProperty[][[][[][[][][5-23][]]

□5-23

参数	说明
type	必填,属性的类型
fget	可选,用于获取属性的值
fset	可选,用于设置属性的值
freset	可选,用于将属性的值重置为它的默认值
fdel	可选,用于删除属性

参 数 说 明 可选,属性的文档字符串 Doc 可选,设置 Qt DESIGNABLE 标志 designable 可选,设置 Qt SCRIPTABLE 标志 scriptable 可选,设置 Qt STORED 标志 stored user 可选,设置 Qt USER 标志 constant 可选,设置 Qt CONSTANT 标志 可选,设置 Qt FINAL 标志 final 可选,未绑定的通知信号 notify 可选,将版本导出到 QML revision

	L	JLL	J∐⊦	yqtı	?roperty()	JUL		ШЦ][]5	et	ter	∐g	ett	erL	Ш
					PyqtProperty()											
Ру	/Qt	:5/0	Cha	apte	r05/qt05_propert	ty. p	у□									

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import QObject, pyqtProperty
   class MyObject(QObject):
      def init (self, inVal=20):
         self.val = inVal
      def readVal(self):
         print('readVal=%s' % self.val )
         return self.val
      def setVal(self, val):
         print('setVal=%s' % val )
         self.val = val
      ppVal = pyqtProperty(int, readVal, setVal)
   if name == ' main ':
      obj = MyObject()
      print('\n#1')
      obj.ppVal = 10
      print('\n#2')
      print( 'obj.ppVal=%s' % obj.ppVal )
      print( 'obj.readVal()=%s' % obj.readVal() )
   #1
     setVal=10
     #2
     readVal=10
     obj.ppVal=10
     readVal=10
     obj.readVal()=10
   3. PyQt Web
   ____ Web ___ index.html
```

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Web			index.html					
PyQt5/Chapter05/web/index.html								

```
<html>
       <head>
         <title>A Demo Page</title>
        <meta charset="UTF-8">
         <script src="./qwebchannel.js"></script>
        <script language="javascript">
          function completeAndReturnName() {
            var fname = document.getElementById('fname').value;
            var lname = document.getElementById('lname').value;
            var full = fname + ' ' + lname;
            document.getElementById('fullname').value = full;
            document.getElementById('submit-btn').style.display =
'block';
            return full;
          document.addEventListener("DOMContentLoaded", function () {
           new QWebChannel( qt.webChannelTransport, function(channel) {
               //alert('111 channel=' + channel )
                  window.bridge = channel.objects.bridge;
                  alert('bridge='+bridge+'\n从pygt传来的参数='+
window.bridge.strValue ) ;
              });
          });
```

```
function onShowMsqBox() {
              //alert('window.bridge=' + window.bridge);
              if ( window.bridge) {
                  var fname = document.getElementById('fname').value;
                  window.bridge.strValue = fname;
          }
         </script>
       </head>
       <body>
         <form>
          <label for="姓名">user name:</label>
          <input type="text" name="fname" id="fname"></input>
          <input type="button" value="传递参数到 pyqt"
onclick="onShowMsqBox()">
          <input type="reset" value='重置'/>
         </form>
       </body>
     </html>
```

https://code.csdn.net/tujiaw/webengineview/tree/master/qwebchannel.js

□script src="./qwebchannel.js"□□/script□

document.addEventListener("DOMContentLoaded",fun
ction () {

```
QWebChannel(
      new
   qt.webChannelTransport,function(channel) {
        window.bridge=channel.objects.bridge;
      });
     });
   4.□□
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication ,QWidget
 ,QVBoxLayout
     from
               PyQt5.QtWebEngineWidgets
                                              import
 QWebEngineView
     from PyQt5.QtCore import QUrl
     from MySharedObject import MySharedObject
     from PyQt5.QtWebChannel import QWebChannel
     import sys
     # 0000000
     app=QApplication(sys.argv)
     win=QWidget()
     win.setWindowTitle('Web

    □ JavaScript

                            П
                              ПП
 QWebEngineView□□□□')
     # 000000
     layout=QVBoxLayout()
     win.setLayout(layout)
     # | | | QWebEngineView | | |
     view=QWebEngineView()
     htmlUrl='http://127.0.0.1:8020/web/index.html'
```

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import QObject
from PyQt5.QtCore import pyqtProperty
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QWidget,QMessageBox
class MySharedObject(QWidget):
```

```
def __init__( self):
    super( MySharedObject, self).__init__()

def _getStrValue( self):
    # 设置参数
    return '100'

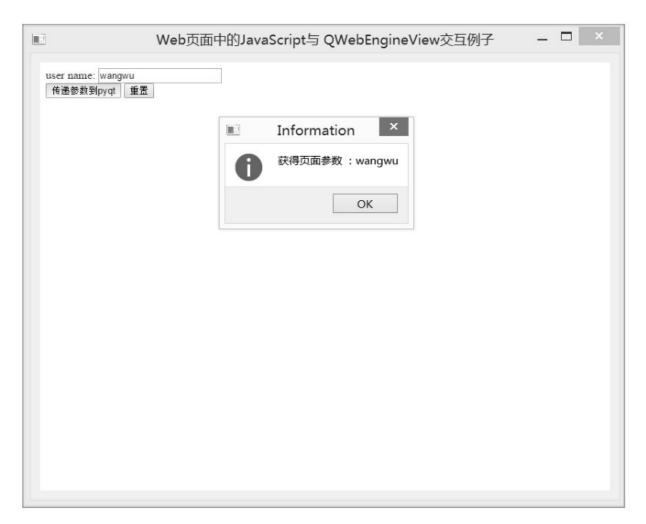
def _setStrValue( self, str ):
    # 获得参数
    print('获得页面参数: %s'% str )
    QMessageBox.information(self,"Information", '获得页面参数: %s'%

str )

# 需要定义对外发布的方法
    strValue = pyqtProperty(str, fget=_getStrValue, fset=_setStrValue)
```



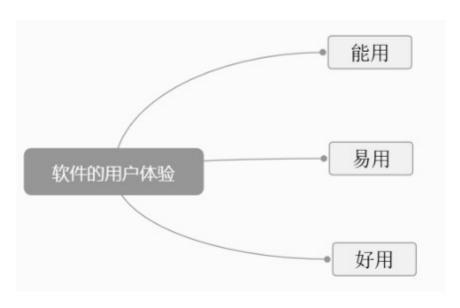
□5-49



□5-50

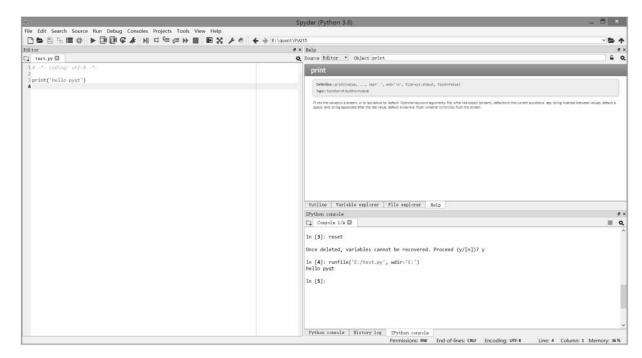
<u>||6|| PyQt 5|| || ||</u>

6.1 | | | | | | | | |



□6-1

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Widget
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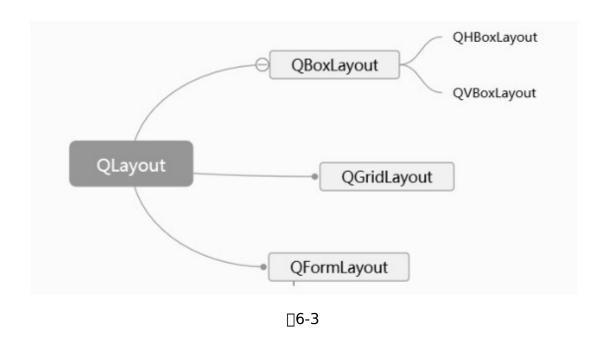


□6-2

6.2 PyQt 5

- ____QHBoxLayout_______
- ____QGridLayout______
- 000000000000000000000000000000000Qt

Designer Des



6.3 PyQt 5

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QWidget, QLabel, QApplication

class Example(QWidget):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
        self.initUI()

def initUI(self):
```

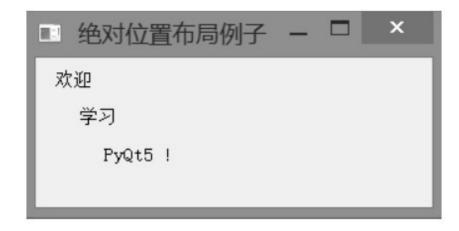
```
lbl1 = QLabel('欢迎', self)
lbl1.move(15, 10)

lbl2 = QLabel('学习', self)
lbl2.move(35, 40)

lbl3 = QLabel('PyQt5 !', self)
lbl3.move(55, 70)

self.setGeometry(300, 300, 320, 120)
self.setWindowTitle('绝对位置布局例子')

if __name__ == '__main__':
app = QApplication(sys.argv)
demo = Example()
demo.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



move()n=15,y=10
lbl1=QLabel('□□',self)
lbl1.move(15,10)
ullet
6.4 QBoxLayout□□□□□
QBoxLayout
QVBoxLayout
6.4.1 QHBoxLayout□□□□□
QHBoxLayout

方 法	描述
addLayout(self, QLayout, stretch = 0)	在窗口的右边添加布局,使用 stretch (伸缩量)进行伸缩,
	伸缩量默认为 0
addWidget(self, QWidget, stretch, Qt.Alignment alignment)	在布局中添加控件:
	• stretch (伸缩量),只适用于 QBoxLayout,控件和窗口
	会随着伸缩量的变大而增大
	• alignment,指定对齐的方式
addSpacing(self, int)	设置各控件的上下间距,通过该方法可以增加额外的空间

QHBoxLayout

___QHBoxLayout_____6-2___

∏6-2

参数	描述
Qt.AlignLeft	水平方向居左对齐
Qt.AlignRight	水平方向居右对齐
Qt.AlignCenter	水平方向居中对齐
Qt.AlignJustify	水平方向两端对齐
Qt.AlignTop	垂直方向靠上对齐
Qt.AlignBottom	垂直方向靠下对齐
Qt.AlignVCenter	垂直方向居中对齐

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□6-5

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Qt.Alignment 🛮 🗎 🗎					
PyQt5/Chapter06/qt06_boxLay	out02.py] [] Qt.A	lignLe	ft 🛮
Qt.AlignLeft[Qt.AlignBottom[
# 000000000000000					
hlayout=QHBoxLayout	()				
# 00000000					
hlayout.addWidget(QPushBu	utton(s	tr(1))	,0	,
Qt.AlignTop)					
hlayout.addWidget(QPush	Buttor	n(str(2)))	,0
,Qt.AlignLeft Qt.AlignTop)					
hlayout.addWidget(QF	PushButto	n(str(3)))		



□6-6

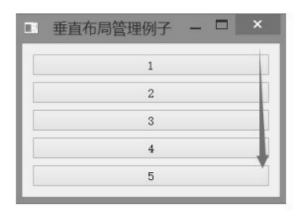
hlayout.addWidget(QPushButton(str(5)))



□6-7

6.4.2 QVBoxLayout□□□□□

D QVBoxLayout
PyQt5/Chapter06/qt06_vboxLayout.py
class Winform(QWidget):
<pre>definit(self,parent=None):</pre>
super(Winform,self)init(parent)
self.setWindowTitle("□□□□□□□")
00000000000000
vlayout=QVBoxLayout()
vlayout.addWidget(QPushButton(str(1)))
vlayout.addWidget(QPushButton(str(2)))
vlayout.addWidget(QPushButton(str(3)))
vlayout.addWidget(QPushButton(str(4)))
vlayout.addWidget(QPushButton(str(5)))
self.setLayout(vlayout)



∏6-8

6.4.3 addStretch()□□□□□

∏6-3

函 数	描述
QBoxLayout.addStretch (int stretch = 0)	addStretch()函数在布局管理器中增加一个可伸缩的控件(QSpaceItem), 0
	为最小值,并且将 stretch 作为伸缩量添加到布局末尾
	stretch 参数表示均分的比例,默认值为 0

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication ,QWidget, QVBoxLayout ,
QHBoxLayout ,QPushButton
import sys

class WindowDemo(QWidget):
    def __init__(self ):
        super().__init__()

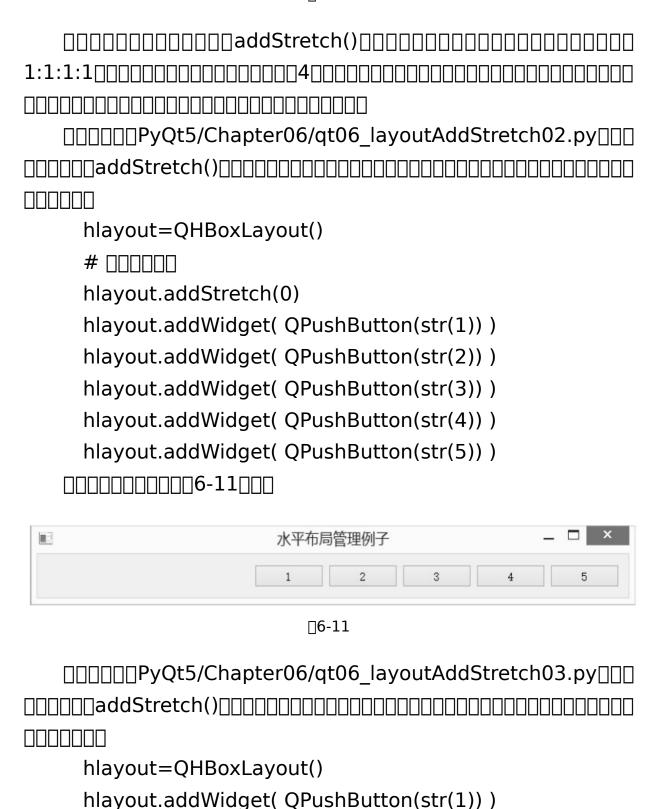
btn1 = QPushButton(self)
    btn2 = QPushButton(self)
```

```
btn3 = QPushButton(self)
      btn1.setText('button 1')
      btn2.setText('button 2')
      btn3.setText('button 3')
      hbox = QHBoxLayout()
      # 设置伸缩量为1
      hbox.addStretch(1)
      hbox.addWidget( btn1 )
      # 设置伸缩量为1
      hbox.addStretch(1)
      hbox.addWidget( btn2 )
      # 设置伸缩量为1
      hbox.addStretch(1)
      hbox.addWidget( btn3 )
      # 设置伸缩量为1
      hbox.addStretch(1)
      self.setLayout(hbox)
      self.setWindowTitle("addStretch 例子")
if name == " main ":
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   win = WindowDemo()
   win.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



□6-9

Ti.		_ 🗆 ×				
	button 1		button 2		button 3	





□6-12

6.5 QGridLayout

QGridLayout

方 法	描述
addWidget (QWidget widget, int row, int col,	给网格布局添加控件,设置指定的行和列。起始位置(top-left position)
int alignment = 0)	的默认值是(0,0)。
	• widget: 所添加的控件
	• row: 控件的行数,默认从0开始
	• column: 控件的列数,默认从0开始
	• alignment: 对齐方式
addWidget(QWidget widget, int fromRow, int	所添加的控件跨越很多行或者列时,使用这个函数。
fromColumn, int rowSpan, int columnSpan,	• widget: 所添加的控件
Qt.Alignment alignment = 0)	• fromRow: 控件的起始行数
	• fromColumn: 控件的起始列数
	• rowSpan: 控件跨越的行数
	• columnSpan: 控件跨越的列数
	• alignment: 对齐方式
setSpacing (int spacing)	设置控件在水平和垂直方向的间隔

$\mathsf{QGridLayout} \underline{\square} \underline{\square} \underline{\square} \underline{\square} \underline{\square} \underline{\square} \underline{\square}$

```
QObject

|
+- QLayout

|
+- QGridLayout
```

6.5.1

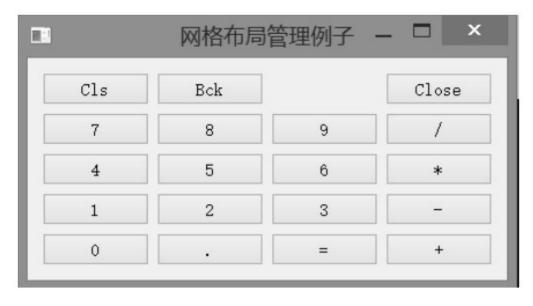
||||||||||PyQt5/Chapter06/qt06_vboxLayout01.py|||||||||

```
import sys
  from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication,QWidget, QGridLayout,
QPushButton

class Winform(QWidget):
    def __init__(self,parent=None):
        super(Winform,self).__init__(parent)
```

```
self.initUI()
   def initUI(self):
      # 1
      grid = QGridLayout()
      self.setLayout(grid)
      # 2
      names = ['Cls', 'Back', '', 'Close',
            171, 181, 191, 1/1,
           '4', '5', '6', '*',
            '1', '2', '3', '-',
           '0', '.', '=', '+']
      # 3
      positions = [(i,j)] for i in range(5) for j in range(4)]
      # 4
      for position, name in zip(positions, names):
          if name == '':
             continue
          button = QPushButton(name)
          grid.addWidget(button, *position)
      self.move(300, 150)
      self.setWindowTitle('网格布局管理例子')
if name == " main ":
      app = QApplication(sys.argv)
      form = Winform()
      form.show()
      sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

_4____addWidget()_____



□6-13

6.5.2

```
import sys
    from PyQt5.QtWidgets import (QWidget, QLabel, QLineEdit, QTextEdit,
QGridLayout, QApplication)
   class Winform(QWidget):
       def __init__(self,parent=None):
           super(Winform, self).__init__(parent)
           self.initUI()
       def initUI(self):
           title = QLabel('标题')
           author = QLabel('提交人')
           review = QLabel('申告内容')
           titleEdit = QLineEdit()
           authorEdit = QLineEdit()
           reviewEdit = QTextEdit()
           grid = QGridLayout()
           grid.setSpacing(10)
           grid.addWidget(title, 1, 0)
           grid.addWidget(titleEdit, 1, 1)
           grid.addWidget(author, 2, 0)
           grid.addWidget(authorEdit, 2, 1)
           grid.addWidget(review, 3, 0)
```

```
grid.addWidget(reviewEdit, 3, 1, 5, 1)

self.setLayout(grid)

self.setGeometry(300, 300, 350, 300)
self.setWindowTitle('故障中告')

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    form = Winform()
    form.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

	故障申告	_	х
标题			
提交人			
申告内容			

□6-14

6.6 QFormLayout□□□□□

QFormLayout label-field
fieldfieldlabel_fieldlabelfield
QFormLayout

```
QObject

|
+- QLayout

|
+- QFormLayout
```

```
fromlayout=QFormLayout()
labl1=QLabel("\( \precedit \) \( \precedit \);
lineEdit1=QLineEdit();
labl2=QLabel("\( \precedit \) \);
lineEdit2=QLineEdit();
labl3=QLabel("\( \precedit \) \);
lineEdit3=QLineEdit();
fromlayout.addRow(labl1,lineEdit1);
fromlayout.addRow(labl2,lineEdit2);
fromlayout.addRow(labl3,lineEdit3);
self.setLayout(fromlayout)
```

	表单布局管理例子	 ×
标签1		
标签2		
标签3		

□6-15

6.7 □□□□

<u>6.7.1 חחחחחחחח</u>

Description: Description: Description: PyQt5/Chapter06/qt06_nestLayout01.py Description:

```
import sys
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication ,QWidget , QHBoxLayout,
QVBoxLayout, QGridLayout, QFormLayout, QPushButton
   class MyWindow ( QWidget):
       def init (self):
          super(). init ()
          self.setWindowTitle('嵌套布局示例')
          # 全局布局(2种):水平
          wlayout = QHBoxLayout()
           #局部布局(4种):水平、垂直、网格、表单
          hlayout = QHBoxLayout()
          vlayout = QVBoxLayout()
          glayout = QGridLayout()
          formlayout = QFormLayout()
          # 为局部布局添加控件 (例如:接钮)
          hlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(1)) )
          hlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(2)) )
          vlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(3)) )
          vlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(4)) )
          glayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(5)) , 0, 0 )
          glayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(6)) , 0, 1 )
          glayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(7)) , 1, 0)
          glayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(8)) , 1, 1)
          formlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(9)) )
          formlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(10)) )
          formlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(11)) )
          formlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(12)) )
```

```
#准备4个控件
      hwg = QWidget()
      vwg = QWidget()
      gwg = QWidget()
      fwg = QWidget()
      # 使用 4 个控件设置局部布局
      hwg.setLayout(hlayout)
      vwg.setLayout(vlayout)
      gwg.setLayout(glayout)
      fwg.setLayout(formlayout)
     # 将 4 个控件添加到全局布局中
      wlayout.addWidget(hwg)
      wlayout.addWidget(vwg)
      wlayout.addWidget(gwg)
      wlayout.addWidget(fwg)
      # 将窗口本身设置为全局布局
      self.setLayout(wlayout)
if name ==" main ":
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   win = MyWindow()
   win.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



```
\Pi1\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi
wlayout=QHBoxLayout()
hlayout=QHBoxLayout()
 vlayout=QVBoxLayout()
 glayout=QGridLayout()
 formlayout=QFormLayout()
\square\square\square\square\square4\square QWidget\square\square\squarehwg\squarevwg\squaregwg\squareformlayout\square
 hwg=QWidget()
 vwg=QWidget()
 gwg=QWidget()
 fwg=QWidget()
____4_QWidget______
 hwg.setLayout(hlayout)
 vwg.setLayout(vlayout)
 gwg.setLayout(glayout)
 fwg.setLayout(formlayout)
wlayout.addWidget(hwg)
wlayout.addWidget(vwg)
wlayout.addWidget(gwg)
wlayout.addWidget(fwg)
```

self.setLayout(wlayout)

____6-1**7**___



□6-17

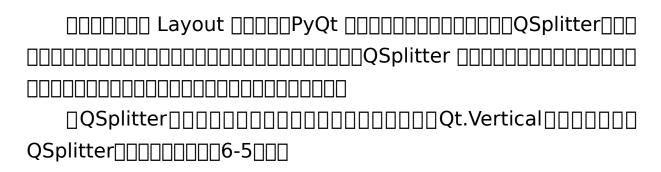
6.7.2 חחחחחחח

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lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:lem:

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
import sys
class MyWindow (QWidget):
   def init (self):
       super(). init ()
       self.setWindowTitle('嵌套布局示例')
       self.resize(700, 200)
       # 全局控件(注意参数 self),用于"承载"全局布局
       wwg = QWidget(self)
       # 全局布局 (注意参数 wwg)
       wl = QHBoxLayout(wwg)
       hlayout = QHBoxLayout()
       vlayout = QVBoxLayout()
       glayout = QGridLayout()
       formlayout = QFormLayout()
       # 为局部布局添加控件(例如:按钮)
       hlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(1)) )
       hlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(2)) )
       vlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(3)) )
       vlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(4)) )
       glayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(5)) , 0, 0 )
       glayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(6)) , 0, 1 )
       glayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(7)) , 1, 0)
       glayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(8)) , 1, 1)
       formlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(9)) )
       formlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(10)) )
       formlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(11)) )
       formlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(12)) )
       # 这里在局部布局中添加控件, 然后将其添加到全局布局中
       wl.addLayout(hlayout)
```

```
wl.addLayout(vlayout)
     wl.addLayout(glayout)
     wl.addLayout(formlayout)
if name ==" main ":
  app = QApplication(sys.argv)
  win = MyWindow()
  win.show()
  sys.exit(app.exec ())
# 0000000 self0000000
 wwg=QWidget(self)
wl=QHBoxLayout(wwg)
hlayout=QHBoxLayout()
 vlayout=QVBoxLayout()
 glayout=QGridLayout()
 formlayout=QFormLayout()
040000000000000000
 hlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(1)) )
 hlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(2)) )
 vlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(3)) )
 vlayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(4)) )
 glayout.addWidget(QPushButton(str(5)),0,0)
 glayout.addWidget(QPushButton(str(6)),0,1)
 glayout.addWidget( QPushButton(str(7)) ,1,0)
```

6.8 QSplitter



□6-5

方 法	描述
addWidget()	将小控件添加到 QSplitter 管理器的布局中
indexOf()	返回小控件在 QSplitter 管理器中的索引
insertWidget()	根据指定的索引将一个控件插入到 QSplitter 管理器中
setOrientation()	设置布局方向:
	• Qt.Horizontal,水平方向
	• Qt.Vertical,垂直方向
setSizes()	设置控件的初始化大小
count()	返回小控件在 QSplitter 管理器中的数量

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *

class SplitterExample(QWidget):
    def __init__(self):
        super(SplitterExample, self).__init__()
        self.initUI()

def initUI(self):
    hbox = QHBoxLayout(self)
    self.setWindowTitle('QSplitter 例子')
```

```
self.setGeometry(300, 300, 300, 200)
       topleft = QFrame()
       topleft.setFrameShape(QFrame.StyledPanel)
       bottom = QFrame()
       bottom.setFrameShape(QFrame.StyledPanel)
       splitter1 = QSplitter(Qt.Horizontal)
       textedit = QTextEdit()
       splitter1.addWidget(topleft)
       splitter1.addWidget(textedit)
       splitter1.setSizes([100,200])
       splitter2 = QSplitter(Qt.Vertical)
       splitter2.addWidget(splitter1)
       splitter2.addWidget(bottom)
       hbox.addWidget(splitter2)
       self.setLayout(hbox)
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   demo = SplitterExample()
   demo.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



∏6-18

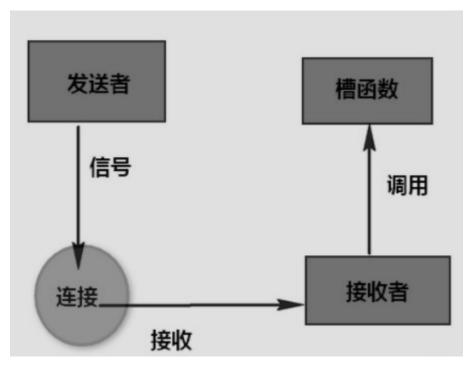
```
QSplitter QFrame QFrame QFrame QFrame QFrame QSplitter QFrame Styled Panel QFrame Styled Panel QFrame Styled Panel QFrame Styled Panel QFrame Splitter QTextEdit QTextEdit QTextEdit QTextEdit QTextEdit QTextEdit QFrame Q
```

hbox.addWidget(splitter2)
self.setLayout(hbox)

7.1

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□7-1

7.1.1 □□□□

PyQt5. QtCore. pyqtSignal(types[, name[, revision=0[, arguments=[]]]]) Create one or more overloaded unbound signals as a class attribute. Parameters: • types – the types that define the C++ signature of the signal. Each type may be a Python type object or a string that is the name of a C++ type. Alternatively each may be a sequence of type arguments. In this case each sequence defines the signature of a different signal overload. The first overload will be the default. • name – the name of the signal. If it is omitted then the name of the class attribute is used. This may only be given as a keyword argument. • revision – the revision of the signal that is exported to QML. This may only be given as a keyword argument. • arguments – the sequence of the names of the signal' s arguments that is exported to QML. This may only be given as a keyword argument. an unbound signal

1. || QObject || || || ||

```
class Foo(QObject):
    # This will cause problems because each has the same C++ signature.
    valueChanged = pyqtSignal([dict], [list])
```

∏7-3

2.

from PyQt5.QtCore import pyqtSignal from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QMainWindow class WinForm(QMainWindow):

btnClickedSignal=pyqtSignal()

□□□□□□□□□□□□WinForm□□□□□btnClickedSignal□□□□

7.1.2 □□□□

connect(slot[, type=PyQt5.QtCore.Qt.AutoConnection[, no_receiver_check=False]])

Connect a signal to a slot. An exception will be raised if the connection failed.

- Parameters: slot the slot to connect to, either a Python callable or another bound signal.
 - type the type of the connection to make.
 - no_receiver_check suppress the check that the underlying C++ receiver instance still exists and deliver the signal anyway.

□7-4

disconnect([slot])

Disconnect one or more slots from a signal. An exception will be raised if the slot is not connected to the signal or if the signal has no connections at all.

Parameters: slot - the optional slot to disconnect from, either a Python callable or another bound signal. If it is omitted then all slots connected to the signal are disconnected.

□7-5

emit(*args)

Emit a signal.

Parameters: args – the optional sequence of arguments to pass to any connected slots.

∏7-6

7.1.3 חחחחחחח

□□□7.3.	3 " []" [[

1.000000000

QObject.signal.connect QObject
QObject
PyQt5/Chapter07/qt07_winSignalSlot01.py
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QPushButton
,QApplication,QWidget
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QMessageBox
import sys
app=QApplication([])
widget=QWidget()
def showMsg():
QMessageBox.information(widget,"\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
□")
btn=QPushButton("DDDDDD",widget)
btn.clicked.connect(showMsg)
widget.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())
000000007-7007-8000
showMsg()
showMsq()nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn





∏7-8

2.

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import QObject , pyqtSignal

# 信号对象
class QTypeSignal(QObject):
    # 定义一个信号
    sendmsg = pyqtSignal( object)

def __init__( self):
    super( QTypeSignal, self).__init__()

def run( self):
    # 发射信号
    self.sendmsg.emit('Hello Pyqt5')

# 槽对象
class QTypeSlot(QObject):
    def __init__( self):
```

```
super( QTypeSlot, self).__init__()

# 槽对象中的槽函数

def get(self, msg):
    print("QSlot get msg =>" + msg)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    send = QTypeSignal()
    slot = QTypeSlot()

# 1
    print('--- 把信号绑定到槽函数上 ---')
    send.sendmsg.connect( slot.get)
    send.run()

# 2
    print('--- 把信号与槽函数的连接断开 ---')
    send.sendmsg.disconnect( slot.get )
    send.run()
```

```
--- 000000000--
   QSlot get msg=

☐ Hello Pyqt5
   \Pi1\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi
   sendmsg=pyqtSignal(object)
  send.sendmsg.connect(slot.get)
  def get(self,msg):
    print("QSlot get msg=□" + msg)
  self.sendmsg.emit('Hello Pyqt5')
  n5nnnnnnnnnnnnget()nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn---nn'
send=QTypeSignal()
   slot=QTypeSlot()
   print('---')
   send.sendmsg.connect( slot.get)
   send.run()
  print('---')
   send.sendmsg.disconnect( slot.get )
   send.run()
```

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
from PyQt5.QtCore import QObject , pyqtSignal
# 信号对象
class QTypeSignal(QObject):
   # 定义一个信号
   sendmsg = pyqtSignal( str,str)
   def init (self):
       super( QTypeSignal, self). init ()
   def run ( self):
       # 发射信号
       self.sendmsq.emit('第一个参数','第二个参数')
# 槽对象
class QTypeSlot(QObject):
   def init (self):
       super( QTypeSlot, self). init ()
   # 槽对象里的槽函数
   def get(self, msg1, msg2):
       print("QSlot get msg => " + msg1 + ' ' + msg2)
if name == ' main ':
   send = QTypeSignal()
```

```
slot = QTypeSlot()
# 1
print('--- 把信号绑定到槽函数 ---')
send.sendmsg.connect( slot.get)
send.run()

# 2
print('--- 断开信号与槽函数 ---')
send.sendmsg.disconnect( slot.get )
send.run()
```

--- 00000000--

QSlot get msg=[] [][[][] [][][]

--- ПППППППП---

7.1.4 □□□□

7.2 חחחחחחח

7.2.1

```
□□□□□ PyQt5/Chapter07/qt07 buildInSignalSlot01□□□□□
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
    import sys
    class Winform(QWidget):
      def init (self,parent=None):
       super(). init (parent)
       self.resize(330,50)
       btn=QPushButton('□□',self)
       btn.clicked.connect(self.close)
    if name ==' main ':
      app=QApplication(sys.argv)
      win=Winform()
      win.show()
      sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□7-9

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
import sys

class Winform(QWidget):
    def __init__(self,parent=None):
        super().__init__(parent)
        self.setWindowTitle('内置的信号和自定义槽函数示例')
        self.resize(330, 50)
        btn = QPushButton('关闭', self)
```

```
btn.clicked.connect(self.btn_close)

def btn_close(self):
    # 自定义槽函数
    self.close()

if __name__ == '__main__':
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    win = Winform()
    win.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



7.2.3 חחחחחחחחח

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from PyQt5.QtCore import pyqtSignal
import sys

class Winform(QWidget):
    # 自定义信号,不带参数
    button_clicked_signal = pyqtSignal()

def __init__(self,parent=None):
    super().__init__(parent)
    self.setWindowTitle('自定义信号和内置槽函数示例')
    self.resize(330, 50)
    btn = QPushButton('关闭', self)
    # 连接信号与槽函数
```

```
btn.clicked.connect(self.btn_clicked)
# 接收信号,连接到槽函数
self.button_clicked_signal.connect(self.close)

def btn_clicked(self):
# 发送自定义信号,无参数
self.button_clicked_signal.emit()

if __name__ == '__main__':
app = QApplication(sys.argv)
win = Winform()
win.show()
sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□7-11

7.2.4 חחחחחחחח

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from PyQt5.QtCore import pyqtSignal
import sys

class Winform(QWidget):
    # 自定义信号,不带参数
    button_clicked_signal = pyqtSignal()

def __init__(self,parent=None):
    super().__init__(parent)
    self.setWindowTitle('自定义信号和槽函数示例')
    self.resize(330, 50)
```

```
btn = QPushButton('关闭', self)
# 连接信号与槽函数
btn.clicked.connect(self.btn_clicked)
# 接收信号,连接到自定义的槽函数
self.button_clicked_signal.connect(self.btn_close)

def btn_clicked(self):
# 发送自定义信号,无参数
self.button_clicked_signal.emit()

def btn_close(self):
self.close()

if __name__ == '__main__':
app = QApplication(sys.argv)
win = Winform()
win.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



∏7-12



7.3.1

1.000
class MyWidget(QWidget):
00000
Signal_NoParameters=pyqtSignal()
0000(00)000
Signal_OneParameter=pyqtSignal(int)
0000(000000)0000000
Signal_OneParameter_Overload=pyqtSignal([int],
[str])
0000(00,000)
Signal_TwoParameters=pyqtSignal(int,str)
Signal_TwoParameters_Overload=pyqtSignal([int,int],
[int,str])
2.0000

pass

3.0000000

__connect_____

```
app = QApplication(sys.argv)
widget = MyWidget()
# 连接无参数的信号
widget.Signal NoParameters.connect(self.setValue NoParameters )
# 连接带一个整数参数的信号
widget.Signal OneParameter.connect(self.setValue OneParameter)
# 连接带一个整数参数, 经过重载的信号
widget.Signal OneParameter Overload[int].
   connect(self.setValue OneParameter)
# 连接带一个整数参数, 经过重载的信号
widget.Signal OneParameter Overload[str].
   connect(self.setValue OneParameter_String )
# 连接一个信号,它有两个整数参数
widget.Signal TwoParameters.connect(self.setValue TwoParameters)
# 连接带两个参数(整数,整数)的重载版本的信号
widget.Signal TwoParameters Overload[int,int].
   connect(self.setValue TwoParameters )
# 连接带两个参数(整数,字符串)的重载版本的信号
widget.Signal TwoParameters Overload[int,str].
   connect(self.setValue TwoParameters String )
widget.show()
4.
class MyWidget(QWidget):
    def mousePressEvent(self,event):
      # 0000000
      self.Signal NoParameters.emit()
      # 000000(00)000
      self.Signal_OneParameter.emit(1)
```

```
# \( \begin{align*} \) \( \text{signal_OneParameter_Overload.emit(1)} \\
# \( \begin{align*} \be
```

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import QObject , pyqtSignal
class CustSignal(QObject):
   #声明无参数的信号
  signal1 = pyqtSignal()
   #声明带一个 int 类型参数的信号
  signal2 = pyqtSignal(int)
   #声明带 int 和 str 类型参数的信号
   signal3 = pyqtSignal(int,str)
   #声明带一个列表类型参数的信号
   signal4 = pyqtSignal(list)
   #声明带一个字典类型参数的信号
  signal5 = pyqtSignal(dict)
   #声明一个多重载版本的信号,包括带 int 和 str 类型参数的信号和带 str 类型参数的信号
   signal6 = pyqtSignal([int,str], [str])
  def init (self,parent=None):
      super(CustSignal, self). init (parent)
      #将信号连接到指定槽函数
      self.signal1.connect(self.signalCall1)
      self.signal2.connect(self.signalCall2)
```

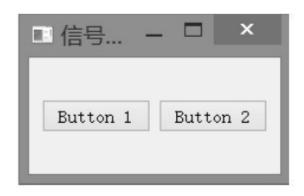
```
self.signal3.connect(self.signalCall3)
      self.signal4.connect(self.signalCall4)
      self.signal5.connect(self.signalCall5)
      self.signal6[int,str].connect(self.signalCall6)
      self.signal6[str].connect(self.signalCall6OverLoad)
       #发射信号
      self.signal1.emit()
      self.signal2.emit(1)
      self.signal3.emit(1,"text")
      self.signal4.emit([1,2,3,4])
      self.signal5.emit({"name":"wangwu", "age":"25"})
      self.signal6[int,str].emit(1,"text")
      self.signal6[str].emit("text")
   def signalCall1(self):
      print("signal1 emit")
   def signalCall2(self, val):
      print("signal2 emit, value:", val)
   def signalCall3(self, val, text):
      print("signal3 emit, value:", val, text)
   def signalCall4(self, val):
      print("signal4 emit, value:", val)
   def signalCall5(self, val):
      print("signal5 emit, value:", val)
   def signalCall6(self, val, text):
      print("signal6 emit, value:", val, text)
   def signalCall6OverLoad(self, val):
      print("signal6 overload emit, value:", val)
if name == ' main ':
   custSignal = CustSignal()
```

signal1 emit signal2 emit, value: 1 signal3 emit, value: 1 text signal4 emit, value: [1,2,3,4] signal5 emit, value: {'name': 'wangwu', 'age': '25'} signal6 emit, value: 1 text signal6 overload emit, value: text 7.3.2 button1.clicked.connect(show_page) Onderstand the second of the s ___show page____ def show page(self,name): print(name," □□□")

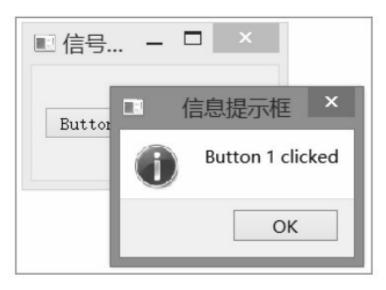
PyQt5/Chapter07/qt07 winSignalSlot04.py

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QMainWindow, QPushButton , QWidget ,
QMessageBox, QApplication, QHBoxLayout
   import sys
    class WinForm(QMainWindow):
        def init (self, parent=None):
           super(WinForm, self). init (parent)
           button1 = QPushButton('Button 1')
           button2 = QPushButton('Button 2')
           button1.clicked.connect(lambda: self.onButtonClick(1))
           button2.clicked.connect(lambda: self.onButtonClick(2))
           layout = QHBoxLayout()
           layout.addWidget(button1)
           layout.addWidget(button2)
           main frame = QWidget()
           main frame.setLayout(layout)
           self.setCentralWidget(main frame)
       def onButtonClick(self, n):
           print('Button {0} 被按下了'.format(n))
           QMessageBox.information(self, "信息提示框", 'Button {0}
clicked'.format(n))
   if name == " main ":
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       form = WinForm()
       form.show()
```

sys.exit(app.exec_())



□7-13



□7-14

<pre>"Button 1" </pre>
Python DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD
Button 1 🗆 🗆 🗎
onButtonClick()lambda
functools partial
PyQt5/Chapter07/qt07_winSignalSlot05.py

button1.clicked.connect(partial(self.onButtonClick,1))
button2.clicked.connect(partial(self.onButtonClick,2))
<u>7.3.3 □□□□□□</u>
@PyQt5.QtCore.pyqtSlot([[]])
def on(self,):
pass
QMetaObject.connectSlotsByName(QObject)
non +setObjectName +

```
from PyQt5 import QtCore
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication ,QWidget ,QHBoxLayout ,
QPushButton
   import sys
   class CustWidget( QWidget ):
       def init (self, parent=None):
          super(CustWidget, self). init (parent)
          self.okButton = QPushButton("OK", self)
          #使用 setObjectName 设置对象名称
          self.okButton.setObjectName("okButton")
          layout = QHBoxLayout()
          layout.addWidget(self.okButton)
          self.setLayout(layout)
          QtCore.QMetaObject.connectSlotsByName(self)
       @QtCore.pyqtSlot()
       def on okButton clicked(self):
          print("单击了OK按钮")
   if __name__ == "__main__":
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       win = CustWidget()
      win.show()
```

```
000000000 7-15 00000"OK"00000000000000
```

app.exec ()

Python 3.5.3 (v3.5.3:1	1880cb95a742 , Jan 16
Standard	■ t - □ ×
>>> 单击了OK按钮	
单击了OK按钮	OK
单击了OK按钮	OK.
单击了OK按钮	

∏7-15

```
QMetaObject.connectSlotsByName(QObject)
  \square\square\square\square QtCore.QMetaObject.connectSlotsByName(self)\square\square\square
@QtCore.pyqtSlot()
   def on okButton clicked(self):
    print( "□□□OK□□")
  _____ on ___ on ___
def init (self,parent=None):
    self.okButton.clicked.connect(self.okButton_clicked)
   def okButton clicked(self):
    print(" \sqcap \sqcap \sqcap \cap OK \sqcap \sqcap \sqcap)
```

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
```

```
【简介】
       信号与槽的自动连接例子
   11 11 11
   from PyQt5 import QtCore
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication ,QWidget ,QHBoxLayout ,
QPushButton
   import sys
   class CustWidget( QWidget ):
       def init (self, parent=None):
          super(CustWidget, self). init (parent)
          self.okButton = QPushButton("OK", self)
          #使用 setObjectName 设置对象名称
          self.okButton.setObjectName("okButton")
          layout = QHBoxLayout()
          layout.addWidget(self.okButton)
          self.setLayout(layout)
          QtCore.QMetaObject.connectSlotsByName(self)
          self.okButton.clicked.connect(self.okButton clicked)
       def okButton clicked(self):
          print("单击了OK按钮")
   if name == " main ":
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       win = CustWidget()
       win.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

7.3.4

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import QObject , pyqtSignal
class SignalClass(QObject):
    # 声明无参数的信号
   signal1 = pyqtSignal()
    # 声明带一个 int 类型参数的信号
   signal2 = pyqtSignal(int)
   def init (self,parent=None):
       super(SignalClass, self). _ init_ (parent)
       # 将信号 signall 连接到 sin1Call 和 sin2Call 这两个槽函数
       self.signall.connect(self.sin1Call)
       self.signal1.connect(self.sin2Call)
       # 将信号 signal2 连接到信号 signal1
       self.signal2.connect(self.signal1)
       # 发射信号
       self.signal1.emit()
       self.signal2.emit(1)
       # 断开 signal1、signal2 信号与各槽函数的连接
       self.signal1.disconnect(self.sin1Call)
       self.signal1.disconnect(self.sin2Call)
       self.signal2.disconnect(self.signal1)
       # 将信号 signall 和 signal2 连接到同一个槽函数 sin1Call
       self.signal1.connect(self.sin1Call)
       self.signal2.connect(self.sin1Call)
       # 再次发射信号
       self.signal1.emit()
       self.signal2.emit(1)
   def sin1Call(self):
       print("signal-1 emit")
   def sin2Call(self):
       print("signal-2 emit")
```

```
if name == ' main ':
                     signal = SignalClass()
            signal-1 emit
           signal-2 emit
            signal-1 emit
           signal-2 emit
            signal-1 emit
            signal-1 emit
                          7.3.5 Qt Designer
            Call_xxx.py_____
            ____Qt Designer_______
[F1]
            On the control of the
```



□7-16

□7-1

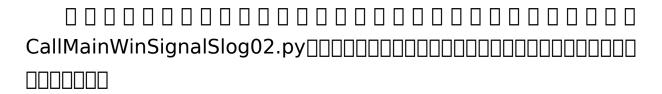
控件类型	控件名称	作用
QSpinBox	numberSpinBox	显示打印的份数
QComboBox	styleCombo	显示打印的纸张类型。纸张类型包括 A3、A4 和 A5 纸
QPushButton	printButton	连接 emitPrintSignal 函数的绑定。触发自定义信号
		printSignal 的发射
QCheckBox	previewStatus	是否全屏预览
QPushButton	previewButton	连接 emitPreviewSignal 函数的绑定。触发自定义信号
		previewSignal 的发射
QLabel	resultLabel	显示执行结果

]□□□□□ MainWinSignalSlog02.ui□
$\ \ \square \ \square \square MainWinSignalSlog0$	2.py 🛮 🗎 🗎 🗎 🗎 🖺 🖺 🖺 🖺
$MainWinSignalSlog02.ui \verb $]py
pyuic5-o	MainWinSignalSlog02.py
MainWinSignalSlog02.ui	
MainWinSignalSlo	g02.py

```
from PyQt5 import QtCore, QtGui, QtWidgets
class Ui Form (object):
   def setupUi(self, Form):
      Form.setObjectName("Form")
      Form.resize(715, 225)
      self.controlsGroup = QtWidgets.QGroupBox(Form)
      self.controlsGroup.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(10, 20, 451, 151))
      self.controlsGroup.setObjectName("controlsGroup")
      self.widget = QtWidgets.QWidget(self.controlsGroup)
      self.widget.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(10, 40, 411, 30))
      self.widget.setObjectName("widget")
      self.horizontalLayout = QtWidgets.QHBoxLayout(self.widget)
      self.horizontalLayout.setContentsMargins(0, 0, 0, 0)
      self.horizontalLayout.setObjectName("horizontalLayout")
      self.label = QtWidgets.QLabel(self.widget)
      self.label.setObjectName("label")
      self.horizontalLayout.addWidget(self.label)
      self.numberSpinBox = QtWidgets.QSpinBox(self.widget)
      self.numberSpinBox.setObjectName("numberSpinBox")
      self.horizontalLayout.addWidget(self.numberSpinBox)
      self.styleCombo = QtWidgets.QComboBox(self.widget)
```

```
self.styleCombo.setObjectName("styleCombo")
   self.styleCombo.addItem("")
   self.styleCombo.addItem("")
   self.styleCombo.addItem("")
   self.horizontalLayout.addWidget(self.styleCombo)
   self.label 2 = QtWidgets.QLabel(self.widget)
   self.label 2.setObjectName("label 2")
   self.horizontalLayout.addWidget(self.label 2)
   self.printButton = QtWidgets.QPushButton(self.widget)
   self.printButton.setObjectName("printButton")
   self.horizontalLayout.addWidget(self.printButton)
   self.widget1 = QtWidgets.QWidget(self.controlsGroup)
   self.widget1.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(10, 100, 201, 30))
   self.widget1.setObjectName("widget1")
   self.horizontalLayout 2 = QtWidgets.QHBoxLayout(self.widget1)
   self.horizontalLayout 2.setContentsMargins(0, 0, 0, 0)
   self.horizontalLayout 2.setObjectName("horizontalLayout 2")
   self.previewStatus = QtWidgets.QCheckBox(self.widget1)
   self.previewStatus.setObjectName("previewStatus")
   self.horizontalLayout 2.addWidget(self.previewStatus)
   self.previewButton = QtWidgets.QPushButton(self.widget1)
   self.previewButton.setObjectName("previewButton")
   self.horizontalLayout 2.addWidget(self.previewButton)
   self.resultGroup = QtWidgets.QGroupBox(Form)
   self.resultGroup.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(470, 20, 231, 151))
   self.resultGroup.setObjectName("resultGroup")
   self.resultLabel = QtWidgets.QLabel(self.resultGroup)
   self.resultLabel.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(20, 30, 191, 101))
   self.resultLabel.setObjectName("resultLabel")
   self.retranslateUi(Form)
   QtCore.QMetaObject.connectSlotsByName(Form)
def retranslateUi(self, Form):
   translate = QtCore.QCoreApplication.translate
   Form.setWindowTitle(translate("Form", "打印控件"))
   self.controlsGroup.setTitle( translate("Form", "打印控制"))
   self.label.setText(translate("Form", "打印份数:"))
   self.styleCombo.setItemText(0, translate("Form", "A3"))
   self.styleCombo.setItemText(1, translate("Form", "A4"))
   self.styleCombo.setItemText(2, _translate("Form", "A5"))
   self.label 2.setText( translate("Form", "纸张类型:"))
```

```
self.printButton.setText(_translate("Form", "打印"))
self.previewStatus.setText(_translate("Form", "全屏预览"))
self.previewButton.setText(_translate("Form", "预览"))
self.resultGroup.setTitle(_translate("Form", "操作结果"))
self.resultLabel.setText(_translate("Form",
"<html><head/><body><br/>></body></html>"))
```



```
import sys
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication , QMainWindow
   from MainWinSignalSlog02 import Ui Form
   from PyQt5.QtCore import pyqtSignal , Qt
   class MyMainWindow (QMainWindow, Ui Form):
       helpSignal = pyqtSignal(str)
       printSignal = pyqtSignal(list)
       # 声明一个多重载版本的信号,包括一个带 int 和 str 类型参数的信号,以及带 str 类
型参数的信号
       previewSignal = pyqtSignal([int,str],[str])
       def init (self, parent=None):
           super(MyMainWindow, self). init (parent)
           self.setupUi(self)
           self.initUI()
       def initUI(self):
           self.helpSignal.connect(self.showHelpMessage)
           self.printSignal.connect(self.printPaper)
           self.previewSignal[str].connect(self.previewPaper)
           self.previewSignal[int,str].connect(self.
previewPaperWithArgs)
           self.printButton.clicked.connect(self.emitPrintSignal)
           self.previewButton.clicked.connect(self.emitPreviewSignal)
       # 发射预览信号
       def emitPreviewSignal(self):
           if self.previewStatus.isChecked() == True:
               self.previewSignal[int,str].emit(1080," Full Screen")
           elif self.previewStatus.isChecked() == False:
               self.previewSignal[str].emit("Preview")
```

```
# 发射打印信号
       def emitPrintSignal(self):
           pList = []
           pList.append(self.numberSpinBox.value() )
           pList.append(self.styleCombo.currentText())
           self.printSignal.emit(pList)
       def printPaper(self, list):
           self.resultLabel.setText("打印: "+"份数: "+ str(list[0]) +" 纸
张: "+str(list[1]))
       def previewPaperWithArgs(self, style, text):
           self.resultLabel.setText(str(style)+text)
       def previewPaper(self, text):
           self.resultLabel.setText(text)
       # 重载按键事件
       def keyPressEvent(self, event):
           if event.key() == Qt.Key F1:
               self.helpSignal.emit("help message")
       # 显示帮助信息
       def showHelpMessage(self, message):
           self.resultLabel.setText(message)
           self.statusBar().showMessage(message)
   if name ==" main ":
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       win = MyMainWindow()
       win.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

	打印控件	_ 🗆 ×
打印控制		操作结果
打印份数: 6 ♣ A5 ✓ 全屏预览 预览	▼ 纸张类型: 打印	打印: 份数: 6 纸张: A5

□7-17
<pre>previewSignal </pre>
str
helpSignal=pyqtSignal(str)
printSignal=pyqtSignal(list)
<pre>previewSignal=pyqtSignal([int,str],[str])</pre>
previewSignal
previewSignal(str) previewSignal(int,str)
self.helpSignal.connect(self.showHelpMessage)
self.printSignal.connect(self.printPaper)
self.previewSignal[str].connect(self.previewPaper)
self.previewSignal[int,str].connect(self.previewPaperWit
hArgs)
[str][][]previewSignal[][][previewPaper()[[int,str][][]
previewSignal

```
def emitPreviewSignal(self):
     if self.previewStatus.isChecked()==True:
      self.previewSignal[int,str].emit(1080," Full Screen")
     elif self.previewStatus.isChecked()==False:
      self.previewSignal[str].emit("Preview")
  DDList
    def emitPrintSignal(self):
     pList=[]
     pList.append(self.numberSpinBox.value())
     pList.append(self.styleCombo.currentText())
     self.printSignal.emit(pList)
  \sqcap\sqcap\sqcap keyPressEvent()\sqcap\sqcap\sqcap F1 \sqcap\sqcap\sqcap\sqcap\sqcap\sqcap\sqcap Windows \sqcap\sqcap\sqcap\sqcap
keyPressEvent()
    # 00000
    def keyPressEvent(self,event):
     if event.key()==Qt.Key F1:
      self.helpSignal.emit("help message")
  ПΠ
```

7.3.6 חחחחחחחחח

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```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication ,QWidget
from PyQt5.QtCore import QThread , pyqtSignal
import sys
class Main (QWidget):
   def init (self, parent = None):
       super(Main, self).__init__(parent)
       # 创建一个线程实例并设置名称、变量、信号与槽
       self.thread = MyThread()
       self.thread.setIdentity("thread1")
       self.thread.sinOut.connect(self.outText)
       self.thread.setVal(6)
   def outText(self, text):
       print(text)
class MyThread (QThread):
   sinOut = pyqtSignal(str)
   def init (self,parent=None):
```

```
super(MyThread, self). init (parent)
         self.identity = None
      def setIdentity(self,text):
         self.identity = text
      def setVal(self, val):
         self.times = int(val)
         # 执行线程的 run 方法
         self.start()
      def run(self):
         while self.times > 0 and self.identity:
            # 发射信号
            self.sinOut.emit(self.identity+"==>"+str(self.times))
            self.times -= 1
   if name == ' main ':
      app = QApplication(sys.argv)
      main = Main()
      main.show()
      sys.exit(app.exec_())
   thread1 = = ||6|
     thread1 = = ||5|
     thread1 = = []4
     thread1==\square3
     thread1 = = \square 2
     thread1 = = \prod 1
```

BackendThread
<pre>update_date</pre> <pre>BackendThread</pre>
<pre>[]update_date[]</pre>
DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD
update_date handleDisplay()
DDDDDDDDDDDDQLineEdit

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import QThread , pyqtSignal, QDateTime
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication, QDialog, QLineEdit
import time
import sys
class BackendThread(QThread):
   # 通过类成员对象定义信号
   update date = pyqtSignal(str)
   # 处理业务逻辑
   def run(self):
       while True:
           data = QDateTime.currentDateTime()
           currTime = data.toString("yyyy-MM-dd hh:mm:ss")
           self.update date.emit( str(currTime) )
           time.sleep(1)
class Window (QDialog):
   def init (self):
       QDialog. init (self)
       self.setWindowTitle('PyQt 5界面实时更新例子')
       self.resize(400, 100)
       self.input = QLineEdit(self)
       self.input.resize(400, 100)
       self.initUI()
   def initUI(self):
        # 创建线程
       self.backend = BackendThread()
        # 连接信号
       self.backend.update date.connect(self.handleDisplay)
        # 开始线程
       self.backend.start()
   # 将当前时间输出到文本框
   def handleDisplay(self, data):
       self.input.setText(data)
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   win = Window()
   win.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□7-18

7.4 חחחחחחח

7.4.1 חחחחחחחחח

7.4.2

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●
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7.4.3
PyQt0000500000000000000000000000000000000
<pre>[] mousePressEvent() keyPressEvent() paintEvent() []</pre>
<pre>[]2[][][]QObject.event()</pre>
QObject installEventFilter QObject

```
import sys
   from PyQt5.QtCore import (QEvent, QTimer, Qt)
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import (QApplication, QMenu, QWidget)
   from PyQt5.QtGui import QPainter
   class Widget (QWidget):
      def init (self, parent=None):
         super(Widget, self). init (parent)
         self.justDoubleClicked = False
         self.key = ""
         self.text = ""
         self.message = ""
         self.resize(400, 300)
         self.move(100, 100)
         self.setWindowTitle("Events")
         QTimer.singleShot(0, self.qiveHelp) # 避免受窗口大小重绘事件的影响,
可以把参数 0 改成 3000 (3 秒), 然后再运行, 就可以明白这行代码的意思
      def giveHelp(self):
         self.text = "请点击这里触发追踪鼠标功能"
         self.update() # 重绘事件,也就是触发 paintEvent 函数
```



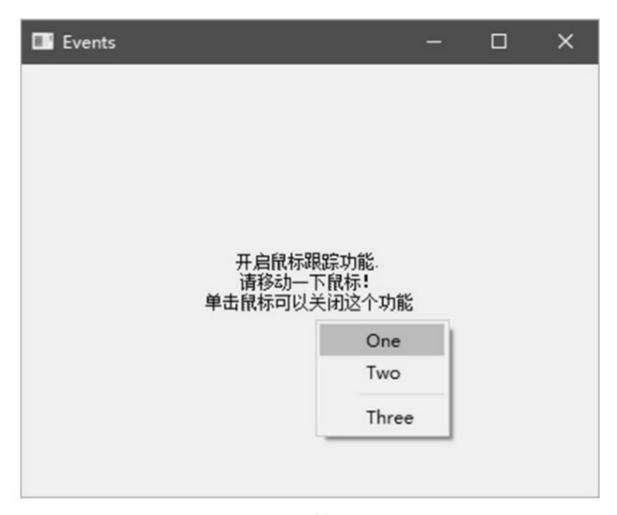
□7-19

```
'''重新实现关闭事件'''
def closeEvent(self, event):
   print("Closed")
'''重新实现上下文菜单事件'''
def contextMenuEvent(self, event):
  menu = QMenu(self)
   oneAction = menu.addAction("&One")
   twoAction = menu.addAction("&Two")
   oneAction.triggered.connect(self.one)
   twoAction.triggered.connect(self.two)
   if not self.message:
      menu.addSeparator()
      threeAction = menu.addAction("&Three")
      threeAction.triggered.connect(self.three)
   menu.exec (event.globalPos())
'''上下文菜单槽函数'''
def one(self):
   self.message = "Menu option One"
```

```
self.update()

def two(self):
    self.message = "Menu option Two"
    self.update()

def three(self):
    self.message = "Menu option Three"
    self.update()
```



□7-20



□7-21

```
'''重新实现绘制事件'''
   def paintEvent(self, event):
      text = self.text
      i = text.find("\n\n")
      if i >= 0:
        text = text[0:i]
      if self.key: # 若触发了键盘按键,则在信息文本中记录这个按键信息
         text += "\n\n 你按下了: {0}".format(self.key)
      painter = QPainter(self)
      painter.setRenderHint(QPainter.TextAntialiasing)
      painter.drawText(self.rect(), Qt.AlignCenter, text) # 绘制信息文本的
内容
      if self.message: # 若信息文本存在,则在底部居中绘制信息,5秒后清空信息文本
并重绘
         painter.drawText(self.rect(), Qt.AlignBottom | Qt.AlignHCenter,
self.message)
         QTimer.singleShot(5000, self.clearMessage)
         QTimer.singleShot(5000, self.update)
   ""清空信息文本的槽函数""
   def clearMessage(self):
      self.message = ""
   def resizeEvent(self,event):
       self.text="\coloredge]QSize(\{0\},\{1\})".format(
```

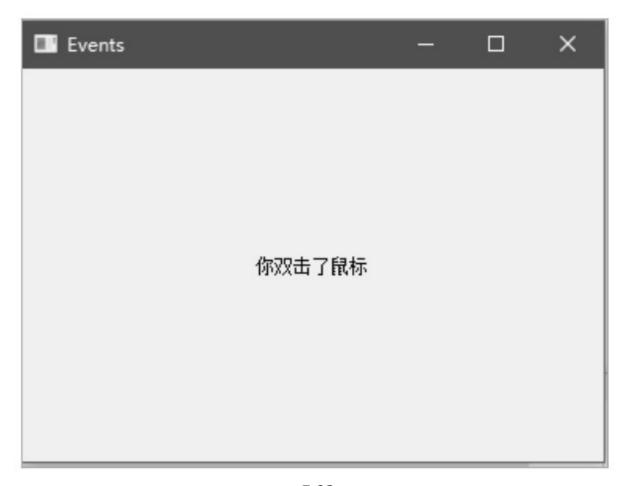
event.size().width(),event.size().height())

self.update()



□7-22

'''重新实现鼠标释放事件'''



□7-23



□7-24



<u>__</u>7-25

0000000000007-26007-27000

```
| '''重新实现鼠标移动事件'''

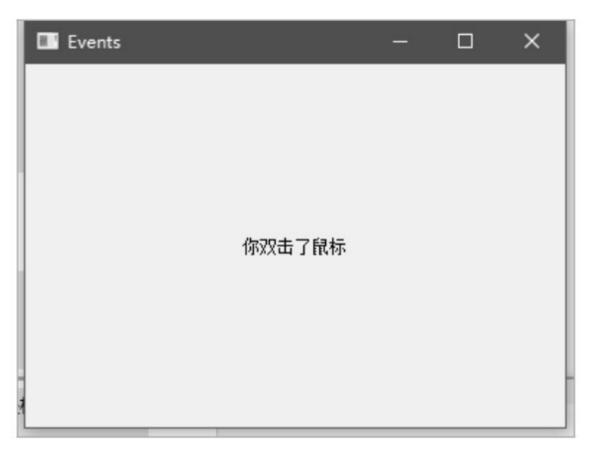
def mouseMoveEvent(self, event):
    if not self.justDoubleClicked:
        globalPos = self.mapToGlobal(event.pos())# 将窗口坐标转换为屏幕坐标        self.text = """鼠标位置:
        窗口坐标为: QPoint({0}, {1})
        屏幕坐标为: QPoint({2}, {3}) """.format(event.pos().x(),

event.pos().y(), globalPos.x(), globalPos.y())
        self.update()

'''重新实现鼠标双击事件'''

def mouseDoubleClickEvent(self, event):
        self.justDoubleClicked = True
        self.text = "你双击了鼠标"
        self.update()
```





□7-27

____7-28___

```
'''重新实现键盘按下事件'''
def keyPressEvent(self, event):
   self.key = ""
   if event.key() == Qt.Key Home:
      self.key = "Home"
   elif event.key() == Qt.Key_End:
      self.key = "End"
   elif event.key() == Qt.Key PageUp:
      if event.modifiers() & Qt.ControlModifier:
         self.key = "Ctrl+PageUp"
      else:
          self.key = "PageUp"
   elif event.key() == Qt.Key PageDown:
      if event.modifiers() & Qt.ControlModifier:
          self.key = "Ctrl+PageDown"
      else:
          self.key = "PageDown"
   elif Qt.Key A <= event.key() <= Qt.Key Z:</pre>
      if event.modifiers() & Qt.ShiftModifier:
          self.key = "Shift+"
      self.key += event.text()
   if self.key:
      self.key = self.key
      self.update()
   else:
      QWidget.keyPressEvent(self, event)
```



□7-28

self.update()
return True
return QWidget.event(self,event)



□7-29

____PyQt5/Chapter07/event_filter.py_

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
   from PyQt5.QtGui import *
   from PyQt5.QtCore import *
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
   import sys
   class EventFilter(QDialog):
       def __init__(self, parent=None):
          super(EventFilter, self). init (parent)
          self.setWindowTitle("事件过滤器")
          self.labell = QLabel("请点击")
          self.label2 = QLabel("请点击")
          self.label3 = QLabel("请点击")
          self.LabelState = QLabel("test")
          self.image1 = QImage("images/cartoon1.ico")
          self.image2 = QImage("images/cartoon1.ico")
          self.image3 = QImage("images/cartoon1.ico")
          self.width = 600
          self.height = 300
          self.resize(self.width, self.height)
          self.label1.installEventFilter(self)
          self.label2.installEventFilter(self)
          self.label3.installEventFilter(self)
          mainLayout = QGridLayout(self)
          mainLayout.addWidget(self.label1, 500, 0)
          mainLayout.addWidget(self.label2, 500, 1)
          mainLayout.addWidget(self.label3, 500, 2)
          mainLayout.addWidget(self.LabelState, 600, 1)
          self.setLayout(mainLayout)
       def eventFilter(self, watched, event):
          if watched == self.label1: # 只对 label1 的点击事件进行过滤, 重写其行
为, 其他事件会被忽略
             if event.type() == QEvent.MouseButtonPress: # 这里对鼠标按下事
件进行过滤, 重写其行为
```

```
mouseEvent = QMouseEvent(event)
                if mouseEvent.buttons() == Qt.LeftButton:
                   self.LabelState.setText("按下鼠标左键")
                elif mouseEvent.buttons() == Qt.MidButton:
                   self.LabelState.setText("按下鼠标中间键")
                elif mouseEvent.buttons() == Qt.RightButton:
                   self.LabelState.setText("按下鼠标右键")
                !!!转换图片大小!!!
                transform = QTransform()
                transform.scale(0.5, 0.5)
                tmp = self.image1.transformed(transform)
                self.label1.setPixmap(QPixmap.fromImage(tmp))
             if event.type() == QEvent.MouseButtonRelease: # 这里对鼠标释放
事件进行过滤, 重写其行为
                self.LabelState.setText("释放鼠标按键")
                self.label1.setPixmap(QPixmap.fromImage(self.image1))
          return QDialog.eventFilter(self, watched, event) # 对于其他情况,
会返回系统默认的事件处理方法
   if name == ' main ':
      app = QApplication(sys.argv)
      dialog = EventFilter()
      dialog.show()
      app.exec ()
```

_____7-30__7-31___



□7-30



□7-31

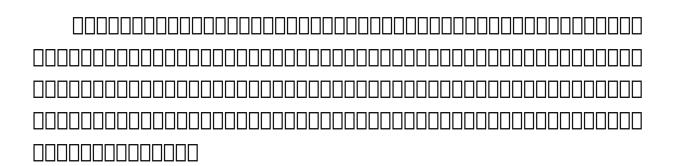
```
def eventFilter(self, watched, event):
      if watched == self.label1: # 只对 label1 的点击事件进行过滤, 重写其行为,
其他事件会被忽略
         if event.type() == QEvent.MouseButtonPress: # 这里对鼠标按下事件进
行过滤, 重写其行为
             mouseEvent = QMouseEvent(event)
             if mouseEvent.buttons() == Qt.LeftButton:
                self.LabelState.setText("按下鼠标左键")
             elif mouseEvent.buttons() == Qt.MidButton:
                self.LabelState.setText("按下鼠标中间键")
             elif mouseEvent.buttons() == Qt.RightButton:
                self.LabelState.setText("按下鼠标右键")
             !!!转换图片大小!!!
             transform = QTransform()
             transform.scale (0.5, 0.5)
             tmp = self.image1.transformed(transform)
```

```
self.label1.setPixmap(QPixmap.fromImage(tmp))
if event.type() == QEvent.MouseButtonRelease: # 这里对鼠标释放事件
进行过滤, 重写其行为
self.LabelState.setText("释放鼠标按键")
self.label1.setPixmap(QPixmap.fromImage(self.image1))
return QDialog.eventFilter(self, watched, event) # 对于其他情况,会返回系统默认的事件处理方法
```

```
''''
                            transform=QTransform()
                            transform.scale(0.5,0.5)
                            tmp=self.image1.transformed(transform)
                            self.label1.setPixmap(QPixmap.fromImage(tmp))
                   n4nnnnnnnnnnnnnnlabel1nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn
                   \square | | \square | | \square | \square | | \square |
                             # self.label1.installEventFilter(self)
                            # self.label2.installEventFilter(self)
                             # self.label3.installEventFilter(self)
                   \square\square\squareQApplication\square\squareInstallEventFilter\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\squareIdialog\square\square
if name ==' main ':
                                     app=QApplication(sys.argv)
                                     dialog=EventFilter()
                                     app.installEventFilter(dialog)
                                     dialog.show()
                                     app.exec ()
                   DDD PyQt5/Chapter07/event filter2.py
0000000007-3007-310
                   _____ eventFilter ______
                            def eventFilter(self,watched,event):
                                     print(type(watched))
                   cmd
```

```
class 'PyQt5.QtGui.QWindow'□
□class 'PyQt5.QtWidgets.QWidget'□
□class 'PyQt5.QtWidgets.QWidget'□
□class 'PyQt5.QtWidgets.QWidget'□
□class 'PyQt5.QtGui.QWindow'□
□class 'PyQt5.QtWidgets.QWidget'□
□class 'PyQt5.QtWidgets.QWidget'□
□class 'PyQt5.QtWidgets.QWidget'□
□class 'PyQt5.QtWidgets.QWidget'□
□class 'PyQt5.QtWidgets.QWidget'□
□class 'PyQt5.QtGui.QWindow'□
□class ' main .EventFilter'
□class ' main .EventFilter'□
∏class 'PyQt5.QtGui.QWindow'∏
□class ' main .EventFilter'
□class ' main .EventFilter'□
□class 'PyQt5.QtWidgets.QLabel'□
□class ' main .EventFilter'□
□class 'PyQt5.QtWidgets.QLabel'□
□class ' main .EventFilter'
□class 'PyQt5.QtWidgets.QLabel'
□class ' main .EventFilter'□
□class 'PyQt5.QtWidgets.QLabel'□
□class '__main__.EventFilter'□
□class ' main .EventFilter'□
□class ' main .EventFilter'
□class 'PyQt5.QtWidgets.QLabel'□
```

□class 'PyQt5.QtWidgets.QLabel'□
7.5 □□□□□□



7.5.1

```
import sys
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import
QWidget, QLCDNumber, QSlider, QVBoxLayout, QApplication
   from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt
   class WinForm(QWidget):
       def init (self):
          super(). init ()
          self.initUI()
       def initUI(self):
          # 先创建滑块和 LCD 控件
          lcd = QLCDNumber(self)
          slider = QSlider(Qt.Horizontal, self)
          vBox = QVBoxLayout()
          vBox.addWidget(lcd)
          vBox.addWidget(slider)
          self.setLayout(vBox)
          # valueChanged()是 QSlider的一个信号函数,只要 slider的值发生改变,它
就会发射一个信号, 然后通过 connect 连接信号的接收控件, 也就是 1cd
          slider.valueChanged.connect(lcd.display)
          self.setGeometry(300,300,350,150)
          self.setWindowTitle("信号与槽:连接滑块LCD")
   if name == ' main ':
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       form = WinForm()
```

```
form.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

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□7-32

lcd=QLCDNumber(self)
slider=QSlider(Qt.Horizontal,self)
QVBoxLayout
vBox=QVBoxLayout()
vBox.addWidget(lcd)
vBox.addWidget(slider)
$\verb $
valueChanged() QSlider
connect
lcdlcd.displayLCD
slider.valueChanged.connect(lcd.display)
□ valueChanged() □ □ □ QSlider □ □ sliderPressured() □
sliderMoved()[]sliderReleased()[][][][][][][][][][PyQt[][][]

7.5.2

0PyQt00000000000000000000000000000000000
PyQt000000000000000000000000000000000000
$QFile Dialog \verb QInputDialog QColor Dialog QFontDialog $
Description: Descr

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
class DateDialog(QDialog):
   def init (self, parent = None):
       super(DateDialog, self). init (parent)
       self.setWindowTitle('DateDialog')
       # 在布局中添加控件
       layout = QVBoxLayout(self)
       self.datetime = QDateTimeEdit(self)
       self.datetime.setCalendarPopup(True)
       self.datetime.setDateTime(QDateTime.currentDateTime())
       layout.addWidget(self.datetime)
       # 使用两个按钮(Ok和 Cancel)分别连接 accept()和 reject()槽函数
       buttons = QDialogButtonBox(
           QDialogButtonBox.Ok | QDialogButtonBox.Cancel,
           Qt. Horizontal, self)
       buttons.accepted.connect(self.accept)
       buttons.rejected.connect(self.reject)
       layout.addWidget(buttons)
   # 从对话框中获取当前日期和时间
   def dateTime(self):
       return self.datetime.dateTime()
   # 使用静态函数创建对话框并返回 (date, time, accepted)
   @staticmethod
   def getDateTime(parent = None):
       dialog = DateDialog(parent)
       result = dialog.exec ()
```

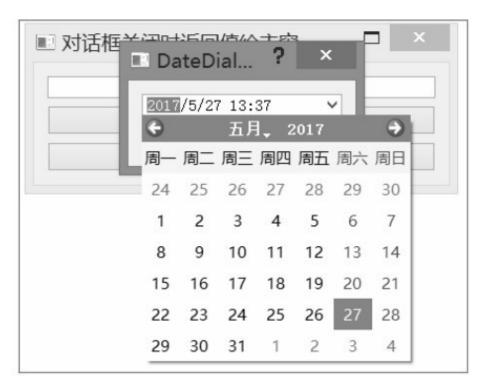
```
date = dialog.dateTime()
return (date.date(), date.time(), result == QDialog.Accepted)
```

1 Ok Cancel accept() reject()
020000000000getDateTime()00000030000000000
Document DateDialog Description DateDialog.exec_()
dialog.exec_()
CallDialogMainWin.py
$PyQt5/Chapter 07/trans Param/Call Dialog Main Win.py \verb $

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from DateDialog import DateDialog
class WinForm(QWidget):
   def init (self, parent=None):
       super(WinForm, self).__init__(parent)
       self.resize(400, 90)
       self.setWindowTitle('对话框关闭时返回值给主窗口例子')
       self.lineEdit = QLineEdit(self)
       self.button1 = QPushButton('弹出对话框1')
       self.button1.clicked.connect(self.onButton1Click)
       self.button2 = QPushButton('弹出对话框2')
       self.button2.clicked.connect(self.onButton2Click)
       gridLayout = QGridLayout()
       gridLayout.addWidget(self.lineEdit )
       gridLayout.addWidget( self.button1 )
       gridLayout.addWidget( self.button2 )
       self.setLayout(gridLayout)
   def onButton1Click(self ):
       dialog = DateDialog(self)
```

```
result = dialog.exec ()
       date = dialog.dateTime()
       self.lineEdit.setText( date.date().toString() )
       print('\n 日期对话框的返回值')
       print('date=%s' % str(date.date()) )
       print('time=%s' % str(date.time()))
       print('result=%s' % result )
       dialog.destroy()
   def onButton2Click(self ):
       date, time, result = DateDialog.getDateTime()
       self.lineEdit.setText( date.toString() )
       print('\n 日期对话框的返回值')
       print('date=%s' % str(date) )
       print('time=%s' % str(time ) )
       print('result=%s' % result )
if name == " main ":
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   form = WinForm()
   form.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

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□7-33

	上人	四即以	区凹值	给主窗		X
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			弹出ヌ	付话框1		
			弾出ヌ	付话框2		

□7-34

```
def onButton1Click(self ):
    dialog=DateDialog(self)
    result=dialog.exec ()
    date=dialog.dateTime()
    self.lineEdit.setText( date.date().toString() )
    dialog.destroy()
  def onButton2Click(self ):
    date,time,result=DateDialog.getDateTime()
    self.lineEdit.setText( date.toString() )
    if result==QDialog.Accepted:
     else:
     print('□□□□□□')
          7.5.3 חחחחחחחחחח
  int_str_dict_list______
  DateDialog2.py [] [] [] []
PyQt5/Chapter07/transParam/DateDialog2.py
```

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *

class DateDialog(QDialog):
    Signal OneParameter = pyqtSignal(str)
```

```
def init (self, parent=None):
   super(DateDialog, self). init (parent)
   self.setWindowTitle('子窗口:用来发射信号')
   # 在布局中添加控件
   layout = QVBoxLayout(self)
   self.label = QLabel(self)
   self.label.setText('前者发射内置信号\n后者发射自定义信号')
   self.datetime inner = QDateTimeEdit(self)
   self.datetime inner.setCalendarPopup(True)
   self.datetime inner.setDateTime(QDateTime.currentDateTime())
   self.datetime emit = QDateTimeEdit(self)
   self.datetime emit.setCalendarPopup(True)
   self.datetime emit.setDateTime(QDateTime.currentDateTime())
   layout.addWidget(self.label)
   layout.addWidget(self.datetime inner)
   layout.addWidget(self.datetime emit)
   # 使用两个 button (Ok 和 Cancel) 分别连接 accept () 和 reject () 槽函数
   buttons = QDialogButtonBox(
      QDialogButtonBox.Ok | QDialogButtonBox.Cancel,
      Qt.Horizontal, self)
   buttons.accepted.connect(self.accept)
   buttons.rejected.connect(self.reject)
   layout.addWidget(buttons)
   self.datetime emit.dateTimeChanged.connect(self.emit signal)
def emit signal(self):
   date str = self.datetime emit.dateTime().toString()
   self.Signal OneParameter.emit(date str)
```

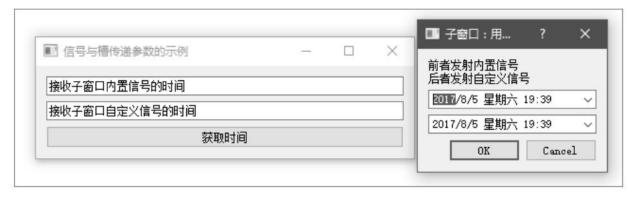
Description of the control of the co

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
```

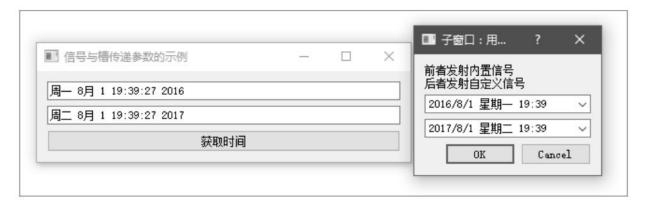
```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from DateDialog2 import DateDialog
class WinForm(QWidget):
   def __init__(self, parent=None):
      super(WinForm, self).__init (parent)
      self.resize(400, 90)
      self.setWindowTitle('信号与槽传递参数的示例')
      self.open btn = QPushButton('获取时间')
      self.lineEdit inner = QLineEdit(self)
      self.lineEdit emit = QLineEdit(self)
      self.open btn.clicked.connect(self.openDialog)
      self.lineEdit inner.setText('接收子窗口内置信号的时间')
      self.lineEdit emit.setText('接收子窗口自定义信号的时间')
      grid = QGridLayout()
      grid.addWidget(self.lineEdit inner)
      grid.addWidget(self.lineEdit emit)
      grid.addWidget(self.open btn)
      self.setLayout(grid)
   def openDialog(self):
      dialog = DateDialog(self)
      !!!连接子窗口的内置信号与主窗口的槽函数!!!
      dialog.datetime inner.dateTimeChanged.connect(
               self.deal inner slot)
      '''连接子窗口的自定义信号与主窗口的槽函数'''
      dialog.Signal OneParameter.connect(self.deal emit slot)
      dialog.show()
   def deal inner slot(self, date):
      self.lineEdit inner.setText(date.toString())
   def deal emit slot(self, dateStr):
      self.lineEdit emit.setText(dateStr)
if name == " main ":
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   form = WinForm()
```

```
form.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

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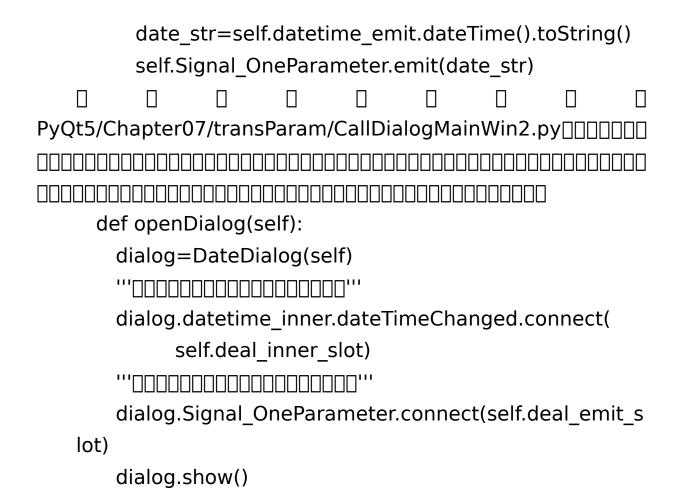


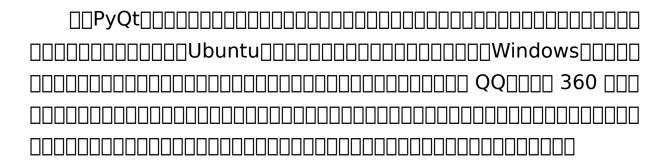
__7-35



□7-36

$PyQt5/Chapter 07/trans Param/Date Dialog 2.py \verb $
datetime_emit
emit_signal
Signal_OneParameter
$self. date time_emit. date Time Changed. connect (self.emit) \\$
_signal)
def emit_signal(self):



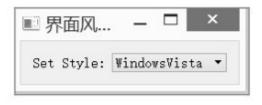


8.1

8.1.1

PyQt5/Chapter08/qt08_	_changeStyle.py[][][][][][]

```
import sys
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
   from PyQt5.QtCore import *
   from PyQt5 import QtCore
   from PyQt5.QtGui import *
   class AppWidget ( QWidget):
      def init (self, parent=None):
          super(AppWidget, self)._ init (parent)
          horizontalLayout = QHBoxLayout()
          self.styleLabel = QLabel("Set Style:")
          self.styleComboBox = QComboBox()
          # 从 QStyleFactory 中增加多个显示样式
          self.styleComboBox.addItems( QStyleFactory.keys())
          # 选择当前窗口风格
         index = self.styleComboBox.findText(
                   QApplication.style().objectName(),
                   QtCore.Qt.MatchFixedString)
          # 设置当前窗口风格
          self.styleComboBox.setCurrentIndex(index)
          # 通过 comboBox 控件选择窗口风格
          self.styleComboBox.activated[str].connect
(self.handleStyleChanged)
          horizontalLayout.addWidget(self.styleLabel)
          horizontalLayout.addWidget(self.styleComboBox)
          self.setLayout(horizontalLayout)
      # 改变窗口风格
      def handleStyleChanged(self, style):
          QApplication.setStyle(style)
   if name == " main ":
      app = QApplication(sys.argv)
      widgetApp = AppWidget()
      widgetApp.show()
      sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



□8-1

8.1.2

- Qt.Widget
- Qt.Window
- Qt.Dialog_____

#窗口无法调整大小 Qt.MSWindowsFixedSizeDialogHint #窗口无边框 Ot.FramelessWindowHint #有边框但无标题栏和按钮,不能移动和拖动 Ot.CustomizeWindowHint #添加标题栏和一个关闭按钮 Ot.WindowTitleHint #添加系统目录和一个关闭按钮 Qt.WindowSystemMenuHint #激活最大化和关闭按钮,禁止最小化按钮 Ot.WindowMaximizeButtonHint Qt.WindowMinimizeButtonHint #激活最小化和关闭按钮,禁止最大化按钮 #激活最小化、最大化和关闭按钮, 相当于 Ot.WindowMinMaxButtonsHint Ot.WindowMaximizeButtonHint| Ot.WindowMinimizeButtonHint Ot.WindowCloseButtonHint #添加一个关闭按钮 #添加问号和关闭按钮, 像对话框一样 Qt.WindowContextHelpButtonHint #窗口始终处于顶层位置 Qt.WindowStaysOnTopHint Qt.WindowStaysOnBottomHint #窗口始终处于底层位置

PyQt5/Chapter08/qt08_winStyle01.py

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt
import sys
```

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QMainWindow , QApplication

class MainWindow(QMainWindow):
    def __init__(self,parent=None):
        super(MainWindow,self).__init__(parent)
        self.resize(400, 200)
        self.setWindowTitle("设置窗口样式例子")
        # 设置无边框窗口样式
        self.setWindowFlags(Qt.FramelessWindowHint)

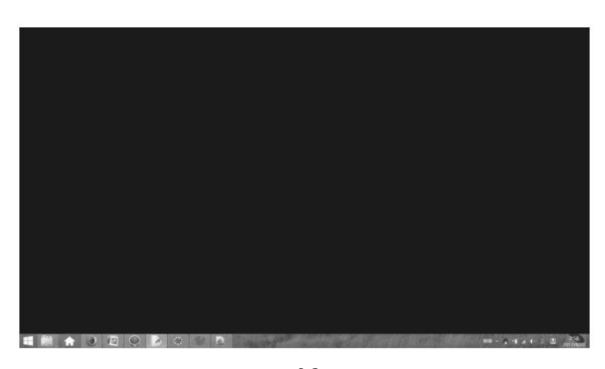
if __name__ == "__main__":
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    win = MainWindow()
    win.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



setWindowFlags()
000000
self.setWindowFlags(Qt.FramelessWindowHint)
8.1.3
0000000
self.setWindowFlags(QtCore.Qt.FramelessWindowHint)
availableGeometry()[[[
00000
desktop=QApplication.desktop()
000000
rect=desktop.availableGeometry()
00000
self.setGeometry(rect)
000
self.show()

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QMainWindow , QApplication
from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt
class MyWindow( QMainWindow):
   !!!自定义窗口类!!!
def __init__(self,parent=None):
      !! 构造函数!!!
      # 调用父类构造函数
      super(MyWindow,self).__init__(parent)
      # 设置窗口标志 (无边框)
      self.setWindowFlags( Qt.FramelessWindowHint)
      # 为便于显示,设置窗口背景颜色(采用 QSS)
      self.setStyleSheet('''background-color:blue; ''')
   def showMaximized(self):
      !!!最大化窗口!!!
      # 得到桌面控件
      desktop = QApplication.desktop()
      # 得到屏幕可显示尺寸
      rect = desktop.availableGeometry()
      # 设置窗口尺寸
      self.setGeometry(rect)
```

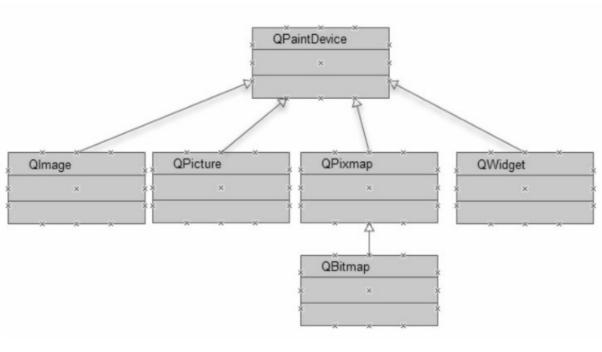
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[]8-3

8.2.1 □□□

- QPicture [] [] [] [] QPainter [] [] QPainter []begin() [] QPicture [] [] QPicture [] QPicture [] Save() [][QPainter [] [] [] [] [] []



□8-4

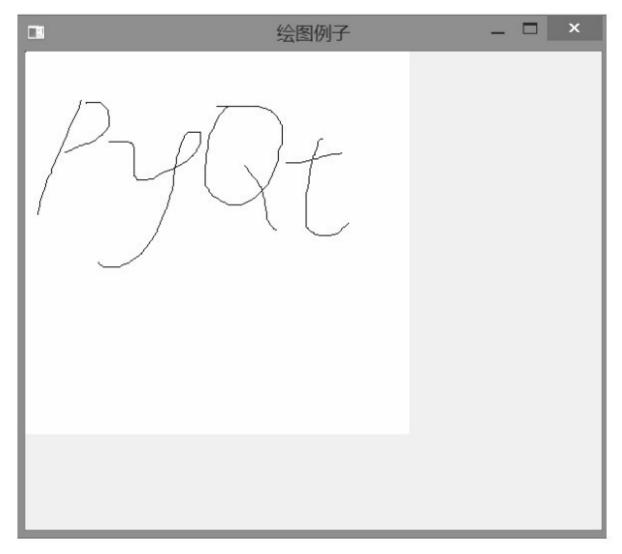
8.2.2

Ру	Qt5	/Ch	apt	erC)8/c	1t08	3_w	inD	rav	v01	.ру	'				

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication ,QWidget
from PyQt5.QtGui import QPainter ,QPixmap
from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt , QPoint
class Winform(QWidget):
   def __init__(self,parent=None):
       super(Winform, self). init (parent)
       self.setWindowTitle("绘图例子")
       #1
       self.pix = QPixmap()
       self.lastPoint = QPoint()
       self.endPoint = QPoint()
       self.initUi()
   def initUi(self):
       # 设置窗口大小为 600*500
       self.resize(600, 500)
```

```
# 设置画布大小为 400*400, 背景为白色
       self.pix = QPixmap(400, 400)
       self.pix.fill(Qt.white)
   #2
   def paintEvent(self, event):
       pp = QPainter( self.pix)
       # 根据鼠标指针前后两个位置绘制直线
       pp.drawLine(self.lastPoint, self.endPoint)
       # 让前一个坐标值等于后一个坐标值,就能画出连续的线
       self.lastPoint = self.endPoint
       painter = QPainter(self)
       painter.drawPixmap(0, 0, self.pix)
   #3
   def mousePressEvent(self, event) :
       # 按下鼠标左键
       if event.button() == Qt.LeftButton :
           self.lastPoint = event.pos()
           self.endPoint = self.lastPoint
   #4
   def mouseMoveEvent(self, event):
       # 然后移动鼠标指针
       if event.buttons() and Qt.LeftButton:
           self.endPoint = event.pos()
           # 进行重新绘制
           self.update()
   #5
   def mouseReleaseEvent ( self, event):
       # 释放鼠标左键
       if event.button() == Qt.LeftButton :
           self.endPoint = event.pos()
           # 进行重新绘制
           self.update()
if name == " main ":
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       form = Winform()
       form.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

00000000008-5000



□8-5

4
5 mouseReleaseEvent()
Qt.LeftButton
update() paintEvent()
8.2.3
PyQt5/Chapter08/qt08_winDraw02.py

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication ,QWidget
from PyQt5.QtGui import QPainter ,QPixmap
from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt , QPoint
class Winform(QWidget):
   def __init__(self,parent=None):
       super(Winform, self). init (parent)
       self.setWindowTitle("绘制矩形例子")
       self.pix = QPixmap()
       self.lastPoint = QPoint()
       self.endPoint = QPoint()
       self.initUi()
   def initUi(self):
       # 设置窗口大小为 600*500
       self.resize(600, 500)
       # 设置画布大小为 400*400, 背景为白色
       self.pix = QPixmap(400, 400)
       self.pix.fill(Qt.white)
   #1
   def paintEvent(self, event):
       painter = QPainter(self)
       x = self.lastPoint.x()
       y = self.lastPoint.y()
       w = self.endPoint.x() - x
       h = self.endPoint.y() - y
       pp = QPainter(self.pix)
       pp.drawRect(x, y, w, h)
       painter.drawPixmap(0, 0, self.pix)
   def mousePressEvent(self, event) :
       # 按下鼠标左键
       if event.button() == Qt.LeftButton :
           self.lastPoint = event.pos()
```

```
self.endPoint = self.lastPoint
   def mouseMoveEvent(self, event):
       # 然后移动鼠标指针
       if event.buttons() and Qt.LeftButton :
           self.endPoint = event.pos()
           # 进行重新绘制
           self.update()
   def mouseReleaseEvent( self, event):
       # 释放鼠标左键
       if event.button() == Qt.LeftButton :
           self.endPoint = event.pos()
           # 进行重新绘制
           self.update()
if __name__ == "__main__":
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       form = Winform()
       form.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



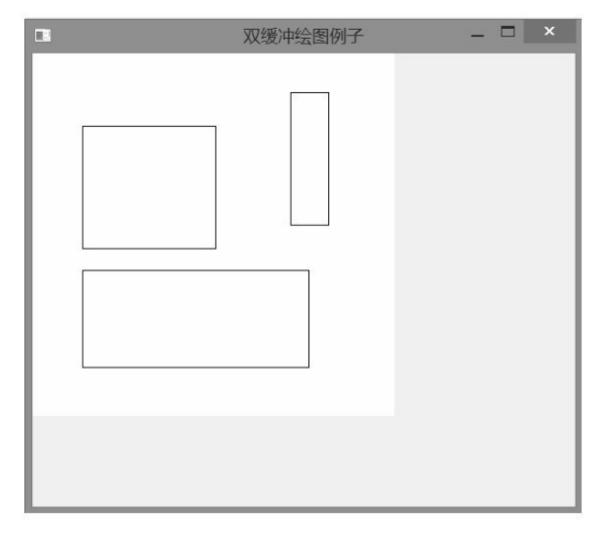
□8-6

1
endPoint
paintEvent()

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication ,QWidget
from PyQt5.QtGui import QPainter ,QPixmap
from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt , QPoint
class Winform(QWidget):
   def init (self,parent=None):
       super(Winform, self). init (parent)
       self.setWindowTitle("双缓冲绘图例子")
       self.pix = QPixmap()
       self.lastPoint = QPoint()
       self.endPoint = QPoint()
       #1
       # 辅助画布
       self.tempPix = QPixmap()
       # 标志是否正在绘图
       self.isDrawing = False
       self.initUi()
   def initUi(self):
       # 设置窗口大小为 600*500
       self.resize(600, 500);
       # 设置画布大小为 400*400, 背景为白色
       self.pix = QPixmap(400, 400);
       self.pix.fill(Qt.white);
   #2
   def paintEvent(self, event):
```

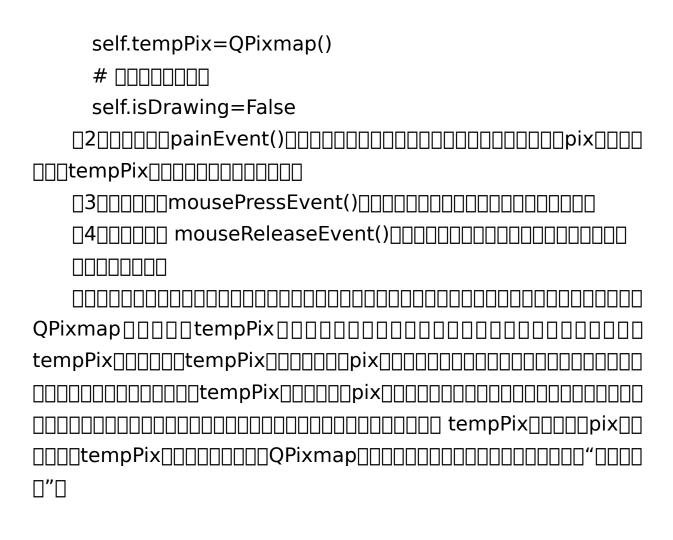
```
painter = QPainter(self)
       x = self.lastPoint.x()
       y = self.lastPoint.y()
       w = self.endPoint.x() - x
       h = self.endPoint.y() - y
       # 如果正在绘图, 就在辅助画布上绘制
       if self.isDrawing:
           # 将以前 pix 中的内容复制到 tempPix 中, 保证以前的内容不消失
           self.tempPix = self.pix
           pp = QPainter( self.tempPix)
           pp.drawRect(x,y,w,h)
           painter.drawPixmap(0, 0, self.tempPix)
       else :
           pp = QPainter(self.pix )
           pp.drawRect(x, y, w, h)
           painter.drawPixmap(0, 0, self.pix)
   #3
   def mousePressEvent(self, event) :
       # 按下鼠标左键
       if event.button() == Qt.LeftButton :
           self.lastPoint = event.pos()
           self.endPoint = self.lastPoint
           self.isDrawing = True
   #4
   def mouseReleaseEvent( self, event):
       # 释放鼠标左键
       if event.button() == Qt.LeftButton :
           self.endPoint = event.pos()
           # 进行重新绘制
           self.update()
           self.isDrawing = False
if name == " main ":
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       form = Winform()
       form.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

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□8-7

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8.3 QSS[UI[]

8.3.1 QSS□□□□□

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QPushButton {color:red}

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
import sys

class WindowDemo(QWidget):
    def __init__(self ):
        super().__init__()

btn1 = QPushButton(self )
    btn1.setText('按钮1')

btn2 = QPushButton(self )
```

```
btn2.setText('按钮2')
        vbox=QVBoxLayout()
        vbox.addWidget(btn1)
        vbox.addWidget(btn2)
        self.setLayout(vbox)
       self.setWindowTitle("QSS样式")
if __name__ == "__main__":
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   win = WindowDemo()
   qssStyle = '''
           QPushButton {
               background-color: red
        1.1.1
    win.setStyleSheet( qssStyle )
    win.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



∏8-8

QSS win.setStyleSheet() QSS
QWidgetPyQt

```
QPushButton,QLineEdit,QComboBox { color: blue }
  QPushButton { color: red }
   QLineEdit { color: red }
   QComboBox { color: red }
           8.3.2 QSS□□□□□
  QSSNNNNNNNNN
  3 = 3 = 4 = 4
PyQt5/Chapter08/qt08 qssStyle02.py ∏ ∏
  пппппп
btn2=QPushButton(self)
   btn2.setProperty( 'name' ,'myBtn' )
   btn2.setText(' \square \square 2')
  win=WindowDemo()
   qssStyle="
    QPushButton[name="myBtn"]{
     background-color: red
    }
   win.setStyleSheet( qssStyle )
```

win.show()



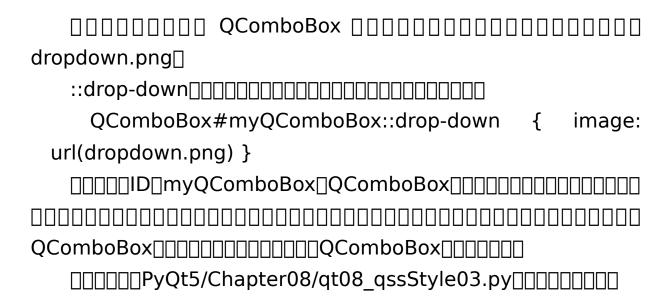
[8-9

4 .QPushButton QPushButton
$\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
objectName
60000000000000000000000000000000000000
QPushButton
7 QDialog QPushButton
QPushButton[][][]QPushButton[][][][]QDialog[]
$\# frameCut, \# frameInterrupt, \# frameJoin \verb $
#mytable QPushButton [] [] [] [] ID [mytable [] [] [] [
QPushButton∏∏

8.3.3 QSS

QSS _____QComboBox____

QComboBox::drop-down { image: url(dropdown.png) }



```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
import sys

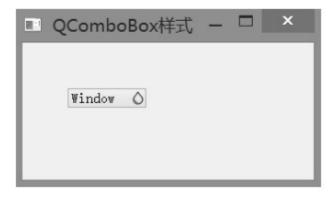
class WindowDemo(QWidget):
    def __init__(self):
        super(WindowDemo, self).__init__();
        self.InitUI();

def InitUI(self):
        combo = QComboBox(self)
        combo.setObjectName('myQComboBox')
        combo.addItem('Window')
        combo.addItem('Ubuntu')
```

```
combo.addItem('Red Hat')
combo.move(50,50)
self.setGeometry(250,200,320,150)
self.setWindowTitle('QComboBox 样式')

if __name__ == "__main__":
app = QApplication(sys.argv)
win = WindowDemo()
# 定义QComboBox 控件的QSS 样式
qssStyle = '''
QComboBox#myQComboBox::drop-down {
    image: url( ./images/dropdown.png)
    }

'''
win.setStyleSheet( qssStyle )
win.show()
sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□8-10

8.3.4 QSS□□□

QComboBox:hover{background-color:red;}
QComboBox [][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][]
QComboBox::drop-down:hover{background-color:red;}
:hover
QCheckBox:hover:checked { color: white }
QCheckBox
QSSPyQt

8.3.5 QDarkStyleSheet

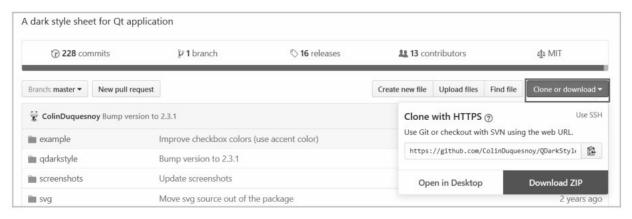
https://github.com/ColinDuquesnoy/QDarkStyleSheet/tre e/master/qdarkstyle

008-11000000QDarkStyleSheet0000387000000



□8-11

1. QDarkStyleSheet

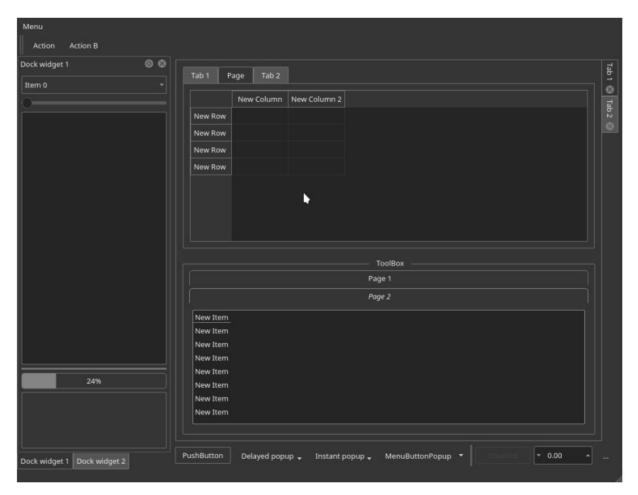


□8-12

pip install qdarkstyle
2. DQDarkStyleSheet
import qdarkstyle
<pre>Dominion</pre> <pre>D</pre>
app.setStyleSheet(qdarkstyle.load_stylesheet_pyqt5())
master/example/ example_pyqt5.py

```
import logging
import sys
from PyQt5 import QtWidgets, QtCore
# make the example runnable without the need to install
from os.path import abspath, dirname
sys.path.insert(0, abspath(dirname(abspath( file )) + '/..'))
import qdarkstyle
import ui.example pyqt5 ui as example ui
def main():
   Application entry point
   logging.basicConfig(level=logging.DEBUG)
   # create the application and the main window
   app = QtWidgets.QApplication(sys.argv)
   window = QtWidgets.QMainWindow()
   # setup ui
   ui = example ui.Ui MainWindow()
   ui.setupUi(window)
   ui.bt_delay_popup.addActions([
      ui.actionAction,
      ui.actionAction C
   ])
   ui.bt instant popup.addActions([
      ui.actionAction,
      ui.actionAction C
   ])
   ui.bt menu button popup.addActions([
      ui.actionAction,
```

```
ui.actionAction C
   ])
   item = QtWidgets.QTableWidgetItem("Test")
   item.setCheckState(QtCore.Qt.Checked)
   ui.tableWidget.setItem(0, 0, item)
   window.setWindowTitle("QDarkStyle example")
   # tabify dock widgets to show bug #6
   window.tabifyDockWidget(ui.dockWidget1, ui.dockWidget2)
   # setup stylesheet
   app.setStyleSheet(qdarkstyle.load stylesheet pyqt5())
   # auto quit after 2s when testing on travis-ci
   if "--travis" in sys.argv:
      QtCore.QTimer.singleShot(2000, app.exit)
   # run
   window.show()
   app.exec_()
if __name__ == "__main__":
   main()
```



□8-13

8.4

- || QSS|| || || || || ||
- □□QPalette□□□□□□□□
- □□paintEvent□□□□QPainter□□□□□□

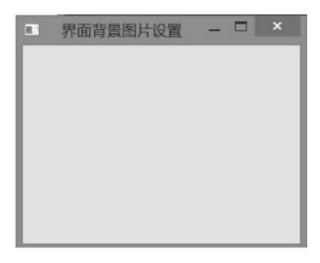
8.4.1 | | | | QSS | | | | | |

QSS background background-color
setPixmap[][setIcon[][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][4-7][][]4-7
14
1. SetStyleSheet() SetStyleShe
PyQt5/Chapter08/qt08_winBkground01.py
win=QMainWindow()
0000
win.setObjectName("MainWindow")
0000000
win.setStyleSheet("#MainWindow{border-
image:url(images/python.jpg);}")
win.setStyleSheet("#MainWindow{border-
image:url(e:/images/python.jpg);}")



yellow}")

_____8-15___



□8-15

8.4.2 □□**QPalette**□□□□□

2.|||**QPalette**|||||||||||



□8-16

常规 安全	python.jpg 属性 ^{詳细信息}	
屋性	值	^
图像		-
图像 ID		
分辨率	478 x 260	
宽度	478 像素	
高度	260 像素	
水平分辨率	96 dpi	
垂直分辨率	96 dpi	
位深度	24	
压缩		
分辨率单位		
颜色表示		
压缩的位/像影		
照相机		
照相机制造商		
照相机型号		
光國值		
曝光时间		
ISO 速度		
曝光补偿		
焦距		_
量工小田		
删除属性和个人	信息	

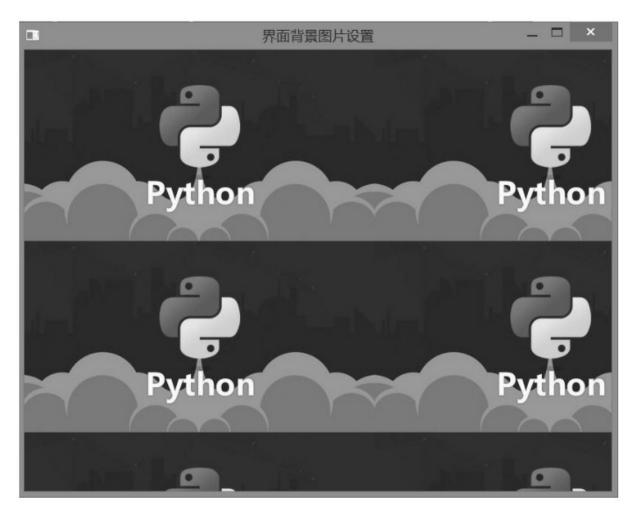
□8-17

palette.setBrush(QPalette.Background,QBrush(QPixma p("./images/python.jpg")))
 win.setPalette(palette)
 win.resize(460,255)



□8-18

palette=QPalette()
palette.setBrush(QPalette.Background,QBrush(QPixma
p("./images/python.jpg")))
win.setPalette(palette)
win.resize(800,600)

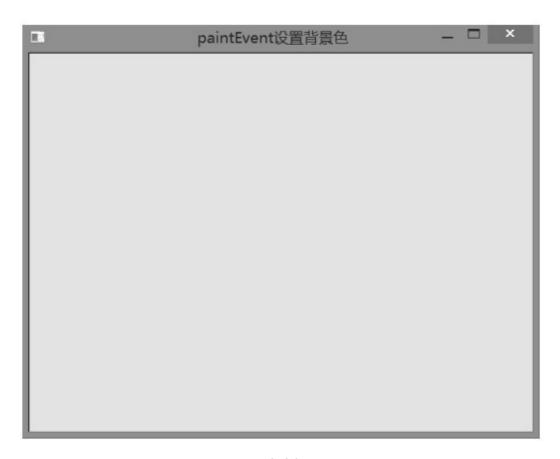


□8-19

8.4.3 paintEvent

•	
[PyQt5/Chapter08/qt08_winBkground04.py
	class Winform(QWidget):
	<pre>definit(self,parent=None):</pre>
	super(Winform,self)init(parent)
	self.setWindowTitle("paintEvent")
	def paintEvent(self,event):

```
painter=QPainter(self)
painter.setBrush(Qt.black);
# [][][][]
painter.drawRect( self.rect());
[][][][][][][][][8-20][]
```



□8-20



□8-21

8.5

□8-1

函 数	描述
setMask(self, QBitmap)	setMask()的作用是为调用它的控件增加一个遮罩,遮住所选区域以外的
setMask(self, QRegion)	部分, 使之看起来是透明的。它的参数可以为 QBitmap 或 QRegion 对象,
	此处调用 QPixmap 的 mask()函数获得图片自身的遮罩,是一个 QBitmap
	对象。在示例中使用的是 PNG 格式的图片,它的透明部分实际上就是一
	个遮罩
paintEvent(self, QPaintEvent)	通过重载 paintEvent()函数绘制窗口背景



□8-22

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication ,QWidget
from PyQt5.QtGui import QPixmap, QPainter ,QBitmap

class MyForm(QWidget):
    def __init__(self,parent=None):
        super(MyForm,self).__init__(parent)
        self.setWindowTitle("不规则窗口的实现例子")
```

```
def paintEvent(self, event):
    painter = QPainter(self)
    painter.drawPixmap(0,0,280,390,QPixmap(r"./images/dog.jpg"))
    painter.drawPixmap(300,0,280,390,Qbitmap)
(r"./images/dog.jpg"))

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    form = MyForm()
    form.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

0000000008-23000



□8-23



□8-24



□8-25

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication ,QWidget
from PyQt5.QtGui import QPixmap, QPainter, QBitmap
class Winform(QWidget):
   def init (self,parent=None):
       super(Winform, self). init (parent)
       self.setWindowTitle("不规则窗口的实现例子")
       self.pix = QBitmap("./images/mask.png")
       self.resize(self.pix.size())
       self.setMask(self.pix)
   def paintEvent(self, event):
       painter = QPainter(self)
       # 在指定区域直接绘制窗口背景
       painter.drawPixmap(0,0,self.pix.width(),self.pix.height(),
QPixmap("./images/screen1.jpg"))
if name == " main ":
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       form = Winform()
       form.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

		3															
Ру	Qt5	/Cł	nap	ote	r08	3/q ⁻	t08	3_p	air	tO:	3.p	у∏					

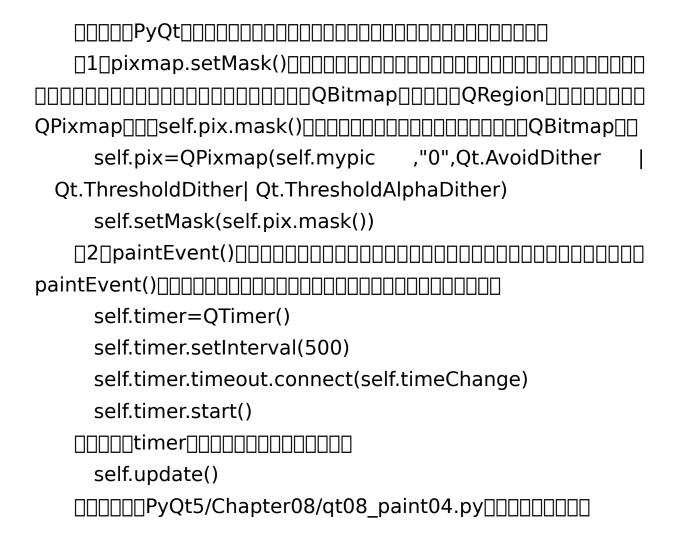
```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication ,QWidget
from PyQt5.QtGui import QPixmap, QPainter , QCursor
from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt

class ShapeWidget(QWidget):
    def __init__(self,parent=None):
        super(ShapeWidget,self).__init__(parent)
        self.setWindowTitle("不规则的可以拖动的窗口实现例子")
        self.mypix()

# 显示不规则的图片
def mypix(self):
        self.mypic = './images/boy.jpg'
        self.pix = QPixmap(self.mypic , "0", Qt.AvoidDither |
```

```
Qt.ThresholdDither | Qt.ThresholdAlphaDither)
           self.resize(self.pix.size())
           self.setMask(self.pix.mask())
           self.dragPosition=None
       # 重定义鼠标按键按下响应函数 mousePressEvent (QMouseEvent) 和鼠标指针移动响
应函数 mouseMoveEvent (QMouseEvent),使不规则窗口能响应鼠标事件,随意拖动窗口
       def mousePressEvent(self, event):
           if event.button() == Qt.LeftButton:
               self.m drag=True
               self.m DragPosition=event.globalPos()-self.pos()
               event.accept()
               self.setCursor(QCursor(Qt.OpenHandCursor))
       def mouseMoveEvent(self, QMouseEvent):
           if Qt.LeftButton and self.m drag:
              # 当使用左键移动窗口时修改偏移值
               self.move(QMouseEvent.globalPos() - self.m DragPosition )
               QMouseEvent.accept()
       def mouseReleaseEvent(self, QMouseEvent):
           self.m drag=False
           self.setCursor(QCursor(Qt.ArrowCursor))
       # 在窗口中首次绘制时, 会加载 paintEvent () 函数
       def paintEvent(self, event):
           painter = QPainter(self)
           painter.drawPixmap(0, 0,
               self.pix.width(),
               self.pix.height(),
               self.pix )
       # 鼠标双击事件
       def mouseDoubleClickEvent(self, event):
           self.mypix()
   if name == ' main ':
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       form = ShapeWidget()
       form.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```

8.5.1



```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication ,QWidget
from PyQt5.QtGui import QPixmap, QPainter , QCursor
from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt, QTimer

class ShapeWidget(QWidget):
    def __init__(self,parent=None):
        super(ShapeWidget,self).__init__(parent)
        self.i = 1
        self.mypix()
        self.timer = QTimer()
        self.timer.setInterval(500) # 定时器每500毫秒更新一次
        self.timer.timeout.connect(self.timeChange)
        self.timer.start()

# 显示不规则图片
def mypix(self):
```

```
self.update()
           if self.i == 5:
               self.i = 1
           self.mypic = {1: './images/left.png', 2: "./images/up.png", 3:
'./images/right.png', 4: './images/down.png'}
            self.pix = QPixmap(self.mypic[self.i], "0", Qt.AvoidDither |
Qt.ThresholdDither | Qt.ThresholdAlphaDither)
           self.resize(self.pix.size())
           self.setMask(self.pix.mask())
           self.dragPosition = None
       def mousePressEvent(self, event):
           if event.button() == Qt.LeftButton:
               self.m drag=True
               self.m DragPosition=event.globalPos()-self.pos()
               event.accept()
               self.setCursor(QCursor(Qt.OpenHandCursor))
       def mouseMoveEvent(self, QMouseEvent):
           if Qt.LeftButton and self.m drag:
               self.move(QMouseEvent.globalPos() - self.m DragPosition )
               QMouseEvent.accept()
       def mouseReleaseEvent(self, QMouseEvent):
           self.m drag=False
           self.setCursor(QCursor(Qt.ArrowCursor))
       def paintEvent(self, event):
           painter = QPainter(self)
           painter.drawPixmap(0, 0,
self.pix.width(),self.pix.height(),self.pix)
        # 鼠标双击事件
       def mouseDoubleClickEvent(self, event):
           if event.button() == 1:
               self.i += 1
               self.mypix()
        # 每 500 毫秒窗口执行一次更新操作, 重绘窗口
       def timeChange(self):
           self.i += 1
           self.mypix()
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    form = ShapeWidget()
    form.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec ())
```









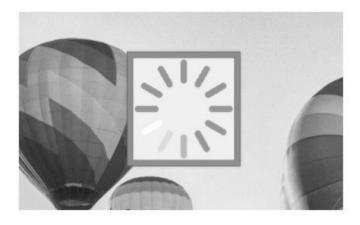
□8-26

import sys

from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication,QLabel ,QWidget

from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt
from PyQt5.QtGui import QMovie
class LoadingGifWin(QWidget):
 def __init__(self,parent=None):
 super(LoadingGifWin,self).__init__(parent)

```
self.label=QLabel(",self)
self.setFixedSize(128,128)
self.setWindowFlags( Qt.Dialog|
Qt.CustomizeWindowHint)
self.movie=QMovie("./images/loading.gif")
self.label.setMovie(self.movie)
self.movie.start()
if __name__=='__main__':
app=QApplication(sys.argv)
loadingGitWin=LoadingGifWin()
loadingGitWin.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



□8-27

8.6

8.6.1

```
□□□□□PyQt5/Chapter08/qt08 labelStyle.py□□□□□□□□□
     label1=QLabel(self)
     label1.setStyleSheet("QLabel{border-image:
    url(./images/python.jpg);}")
     # _____
     label1.setFixedWidth(476)
     label1.setFixedHeight(259)
              8.6.2
  □□□□□PyQt5/Chapter08/qt08 btnStyle.py□□□□□□□□□
    btn1=QPushButton(self)
    btn1.setMaximumSize(48,48)
    btn1.setMinimumSize(48,48)
    style="
     QPushButton{
      border-radius: 30px;
      background-image: url('./images/left.png');
     }
     111
    btn1.setStyleSheet(style)
  ____QPushButton_______
```

```
btn1 = QPushButton(self )
btn1.setObjectName('btn1')
btn1.setMaximumSize(64, 64)
btn1.setMinimumSize(64, 64)
style = '''
     #btn1{
         border-radius: 30px;
          background-image: url('./images/left.png');
     }
     #btn1:hover{
          border-radius: 30px;
          background-image: url('./images/leftHover.png');
    #btn1:Pressed{
          border-radius: 30px;
          background-image: url('./images/leftPressed.png');
    }
      . . .
btn1.setStyleSheet(style)
```





□8-28

8.6.3 □□□□


```
# filename 为图片的路径
filename = r".\images\Cloudy_72px.png"
img = QImage(filename)
# 设置标签的宽度为 120 像素,高度为 120 像素,所加载的图片按照标签的高度和宽度等比例缩放
label1 = QLabel(self)
label1.setFixedWidth(120)
label1.setFixedHeight(120)
# 缩放图片,以固定大小显示
result = img.scaled(label1.width(),
label1.height(),Qt.IgnoreAspectRatio,Qt.SmoothTransformation);
# 在标签控件上显示图片
label1.setPixmap(QPixmap.fromImage(result))
```



□8-29

8.6.4

win=QMainWindow()
<pre>win.setWindowOpacity(0.5);</pre>
PyQt5/Chapter08/qt08_WindowOpacity.py
□ 8-30 □□□



□8-30

8.6.5 □□**QSS**

```
border: 1px solid rgb(45,45,45);
     background: white;
     color: red;
  2.□□QSS
  _____ CommonHelper
PyQt5/Chapter08/CommonHelper.py
    class CommonHelper:
     def init (self):
      pass
    @staticmethod
    def readQss( style):
     with open( style ,'r') as f:
      return f.read()
  app=QApplication(sys.argv)
    win=MainWindow()
    styleFile='./style.qss'
    # 00000000000QSS0000
    style=CommonHelper.readQss( styleFile )
    win.setStyleSheet( style )
    win.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



□8-31



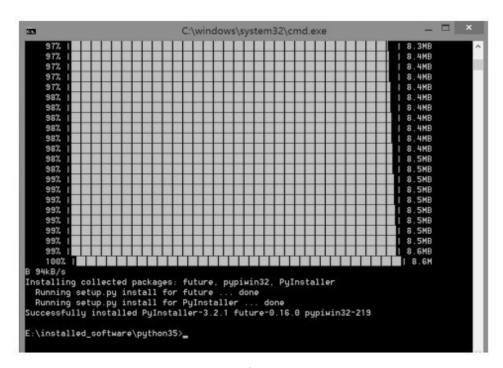
□8-32

9.1 | PyInstaller | EXE

2. PyInstaller

□9-1

名 称	版 本
操作系统	64 位 Windows 8
Python	3.5.3
PyQt	5.9
Eric	6.17



□9-1

Descripts Descri

	名称 In Circo_anop.pus	修改日期	类型	大小
	aric6_sqlbrowser.bat	2017/3/22 18:19	Windows 批处理	1 KE
	eric6_tray.bat	2017/3/22 18:19	Windows 粉外理	1 KE
9位置	eric6 trpreviewer.bat	2017/3/22 18:19	Windows 批处理	1 KE
	a eric6_uipreviewer.bat	2017/3/22 18:19	Windows 批处理	1 KE
	a eric6_unittest.bat	2017/3/22 18:19	Windows 批处理	1 KE
	eric6_webbrowser.bat	2017/3/22 18:19	Windows 批处理	1 KI
	III futurize.exe	2017/3/28 0:27	应用程序	73 KI
	A futurize-script.py	2017/3/28 0:27	Python File	1 KI
	pasteurize.exe	2017/3/28 0:27	应用程序	73 K
	pasteurize-script.py	2017/3/28 0:27	Python File	1 K
	pip.exe	2017/3/22 17:43	应用程序	96 KI
	pip3.5.exe	2017/3/22 17:43	应用程序	96 K
	pip3.exe	2017/3/22 17:43	应用程序	96 K
	pyi-archive_viewer.exe	2017/3/28 0:28	应用程序	73 K
	pyi-archive_viewer-script.py	2017/3/28 0:28	Python File	1 K
_OS (C:)	pyi-bindepend.exe	2017/3/28 0:28	应用程序	73 K
	pyi-bindepend-script.py	2017/3/28 0:28	Python File	1 K
	pyi-grab_version.exe	2017/3/28 0:28	应用程序	73 K
	pyi-grab_version-script.py	2017/3/28 0:28	Python File	1 K
	III pyi-makespec.exe	2017/3/28 0:28	应用程序	73 K
	pyi-makespec-script.py	2017/3/28 0:28	Python File	1 K
	pyinstaller.exe	2017/3/28 0:28	应用程序	73 K
	pyinstaller-script.py	2017/3/28 0:28	Python File	1 K
	pyi-set_version.exe	2017/3/28 0:28	应用程序	73 KI
	pyi-set_version-script.py	2017/3/28 0:28	Python File	1 K
	pywin32_postinstall.py	2017/3/28 0:27	Python File	25 K
	pywin32_testall.py	2017/3/28 0:27	Python File	4 K

<u></u>9-2

3.PyInstaller□□□

pyinstaller [opts]yourprogram.py

- ●-F,-onefile□□□□□EXE□□□

- ullet-w,-windowed,-noconsole[]
- 4.0000

```
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication, QPushButton, QColorDialog,
QWidget
   from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt
   from PyQt5.QtGui import QColor
   import sys
    class ColorDialog ( QWidget):
       def init (self):
           super(). init_()
           color = QColor(0, 0, 0)
           self.setGeometry(300, 300, 350, 280)
           self.setWindowTitle('颜色选择')
           self.button = QPushButton('Dialog', self)
           self.button.setFocusPolicy(Qt.NoFocus)
           self.button.move(20, 20)
           self.button.clicked.connect(self.showDialog)
           self.setFocus()
           self.widget = QWidget(self)
           self.widget.setStyleSheet('QWidget{background-color:%s}
'%color.name())
           self.widget.setGeometry(130, 22, 100, 100)
       def showDialog(self):
           col = QColorDialog.getColor()
           if col.isValid():
```

```
self.widget.setStyleSheet('QWidget
{background-color:%s}'%col.name())

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    qb = ColorDialog()
    qb.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

colorDialog.pypyPython
pyPython 3.5CPython
CPythonCPythoncolorDialog.py



<u></u>9-3

pyinstaller_______EXE________EXE______9-4____

```
C:\windows\system32\cmd.exe
4698 INFO: running Analysis out00-Analysis.toc
4825 INFO: Caching module hooks...
4843 INFO: Analyzing C:\Users\wangshuo\Desktop\python\colorDialog.py
4861 INFO: Loading module hooks..
4862 INFO: Loading module hook "hook-PyQt5.QtCore.py"...
4956 INFO: Loading module hook
                                 "hook-distutils.py"...
4958 INFO: Loading module hook "hook-pydoc.py"
4959 INFO: Loading module hook "hook-PyQt5.py"
4962 INFO: Loading module hook "hook-xml.py".
5326 INFO: Loading module hook "hook-PyQt5.Qt.py"...
5329 INFO: Loading module hook "hook-PyOt5.OtWidgets.py"...
5331 INFO: Loading module hook "hook-encodings.py"
5487 INFO: Loading module hook "hook-PyQt5.QtGui.py"...
6106 INFO: Loading module hook "hook-PyQt5.QtPrintSupport.py"...
6241 INFO: Looking for ctypes DLLs
6241 INFO: Analyzing run-time hooks ...
6249 INFO: Including run-time hook 'pyi_rth_qt5.py'
6252 INFO: Including run-time hook 'pyi_rth_qt5plugins.py'
6267 INFO: Looking for dynamic libraries
7936 INFO: Looking for eggs
7937 INFO: Using Python library C:\windows\system32\python34.dll
7937 INFO: Found binding redirects:
7947 INFO: Warnings written to C:\Users\wangshuo\Desktop\python\build\colorDialo
g\warncolorDialog.txt
8006 INFO: checking PYZ
8007 INFO: Building PYZ because out00-PYZ.toc is non existent
8008 INFO: Building PYZ (ZlibArchive) C:\Users\wangshuo\Desktop\python\build\col
orDialog\out00-PYZ.pyz
9411 INFO: Building PYZ (ZlibArchive) C:\Users\wangshuo\Desktop\python\build\col
orDialog\out00-PYZ.pyz completed successfully.
9445 INFO: checking PKG
9446 INFO: Building PKG because out00-PKG.toc is non existent
9446 INFO: Building PKG (CArchive) out00-PKG.pkg
27792 INFO: Building PKG (CArchive) out00-PKG.pkg completed successfully.
27818 INFO: Bootloader D:\installed_software\Python34\lib\site-packages\PyInstal
ler\bootloader\Windows-64bit\runw.exe
27819 INFO: checking EXE
27819 INFO: Building EXE because out00-EXE.toc is non existent
27820 INFO: Building EXE from out00-EXE.toc
27821 INFO: Appending archive to EXE C:\Users\wangshuo\Desktop\python\dist\color
Dialog.exe
27894 INFO: Building EXE from out00-EXE.toc completed successfully.
```

□9-4

_____ dist _____ colorDialog.exe____ 9-5__9-6_



□9-5

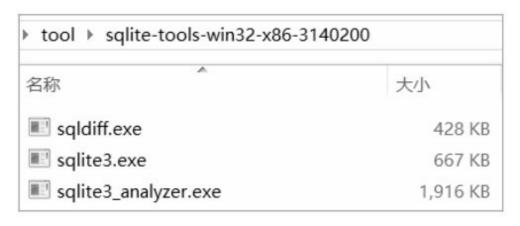


□9-6

colorDialog.exe colorDialog.py

5.PyInstaller□□□□

PyInstallerPython
9.2 □□□□□
<u>9.2.1 SQLite</u> ∏
1. 🗆 🗆 SQLite
SQLite
SQLite
SQLite
SQLite DDACID DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD
D.RichardHipp
DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDCKBDDDDDSQLiteDWindowsD
Linux UNIX UUU Tcl C# PHP Java
$\verb ODBC MySQL PostgreSQL $
2. DDDDSQLite
SQLite
SQLite



□9-7



□9-8

```
E:\>sqlite3
SQLite version 3.14.2 2016-09-12 18:50:49
Enter ".help" for usage hints.
Connected to a transient in-memory database.
Use ".open FILENAME" to reopen on a persistent database.
sqlite> _
```

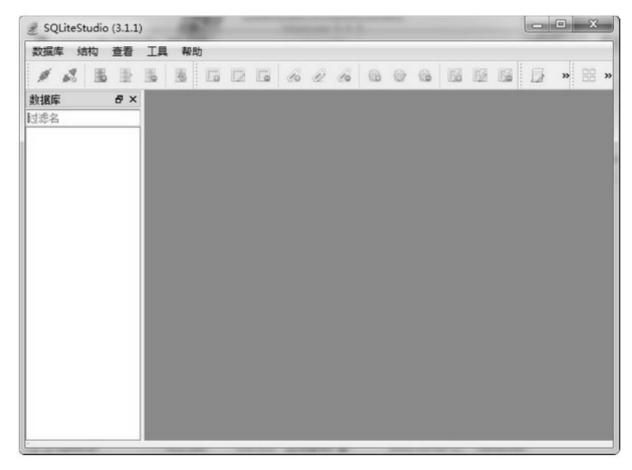
□9-9

3.SQLite
cdsqlite3
sqlite3 DatabaseName.db
testDb.db
E:\tool\sqlite3 testDb.db
SQLite version 3.14.2 2016-09-12 18:50:49
Enter ".help" for usage hints.
SQLite
sqlite3sqlite"
SQLitedatabases
sqlite□ .databases
seq name file
0 main E:\tool\testDb.db
sqlite[]
cdsqlite3
sqlite3 testDb.db

```
testDb.db□
                   E:\tool□sqlite3 testDb.db
                   SQLite version 3.14.2 2016-09-12 18:50:49
                   Enter ".help" for usage hints.
                   sqlite[]
             sqlite[].help
             sqlite create table people(id integer primary key,name
      text):
             ПП
             On SQLite Ondonomical destroy of the state of the square o
testDb.db
             people(id,name)
                   salite
                                                                            insert
                                                                                                                  into
      values(1,'zhangsan');
                   sqlite insert into people (id, name) values (2, 'lisi');
                   sqlite\(\text{insert into people(id,name) values(3,'wangwu');}\)
             sqlite

☐ select * from people;
                    1|zhangsan
                   2|lisi
                   3|wangwu
```

peoplecolumnheader on
sqlite□ .header on
sqlite select * from people;
id name
1 zhangsan
2 lisi
3 wangwu
sqlite□
people
sqlite□ .schema people
CREATE TABLE people(id integer primary key,name
text);
sqlite□
4SQLite
ShellSQLite
DBMSDDDDDDDDDDDDSQLiteDDD
SQLiteStudio
https://sqlitestudio.pl/index.rvt
sqlitestudio-3.1.1.zip
DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD
SQLiteStudio



□9-10

9.2.2

数据库驱动类型	描述
QDB2	IBM DB2 驱动程序
QIBASE	Borland InterBase 驱动程序
QMYSQL	MySQL 驱动程序
QOCI	Oracle 调用接口驱动程序
QODBC	ODBC 驱动程序(包括 Microsoft SQL Server)
QPSQL	PostgreSQL 驱动程序
QSQLITE	SQLite3 或更高版本的驱动程序
QSQLITE2	SQLite2 驱动程序

QSqlDatabase

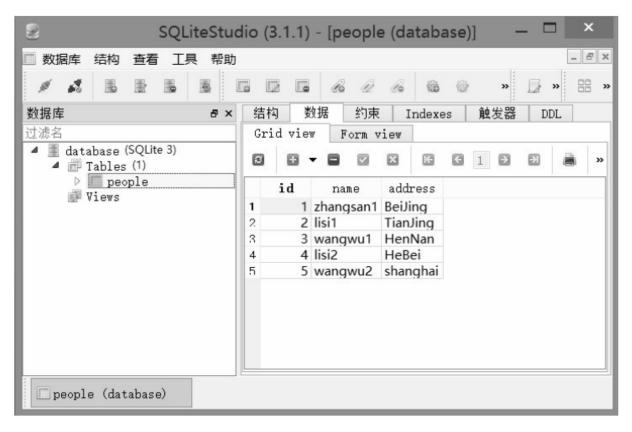
□9-3

方 法	描述
addDatabase()	设置连接数据库的数据库驱动类型
setDatabaseName()	设置所连接的数据库名称
setHostName()	设置安装数据库的主机名称
setUserName()	指定连接的用户名
setPassword()	设置连接对象的密码(如果有)
commit()	提交事务,如果执行成功则返回 True
rollback()	回滚数据库事务
close()	关闭数据库连接

9.2.3 □□SQL□□

QSqlQuerySC)L0000][[[][][][]DDL[DML[][[[SQL [
exec_()		SQL		
query=QSqlQuery()				
query.exec_("create	table	people(id	int	primary
key,name varchar(20),ad	dress va	archar(30))")		
	09/qt09 ₋	_db01.py[][SQLite []
<pre>□□database.db□□□□people□</pre>][]5[][][]			

```
import sys
   from PyQt5.QtCore import *
   from PyQt5.QtGui import *
   from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
   from PyQt5.QtSql import QSqlDatabase , QSqlQuery
   def createDB():
       db = QSqlDatabase.addDatabase('QSQLITE')
       db.setDatabaseName('./db/database.db')
       if not db.open():
           QMessageBox.critical(None, ("无法打开数据库"),
           ("无法建立到数据库的连接,这个例子需要 SQLite 支持,请检查数据库配置。
\n\n 单击取消按钮退出应用。"),
           QMessageBox.Cancel )
           return False
        query = QSqlQuery()
        query.exec ("create table people(id int primary key, name
varchar(20), address varchar(30))")
       query.exec_("insert into people values(1, 'zhangsan1', 'BeiJing')")
       query.exec ("insert into people values(2, 'lisi1', 'TianJing')")
       query.exec ("insert into people values(3, 'wangwul', 'HenNan')")
       query.exec ("insert into people values(4, 'lisi2', 'HeBei')")
       query.exec ("insert into people values(5, 'wangwu2', 'shanghai')")
       # 关闭数据库
       db.close()
       return True
   if name == ' main ':
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       createDB()
       sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□9-11

SQLdb.close()
00000000000000000000000000000000000000
_PyQt
closeEvent()

```
class ExecDatabaseDemo(QWidget):

def __init__(self, parent=None):
    super(ExecDatabaseDemo , self).__init__(parent)

self.db = QSqlDatabase.addDatabase('QSQLITE')
    self.db.setDatabaseName('./db/database.db')
    # 打开数据库
    self.db.open()

def closeEvent(self, event):
    # 关闭数据库
    self.db.close()
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    demo = ExecDatabaseDemo()
    demo.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```

9.2.4

Ру	'Qt 🔲 QSqlTableModel 🔲 🗎 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂 🖂
	QTableView
]QSqlTableModelpeople
QSqlTa	ableModel
	model=QtSql.QSqlTableModel()
	model.setTable("people")
	model. set Edit Strategy (QSql Table Model. On Manual Subm
it)	
	model.setFilter("id 🛘 1")
	model.select()

∏9-4

编辑策略	描述
QSqlTableModel.OnFieldChange	所有变更实时更新到数据库中
QSqlTableModel.OnRowChange	当用户选择不同的行时,在当前行进行变更
QSqlTableModel.OnManualSubmit	手动提交,不自动提交

```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
from PyQt5.QtSql import QSqlDatabase , QSqlTableModel
from PyQt5.QtCore import Qt
def initializeModel(model):
   model.setTable('people')
   model.setEditStrategy( QSqlTableModel.OnFieldChange)
   model.select()
   model.setHeaderData(0, Qt.Horizontal, "ID")
   model.setHeaderData(1, Qt.Horizontal, "name")
   model.setHeaderData(2, Qt.Horizontal, "address")
def createView(title, model):
   view = QTableView()
   view.setModel(model)
   view.setWindowTitle(title)
   return view
def addrow():
   ret = model.insertRows( model.rowCount(), 1 )
   print( 'insertRows=%s' %str(ret) )
def findrow(i):
   delrow= i.row()
   print('del row=%s' % str(delrow) )
if name == ' main ':
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   db = QSqlDatabase.addDatabase('QSQLITE')
   db.setDatabaseName('./db/database.db')
   model = QSqlTableModel()
   delrow = -1
   initializeModel (model)
   view1 = createView("Table Model (View 1)", model)
   view1.clicked.connect(findrow)
   dlg= QDialog()
   layout = QVBoxLayout()
   layout.addWidget(view1)
```

	ID	name	address
1	1	zhangsan1	BeiJing
2	2	lisi1	TianJing
3	3	wangwu1	HenNan
4	4	lisi2	HeBei
5	5	wangwu2	shanghai
5	5	wangwu2	shanghai
		添加一行	
		删除一行	

```
QSqlTableModel.OnFieldChange
    model.setTable('people')
    model.setEditStrategy(
 QSqlTableModel.OnFieldChange)
    model.select()
  QTableViewnnnnnnnnnnnnqQTableViewnnnnnnnn
    def createView(title,model):
     view=QTableView()
     view.setModel(model)
     view.setWindowTitle(title)
     return view
  □□□□□□□QTableView□□□□□QPushButton□□□□□QDialog□□□□
\square
insertRows()
    addBtn.clicked.connect(addrow)
    def addrow():
     ret=model.insertRows( model.rowCount(),1 )
     print( 'insertRows=%s' %str(ret) )
```

ID		name	address
1		zhangsan1	BeiJing
2		lisi1	TianJing
3		wangwu1	HenNan
4		lisi2	НеВеі
5		wangwu2	shanghai
o	^ +		
	2 3 4 5	2 3 4 5	2 lisi1 3 wangwu1 4 lisi2 5 wangwu2

□9-13

delBtn=QPushButton("DDDD")

delBtn.clicked.connect(lambda:

model.removeRow(view1.currentIndex().row()))

9.2.5



□9-14

1.000000

□9-5

列 名	数据类型	名 称	规 则
id	Int	编号,记录的唯一标识符,不能重复	主键(Primary Key)
name	Varchar	名字	
sex	Varchar	性别	
age	Int	年龄	
deparment	Varchar	系	

 \square SQLite \square student \square

```
E:\quant\PyQt5\Chapter05\db \[ \text{sqlite3 datagrid.db} \]
     SOLite version 3.14.2 2016-09-12 18:50:49
     Enter ".help" for usage hints.
     sqlite ☐ create table student(id int primary key,name
vchar,sex vchar,age int,deparment vchar);
  sqlite\squareinsert into student values(1, \square 1', \square 1', 20, \square 1');
     sqlite\squareinsert into student values(2,'\square\square1','\square',19,'\square\square');
     sqlite\squareinsert into student values(3,'\square1','\square1',22,'\square1');
     sqlite\squareinsert into student values(4, \square 1', \square 1', 21, \square 1');
     sqlite\squareinsert into student values(5, \square 1', \square 1', \square 1', 20, \square 1');
     sqlite\squareinsert into student values(6, \square 1', \square', 19, \square \square');
     sqlite\squareinsert into student values(7,'\square\square1','\square',20,'\square\square');
     sqlite\squareinsert into student values(8,'\square\dagger1','\square',19,'\square\dagger1');
     sqlite\squareinsert into student values(9,\square2',\square1,21,\square1);
     sqlite\squareinsert into student values(10, \square 3', \square', 20, \square );
  \square\square\square\square\square\square\square\squarePython\square\square\square\squarestudent\square\square\square\square\square\square\square
```

```
def createTableAndInit():
       # 添加数据库
       db = QSqlDatabase.addDatabase('QSQLITE')
       # 设置数据库名称
       db.setDatabaseName('./db/database.db')
       # 判断是否打开数据库
       if not db.open():
           return False
       # 声明数据库查询对象
       query = QSqlQuery()
       # 创建表
       query.exec("create table student(id int primary key, name vchar, sex
vchar, age int, deparment vchar)")
       # 添加记录
       query.exec("insert into student values(1,'张三1','男',20,'计算机')")
       query.exec("insert into student values(2,'李四1','男',19,'经管')")
       query.exec("insert into student values(3,'王五1','男',22,'机械')")
       query.exec("insert into student values(4,'赵六1','男',21,'法律')")
       query.exec("insert into student values(5,'小明1','男',20,'英语')")
       query.exec("insert into student values(6,'小李1','女',19,'计算机')")
       query.exec("insert into student values(7,'小张 1','男',20,'机械')")
       query.exec("insert into student values(8,'小刚 1','男',19,'经管')")
       query.exec("insert into student values(9,'张三2','男',21,'计算机')")
       query.exec("insert into student values(10,'张三3','女',20,'法律')")
       return True
   2.
```

______D____DataGrid______init__()_______

```
class DataGrid(QWidget):
   def init (self):
       super(). init ()
       self.setWindowTitle("分页查询例子")
       self.resize(750,300)
       # 查询模型
       self.queryModel = None
       # 数据表
       self.tableView = None
       # 总页数文本
       self.totalPageLabel = None
       # 当前页文本
       self.currentPageLabel = None
       # 转到页输入框
       self.switchPageLineEdit = None
       # 前一页按钮
       self.prevButton = None
       # 后一页按钮
       self.nextButton = None
       # 转到页按钮
       self.switchPageButton = None
       # 当前页
       self.currentPage = 0
       # 总页数
       self.totalPage = 0
       # 总记录数
       self.totalRecrodCount = 0
       # 每页显示记录数
       self.PageRecordCount = 5
```

```
self.prevButton=QPushButton("\|\|\|\|\|\")
     self.nextButton=QPushButton("□□□")
     self.switchPageButton=QPushButton("Go")
     self.switchPageLineEdit=QLineEdit()
     self.switchPageLineEdit.setFixedWidth(40)
     switchPage=QLabel("\sqcap\sqcap\sqcap")
     page=QLabel("[]")
     operatorLayout.addWidget(self.prevButton)
     operatorLayout.addWidget(self.nextButton)
     operatorLayout.addWidget(switchPage)
     operatorLayout.addWidget(self.switchPageLineEdit)
     operatorLayout.addWidget(page)
     operatorLayout.addWidget(self.switchPageButton)
     operatorLayout.addWidget( QSplitter())
   # 00000
     self.tableView=QTableView()
     self.tableView.horizontalHeader().setStretchLastSection
 (True)
     self.tableView.horizontalHeader().setSectionResizeMod
 e(
        QHeaderView.Stretch)
   mainLayout=QVBoxLayout(self);
     mainLayout.addLayout(operatorLayout);
     mainLayout.addWidget(self.tableView);
```

mainLayout.addLayout(statusLayout); self.setLayout(mainLayout)

0009-1500



□9-15

3.0000000000

```
def setTableView(self):
       self.db = QSqlDatabase.addDatabase('QSQLITE')
       # 设置数据库名称
       self.db.setDatabaseName('./db/database.db')
       # 打开数据库
       self.db.open()
       # 声明查询模型
       self.queryModel = QSqlQueryModel(self)
       # 记录查询
       self.recordQuery(0)
       # 设置模型
       self.tableView.setModel(self.queryModel)
       # 设置表格头
       self.queryModel.setHeaderData(0,Qt.Horizontal,"编号")
       self.queryModel.setHeaderData(1,Qt.Horizontal,"姓名")
       self.queryModel.setHeaderData(2,Qt.Horizontal,"性别")
       self.queryModel.setHeaderData(3,Qt.Horizontal,"年龄")
       self.queryModel.setHeaderData(4,Qt.Horizontal,"院系")
   # 记录查询
   def recordQuery(self, limitIndex ):
       szQuery = ("select * from student limit %d,%d" % ( limitIndex ,
self.PageRecordCount ) )
       self.queryModel.setQuery(szQuery)
```

```
self.prevButton.clicked.connect(self.onPrevButtonClick)
self.nextButton.clicked.connect(self.onNextButtonClick)
self.switchPageButton.clicked.connect(
    self.onSwitchPageButtonClick)

# 前一页按钮被按下
def onPrevButtonClick(self):
    print('*** onPrevButtonClick ');
    limitIndex = (self.currentPage - 2) * self.PageRecordCount self.recordQuery( limitIndex)
    self.currentPage -= 1
```

```
self.updateStatus()
# 后一页按钮被按下
def onNextButtonClick(self):
   print('*** onNextButtonClick ');
   limitIndex = self.currentPage * self.PageRecordCount
   self.recordQuery( limitIndex)
   self.currentPage += 1
   self.updateStatus()
# 跳转按钮被按下
def onSwitchPageButtonClick(self):
   # 得到输入字符串
   szText = self.switchPageLineEdit.text()
   # 数字正则表达式
   pattern = re.compile(r'^{-+}]?[0-9]+\.[0-9]+$')
   match = pattern.match(szText)
   # 判断是否为数字
   if not match:
       QMessageBox.information(self, "提示", "请输入数字")
       return
   # 是否为空
   if szText == '':
       QMessageBox.information(self, "提示" , "请输入跳转页面" )
       return
   # 得到页数
   pageIndex = int(szText)
   # 判断是否有指定页
   if pageIndex > self.totalPage or pageIndex < 1 :</pre>
       QMessageBox.information(self, "提示",
           "没有指定的页面,请重新输入")
       return
   # 得到查询起始行号
   limitIndex = (pageIndex-1) * self.PageRecordCount
   # 记录查询
   self.recordQuery(limitIndex);
```

9.3 Pandas PyQt P

PyDataPandas
Panel Data
Python[][][]Data Analysis[][][][Pandas[][][][Python[][][][]
NumPyPandasPython
Pandas PyQt
Pandas
qtpandas
9.3.1 qtpandas∏∏
pip install pandas
pip
TUNApypi5TUNAsimple
httpshttp
pip install-i https://pypi.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/simple
pandas
qtpandas Pandas pip
pip install qtpandas
pip install qtpandas 1.03 qtpandas

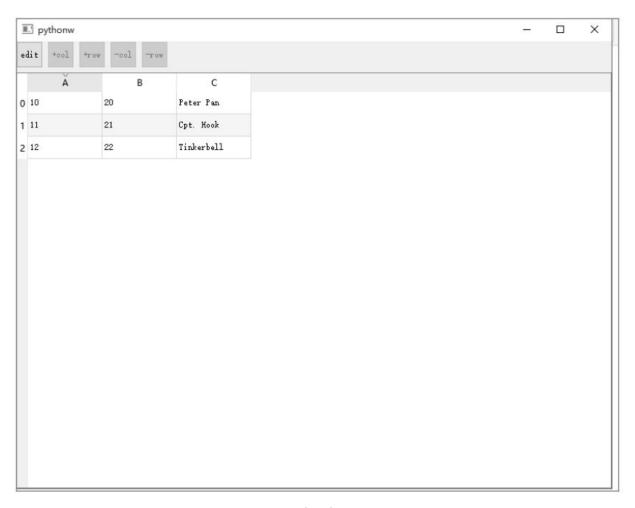
qtpandas[PyQt5
qtpandas 1.04
git pypandas
gitqtpandas
gitqtpandas_
git clone https://github.com/draperjames/qtpandas.git
cd qtpandas
python setup.py install
qtpandas
https://github.com/draperjames/qtpandas[]
<pre>[[] [] [] [Code [] [] [] ["Clone or download" [] [] [] []</pre>
"Download ZIP" $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $
master.zip[][][][]zip[][][][][][][]qtpandas[]
cd qtpandas
python setup.py install
pip show qtpandas
C:\Users\si\Downloads\qtpandas-master pip show
qtpandas
Name: qtpandas
Version: 1.0.4
Summary: Utilities to use pandas (the data analysis /
manipulation
Home-page: None
Author: None
Author-email: None
License: None

9.3.2

```
from __future__ import unicode_literals
from __future__ import print_function
```

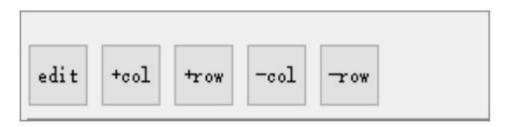
```
from future import division
from future import absolute import
from future import standard library
standard library.install aliases()
import pandas
import numpy
import sys
from qtpandas.excepthook import excepthook
# 使用 compat 模块中的 QtGui 类 , 请确保安装了必需的 sip 库
from qtpandas.compat import QtGui
from qtpandas.models.DataFrameModel import DataFrameModel
from qtpandas.views.DataTableView import DataTableWidget
# from qtpandas.views. ui import icons rc
sys.excepthook = excepthook # 设置 PyQt 的异常钩子, 在本例中基本没什么用
# 创建一个空的模型, 该模型用于存储与处理数据
model = DataFrameModel()
# 创建一个应用用于显示表格
app = QtGui.QApplication([])
widget = DataTableWidget() # 创建一个空的表格, 主要用来呈现数据
widget.resize(500, 300) # 调整 Widget 的大小
widget.show()
# 让表格绑定模型,也就是让表格呈现模型的内容
widget.setViewModel(model)
# 创建测试数据
data = {
   'A': [10, 11, 12],
   'B': [20, 21, 22],
   'C': ['Peter Pan', 'Cpt. Hook', 'Tinkerbell']
df = pandas.DataFrame(data)
# 下面两列用来测试委托是否成立
df['A'] = df['A'].astype(numpy.int8) # A 列数据格式变成整型
df['B'] = df['B'].astype(numpy.float16) # B列数据格式变成浮点型
# 在模型中填入数据 df
model.setDataFrame(df)
```

```
# 启动程序
app.exec_()
```

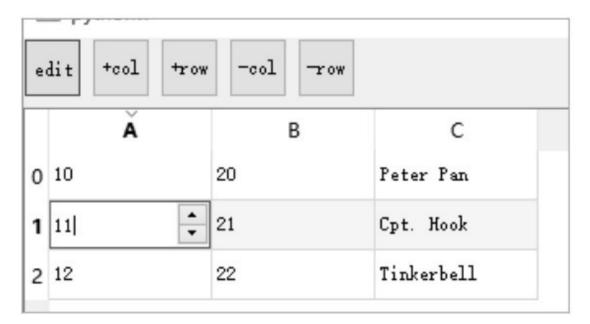


□9-16

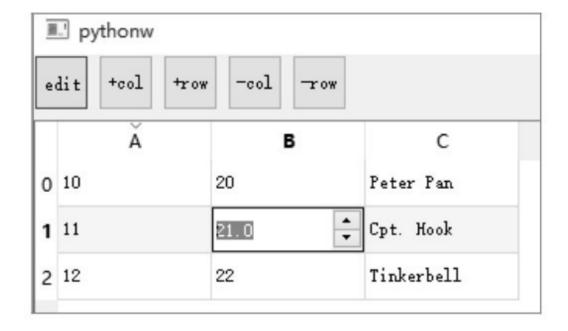
____PyQt_____9-18__9-19__9-20_

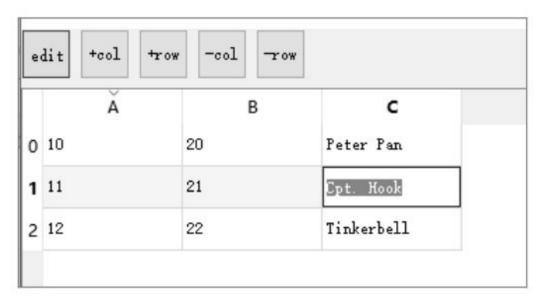


□9-17



□9-18



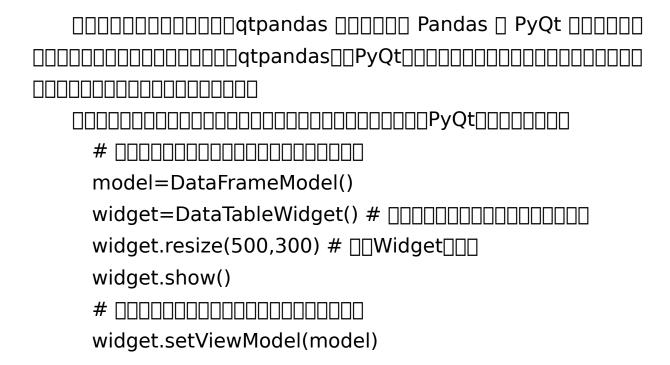


□9-20

9-21

pythonw	?	×
Add a new attrib	ute column	
Name		
Туре	text	•
Inital Value(s)	integer (64 bit) unsigned small integer (8 bit) unsigned small integer (16 bit) unsigned integer (32 bit)	^
	unsigned integer (64 bit) floating point number (16 bit) floating point number (32 bit)	
	floating point number (64 bit) true/false value date and time	~

□9-21

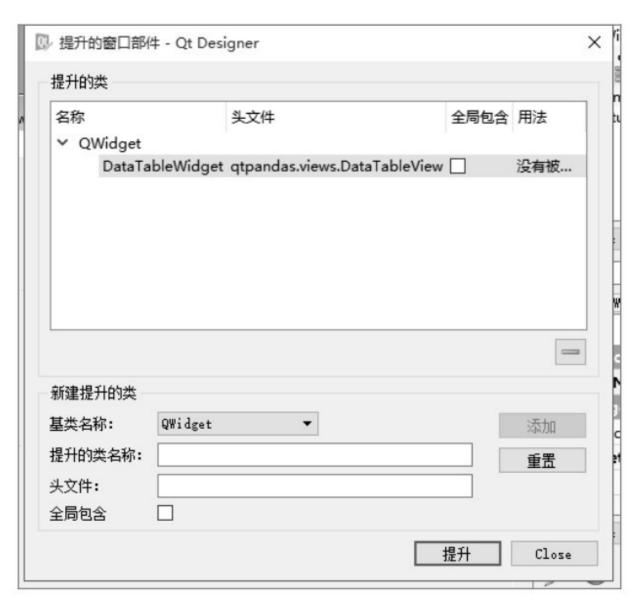


#
model.setDataFrame(df)
DataFrameModel [][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][]
9.3.3
0000000000000000000000PyQt00000000000000
Qt Designer
Container QWidget

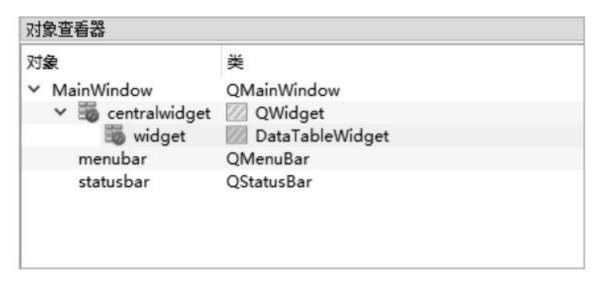
提升的类		
名称 头文件	全局包含 用法	
		_
また。 ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・		
新建提升的类 - 基类名称:	QWidget ▼	添加
	QWidget ▼ DataTableWidget	添加重置
基类名称:		重置

□9-22

00"00"000000"0000"00000009-23000
Designer□□□□DataTableWidget□□



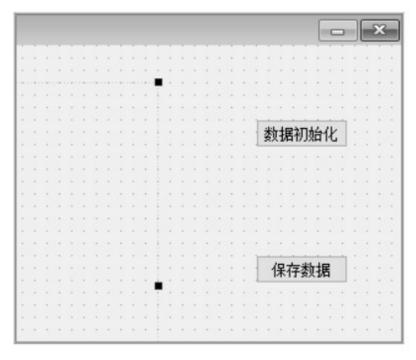
□9-23



□9-24

∐∐Widget∐∐	U"pandastablewidget"[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[
from o	tpandas.views.DataTableView	import
Data Table Widge	t	
self.pandast	ablewidget=DataTableWidget(self.c	entralW
idget)		
self.pandast	ablewidget.setGeometry(QtCore.QF	Rect(10,
30,591,331))		
self.pandast	ablewidget.setStyleSheet("")	
self.pandast	ablewidget.set Object Name ("pandas	stablewi
dget")		
00000000Da	ataTableWidget[][]Qt Designer[][][][]	
PyQt	QQQt De	esigner <u> </u>
PyQt Python]Pyt	hon □□□

9.3.4 qtpandas□□□



□9-25

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
11 11 11
Module implementing MainWindow.
11 11 11
from PyQt5.QtCore import pyqtSlot
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QMainWindow, QApplication
from Ui_pandas_pyqt import Ui_MainWindow
from qtpandas.models.DataFrameModel import DataFrameModel
import pandas as pd
class MainWindow(QMainWindow, Ui MainWindow):
     Class documentation goes here.
11 11 11
def init (self, parent=None):
******
      Constructor
       @param parent reference to the parent widget
      @type QWidget
```

```
11 11 11
    super(MainWindow, self).__init__(parent)
    self.setupUi(self)
          '''初始化 pandasqt'''
    widget = self.pandastablewidget
          widget.resize(600, 500) # 如果对控件尺寸不满意,可以在这里设置
          self.model = DataFrameModel() # 设置新的模型
    widget.setViewModel(self.model)
          self.df =
pd.read excel(r'./data/fund data.xlsx',encoding='gbk')
          self.df original = self.df.copy() # 备份原始数据
   self.model.setDataFrame(self.df)
   @pyqtSlot()
    def on pushButton clicked(self):
   初始化 pandas
    11 11 11
    self.model.setDataFrame(self.df original)
   @pyqtSlot()
   def on pushButton_2_clicked(self):
    保存数据
    11 11 11
          self.df.to_excel(r'./data/fund_data_new.xlsx')
   if name == " main ":
       import sys
       app = QApplication(sys.argv)
       ui = MainWindow()
       ui.show()
       sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



□9-26



<u></u>9-27

A	В	C	D	E
	基金ID	投资策略	子策略	
31	HF00000CC	管理期货	主观套利	
4	HF000009E		系统化趋势	
3	HF000008N	管理期货	系统化高频	
1	HF00000G8		宏观策略	
34	HF0000102	股票策略	股票多头	
5	HF0000042	管理期货	主观趋势	
16	HF0000063		系统化趋势	
15	HF0000002	股票策略	股票多头	
04	**********	空气 中国 廿日八十年	ナーコロナクナカ	

□9-28

9.4 Matplotlib PyQt D

$\square\square$ Python $\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square$ Matplotlib $\square\square\square\square\square\square\square\square$ Python $\square\square\square\square\square\square\square$
□□Matplotlib□□□□□□□□□□□□□□□

Matplotlib Python DDDDDDDDDDDDDMATLAB DDDDDAPIDD
Matplotlib
http://matplotlib.org/gallery.html
$\verb $
DDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDDD
000000000000000000000PyQt000000000000000
PyQt
MatplotlibWidget.py Matplotlib PyQt

9.4.1 | MatplotlibWidget | □ □ □

1.

```
class MyMplCanvas(FigureCanvas):
"""FigureCanvas的最终父类其实是 QWidget"""

def __init__(self, parent=None, width=5, height=4, dpi=100):

# 设置中文显示
plt.rcParams['font.family'] = ['SimHei'] # 用来正常显示中文标签
plt.rcParams['axes.unicode_minus'] = False # 用来正常显示负号

# 新建一个绘图对象
```

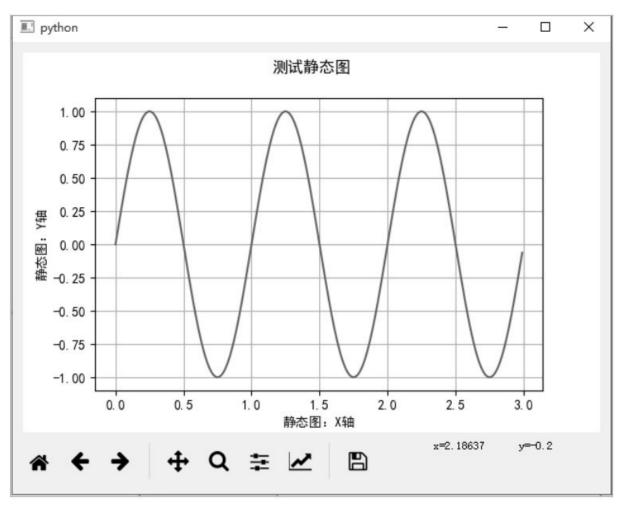
```
self.fig = Figure(figsize=(width, height), dpi=dpi)
       # 建立一个子图。如果要建立复合图,可以在这里修改
       self.axes = self.fig.add subplot(111)
       self.axes.hold(False) # 每次绘图时都不保留上一次绘图的结果
       FigureCanvas. init (self, self.fig)
       self.setParent(parent)
       '''定义 FigureCanvas 的尺寸策略,意思是设置 FigureCanvas,使之尽可能向
外填充空间!!!
       FigureCanvas.setSizePolicy(self,
                     QSizePolicy. Expanding,
                     QSizePolicy.Expanding)
       FigureCanvas.updateGeometry(self)
   def start static plot(self):
      self.fig.suptitle('□□□□□')
      t=arange(0.0,3.0,0.01)
      s=sin(2 * pi * t)
      self.axes.plot(t,s)
      self.axes.set ylabel('□□□□Y□')
      self.axes.set xlabel('\Box\Box\Box\BoxX\Box')
      self.axes.grid(True)
```

```
l = [random.randint(0, 10) for i in range(4)]
self.axes.plot([0, 1, 2, 3], 1, 'r')
self.axes.set_ylabel('动态图: Y轴')
self.axes.set_xlabel('动态图: X轴')
self.axes.grid(True)
self.draw()
```

2.

```
class MatplotlibWidget(QWidget):
      def init (self, parent=None):
         super(MatplotlibWidget, self). init (parent)
         self.initUi()
      def initUi(self):
         self.layout = QVBoxLayout(self)
         self.mpl = MyMplCanvas(self, width=5, height=4, dpi=100,
title='Title 1')
         # self.mpl.start_static_plot() # 如果想要在初始化时就呈现静态图,请取
消这行注释
         # self.mpl.start dynamic plot() # 如果想要在初始化时就呈现动态图,请
取消这行注释
         self.mpl ntb = NavigationToolbar(self.mpl, self)#添加完整的工具栏
         self.layout.addWidget(self.mpl)
         self.layout.addWidget(self.mpl ntb)
   if __name__=='__main__':
        app=QApplication(sys.argv)
       ui=MatplotlibWidget()
       ui.mpl.start static plot() # [[[[[[]]]]
        # ui.mpl.start dynamic plot() # [[] [] []
       ui.show()
```

sys.exit(app.exec ())



□9-29

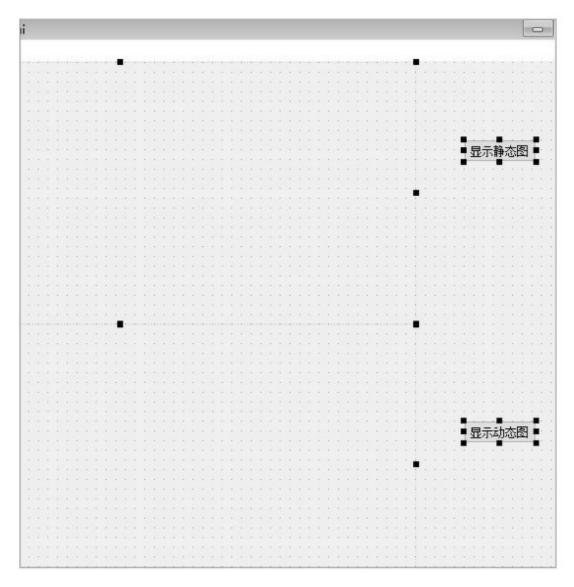
9.4.2

	9.3	.3 [Qt C)esi	gne	r 🛮			
Matplo	otlib	o∏Py	/Qt[]						
				Qt	Designer						
PyQt5	/Ch	apte	er09	9/mat	plotlib_pyc	ηt.ui					
][Q	Wid	get[[[][][][9-30						

新建提升的类一		
基类名称:	QWidget ▼	添加
提升的类名称:	MatplotlibWidget	重置
头文件:	MatplotlibWidget	
全局包含		

□9-30

____QWidget

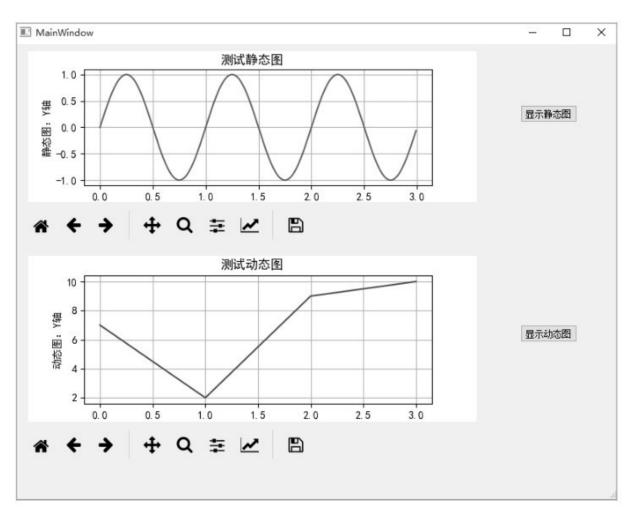


□9-31

9.4.3 MatplotlibWidget□□□

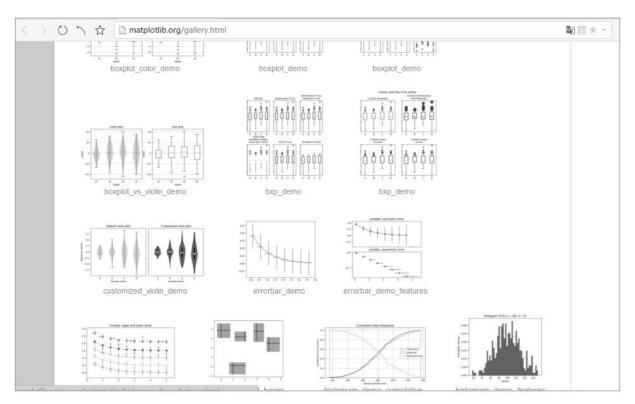
```
____matplotlib_pyqt.py
     class MainWindow(QMainWindow,Ui MainWindow):
      def init (self,parent=None):
        super(MainWindow,self). init (parent)
        self.setupUi(self)
        self.matplotlibwidget dynamic.setVisible(False)
        self.matplotlibwidget static.setVisible(False)
   @pyqtSlot()
     def on pushButton clicked(self):
        Slot documentation goes here.
        self.matplotlibwidget static.setVisible(True)
        self.matplotlibwidget static.mpl.start static plot()
     @pyqtSlot()
     def on pushButton 2 clicked(self):
        11 11 11
        Slot documentation goes here.
        11 11 11
        self.matplotlibwidget dynamic.setVisible(True)
        self.matplotlibwidget dynamic.mpl.start dynamic
     plot()
   if __name__=="__main__":
      import sys
```

app=QApplication(sys.argv)
ui=MainWindow()
ui.show()
sys.exit(app.exec_())



□9-32

9.4.4



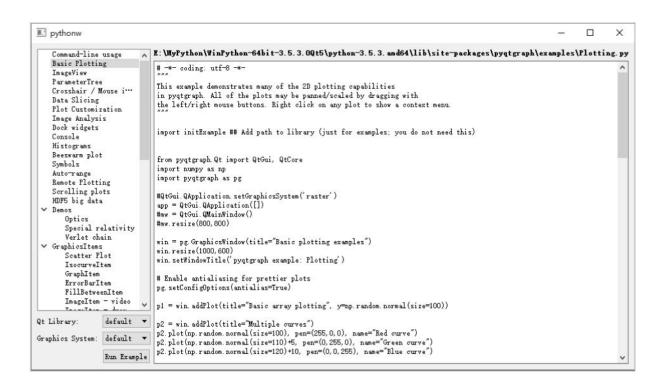
□9-33

9.5 PyQtGraph PyQt PyQt

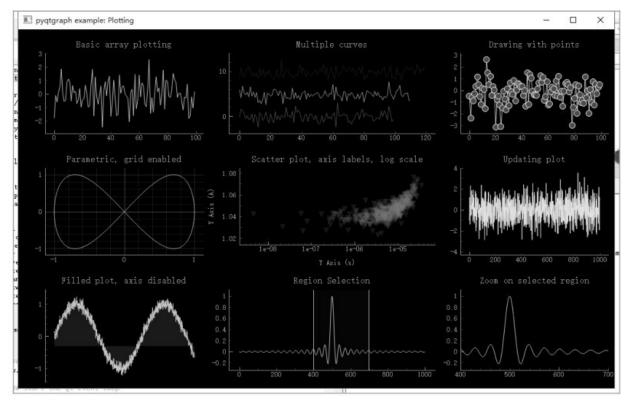
 PyQtGraph
 Python
 PyQtGraph
 PySide
 P

- ullet
- ullet

PyQtGraph Matplotlib PyQtGraph Matplotlib PyQtGraph Matplotlib PyQtGraph Matplotlib PyQtGraph PyQtGraph
9.5.1 PyQtGraph∏∏
PyQtGraph pip pip install pyqtgraph
9.5.2
import pyqtgraph.examples
pyqtgraph.examples.run()
[]9-34[][]



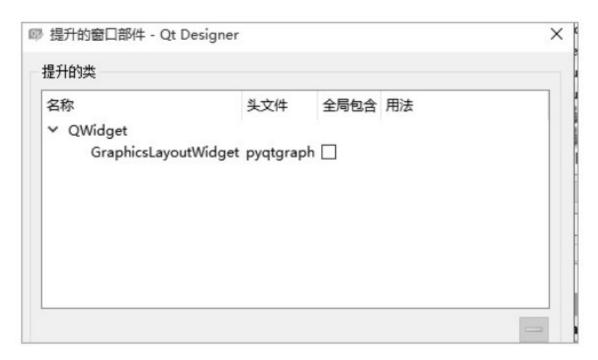
□9-34



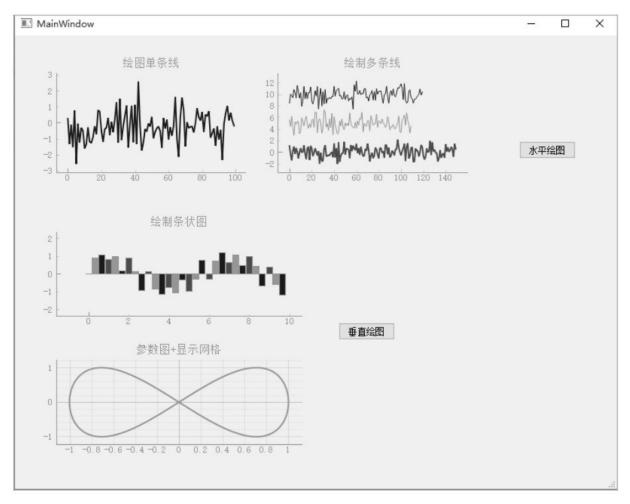
□9-35

9.5.3

9-36



□9-36

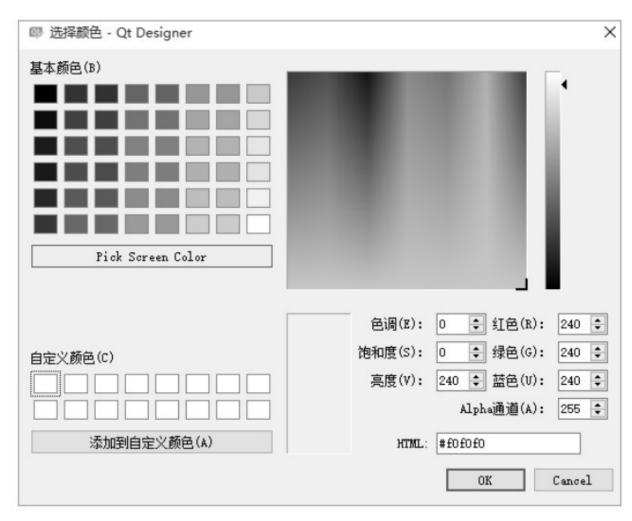


9-37

9.5.4 PyQtGraph□□□

```
import pyqtgraph as pg
class MainWindow(QMainWindow,Ui_MainWindow):
def __init__(self,parent=None):
super(MainWindow,self).__init__(parent)
```

pg.setConfigOption('background','#f0f0f0') # [[[[
pg.setConfigOption('foreground','d') # [[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[
pg.setConfigOptions(antialias=True) # [[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[
pg.setConfigOption('antialias',True) # [[[[[[[[[[[[[
setConfigOptions
setConfigOption
self.setupUi(self)
[]1[] pg [][][][][][][] self.setupUi(self)[][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][]
0000 setuiUi()00000000000000000000000000000000000
#f0f0f09-38



□9-38

```
@pyqtSlot()
def on_pushButton_clicked(self):
    self.pyqtgraph1.clear() # 清空里面的内容, 否则会发生重复绘图的结果

'''第一种绘图方式'''
    self.pyqtgraph1.addPlot(title="绘制单条线",
y=np.random.normal(size=100), pen=pg.mkPen(color='b', width=2))

'''第二种绘图方式'''
    plt2 = self.pyqtgraph1.addPlot(title='绘制多条线')

plt2.plot(np.random.normal(size=150), pen=pg.mkPen(color='r',
```

```
@pyqtSlot()
def on pushButton 2 clicked(self):
   11.11.11
   Slot documentation goes here.
   '''如果没有进行第一次绘图,就开始绘图,然后做绘图标记,否则就什么都不做'''
   try:
      self.first plot flag # 检测是否进行过绘图
   except:
      plt = self.pyqtgraph2.addPlot(title='绘制条状图')
      x = np.arange(10)
     y1 = np.sin(x)
      y2 = 1.1 * np.sin(x + 1)
      y3 = 1.2 * np.sin(x + 2)
      bg1 = pg.BarGraphItem(x=x, height=y1, width=0.3, brush='r')
      bg2 = pg.BarGraphItem(x=x + 0.33, height=y2, width=0.3, brush='g')
      bg3 = pg.BarGraphItem(x=x + 0.66, height=y3, width=0.3, brush='b')
      plt.addItem(bg1)
      plt.addItem(bg2)
      plt.addItem(bg3)
      self.pyqtgraph2.nextRow()
      p4 = self.pyqtgraph2.addPlot(title="参数图+显示网格")
      x = np.cos(np.linspace(0, 2 * np.pi, 1000))
      y = np.sin(np.linspace(0, 4 * np.pi, 1000))
      p4.plot(x, y, pen=pg.mkPen(color='d', width=2))
     p4.showGrid(x=True, y=True) # 显示网格
      self.first_plot_flag = True # 第一次绘图后进行标记
```

self.pyqtgraph2.nextRow()

self.pyqtgraph2.clear() try	
00000000000000000000000000000000000000]
PyQtGraphNumPy	
PyQtGraph PyQt NumPy	
PyQtGraph_PyQt	

9.5.5

import pyqtgraph.examples
pyqtgraph.examples.run()

9.6 Plotly PyQt

PlotlyJavaScript
00000000000000020150110170000Plotly00000000000
Plotly
Plotlyplotly.js
Plotly
Python Plotly JavaScript R MATLAB
Plotly_PyQtPlotlyPlotly
https://plot.ly/python/

9.6.1 Plotly□□□

pip install plotly

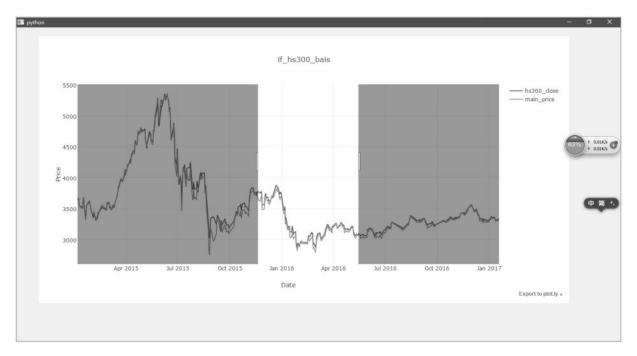
9.6.2

```
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
             from PyQt5.QtGui import *
             from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
             import sys
             from PyQt5.QtWebEngineWidgets import QWebEngineView
             class Window (QWidget):
             def init (self):
                                    QWidget. init (self)
                                    self.qwebengine = QWebEngineView(self)
             self.qwebengine.setGeometry(QRect(50, 20, 1200, 600))
             self.qwebengine.load(QUrl.fromLocalFile('\plotly html\if hs300 bais.h
tml'))
             app = QApplication(sys.argv)
             screen = Window()
             screen.showMaximized()
             sys.exit(app.exec ())
             self.qwebengine=QWebEngineView(self)
                     self.qwebengine.load(QUrl.fromLocalFile('\plotly html\if
     hs300 bais.h tml'))
             DOCUMENTAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF
```



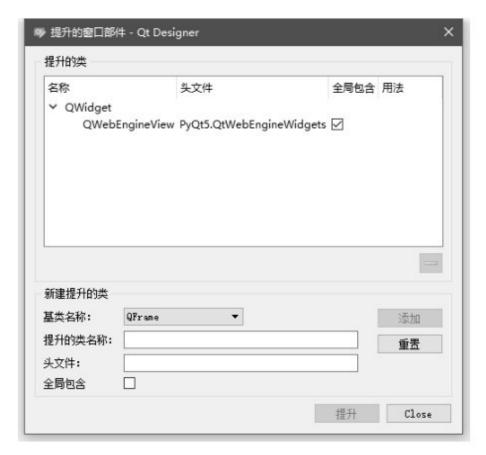
□9-39

_______autoscale"____



□9-40

9.6.3



□9-41

9.6.4 Plotly_PyQt5□□□

```
import pandas as pd
    import os
   import plotly.offline as pyof
   import plotly.graph objs as go
   import numpy as np
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
   class Plotly PyQt5():
      def init (self):
         '''初始化时设置存储 HTML 文件的文件夹名称, 默认为 plotly html'''
          plotly dir = 'plotly html'
          if not os.path.isdir(plotly dir):
             os.mkdir(plotly dir)
          self.path dir plotly_html = os.getcwd() + os.sep + plotly_dir
       def
get plotly path if hs300 bais(self, file name='if hs300 bais.html'):
          path plotly = self.path dir plotly html + os.sep + file name
          df = pd.read_excel(r'if_index_bais.xlsx')
          111绘制散点图111
          line main price = go.Scatter(
             x=df.index,
             y=df['main price'],
             name='main price',
             connectgaps=True, # 这个参数表示允许连接数据之间的缺失值
          line hs300 close = go.Scatter(
             x=df.index,
             y=df['hs300 close'],
             name='hs300 close',
             connectgaps=True,
```

```
data = [line hs300 close, line main price]
      layout = dict(title='if hs300 bais',
            xaxis=dict(title='Date'),
            yaxis=dict(title='Price'),
      fig = go.Figure(data=data, layout=layout)
      pyof.plot(fig, filename=path plotly, auto open=False)
      return path plotly
  \square 1
import plotly.offline as pyof
  pyof.plot(fig,filename=path_plotly,auto_open=False)
  return path plotly
```

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
"""

Module implementing MainWindow.
"""

from PyQt5.QtCore import pyqtSlot
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QMainWindow

from Ui_plotly_pyqt import Ui_MainWindow

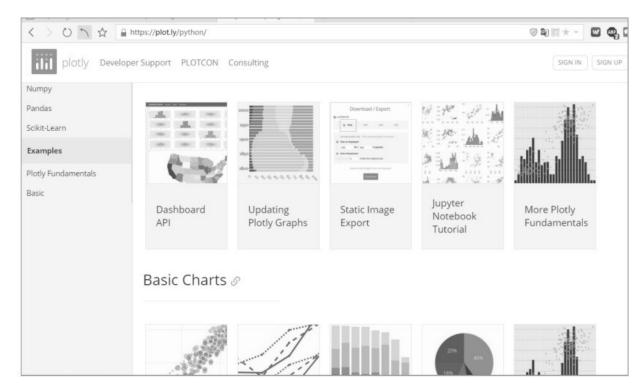
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
import sys
```

```
from Plotly PyQt5 import Plotly PyQt5
 class MainWindow (QMainWindow, Ui MainWindow):
    Class documentation goes here.
    def init (self, parent=None):
       Constructor
       @param parent reference to the parent widget
       @type QWidget
       super(MainWindow, self).__init__(parent)
       self.setupUi(self)
       self.plotly pyqt5 = Plotly PyQt5()
       self.qwebengine.setGeometry(QRect(50, 20, 1200, 600))
       self.qwebengine.load(QUrl.fromLocalFile(
             self.plotly pyqt5.get plotly path if hs300 bais()))
 app = QApplication(sys.argv)
 win = MainWindow()
 win.showMaximized()
 app.exec ()
 self.plotly pyqt5=Plotly PyQt5()
    self.qwebengine.setGeometry(QRect(50,20,1200,600))
    self.qwebengine.load(QUrl.fromLocalFile(self.plotly_pyq
t5.get_plotly_path_if_hs300_bais()))
  self.qwebengine.load(QUrl.fromLocalFile('\if hs300 bais
.html'))
```



□9-42

9.6.5 □□□□



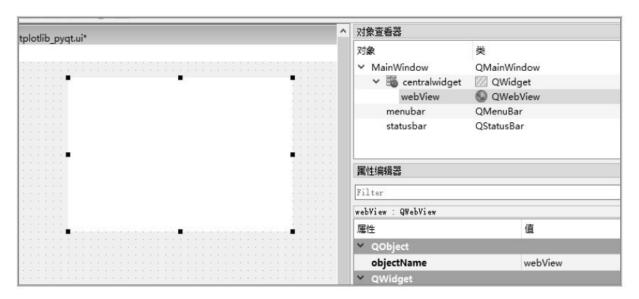
□9-43

get_plotly_path_if_hs300_bais______

9.6.6 Plotly PyQt 5.6 □ □

2
_3 Matplotlib Plotly
Matplotlib Plotly
Matplotlib
_QWebView
ПОt DesignerПППП"Display Widgets"ППППППОWebViewПГ

0000000009-44000



□9-44

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
11 11 11
Module implementing MainWindow.
11 11 11
from PyQt5.QtCore import pyqtSlot
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QMainWindow
from Ui_plotly_matplotlib_pyqt import Ui_MainWindow
from PyQt5.QtCore import *
from PyQt5.QtGui import *
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
import sys
from Plotly PyQt5 import Plotly PyQt5
class MainWindow (QMainWindow, Ui MainWindow):
   11 11 11
   Class documentation goes here.
   11 11 11
   def init (self, parent=None):
       11 11 11
       Constructor
       @param parent reference to the parent widget
       Otype QWidget
       11 11 11
       super(MainWindow, self). init (parent)
       self.setupUi(self)
       self.plotly_pyqt5 = Plotly_PyQt5()
       self.webView.setGeometry(QRect(50, 20, 1200, 600))
       self.webView.load(QUrl.fromLocalFile
(self.plotly pyqt5.get plot path matplotlib plotly()))
app = QApplication(sys.argv)
win = MainWindow()
```

```
win.showMaximized()
app.exec ()

Self.plotly_pyqt5=Plotly_PyQt5()
self.webView.setGeometry(QRect(50,20,1200,600))
self.webView.load(QUrl.fromLocalFile(self.plotly_pyqt5.g
et_plot_path_matplotlib_plotly()))

Output

Description

Output

Description

Output

Description

Output

Description

Output

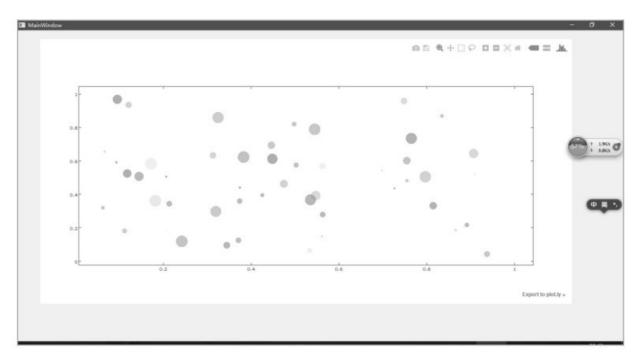
Description

Description

Output

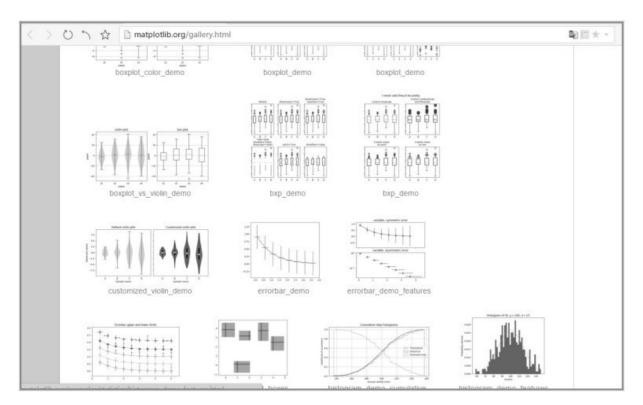
Description

Descriptio
```



□9-45

9.6.7



□9-46

9.7 UI

 PyQt
 Python
 Python</t

9.7.1 חחחחחחחח

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PyQt _ UIJohn McGehee
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example/ John McGehee QtDesigner Quality QtDesigner
PyQtPyQt 4PyQt 5
John McGehee

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Qt DesignerPython_
unittestnnnpvOt 5nOTestnnnnnnnnnnulnnnnnnn

9.7.2



□9-47

□□□□□□□Margarita Midori□
Triple Sec 20
Midori_Triple Sec
000000000000000000000jigger0000000000000
0.0444



□9-48



□9-49

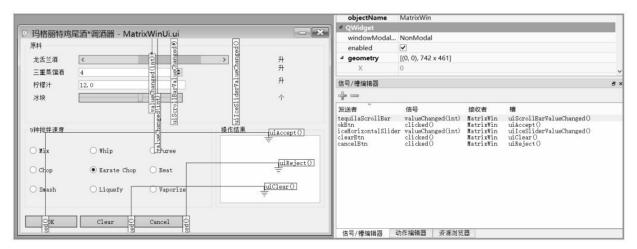
PyQt Qtest

- MargaritaMixer.ui□Qt Designer□XML□□□□□□□□GUI□□□□□□
- MargaritaMixer.py
 GUI
 Python
 D

pyuic5-o MatrixWinUi.py MatrixWinUi.ui

- MatrixWinTest.py





□9-51

控件类型	控件名称	作 用			
QScrollBar	tequilaScrollBar	显示龙舌兰酒的滑动条,连接 uiScrollBarValueChanged 函数的绑定。触发控件			
		信号 valueChanged 的发射			
QLabel	selScrollBarLbl	显示选择导入的龙舌兰酒的当前值			
QSpinBox	tripleSecSpinBox	显示三重蒸馏酒的文本框			
QLineEdit	limeJuiceLineEdit	显示柠檬汁的文本框			
QSlider	iceHorizontalSlide 显示冰块的滑动条,连接 uiIceSliderValueChanged 函数的绑定。触发:				
	r	valueChanged 的发射			
QRadioButton	SpeedButton1	显示搅拌速度的单选钮,速度为 Mix			
QRadioButton	SpeedButton2	显示搅拌速度的单选钮,速度为 Whip			
QRadioButton	SpeedButton3	显示搅拌速度的单选钮,速度为 Puree			
QRadioButton	SpeedButton4	显示搅拌速度的单选钮,速度为 Chop			
QRadioButton	SpeedButton5	显示搅拌速度的单选钮,速度为 Karate Chop			
QRadioButton	SpeedButton6	显示搅拌速度的单选钮,速度为 Beat			
QRadioButton	SpeedButton7	显示搅拌速度的单选钮,速度为 Smash			
QRadioButton	SpeedButton8	显示搅拌速度的单选,速度为 Liquefy			
QRadioButton	SpeedButton9	显示搅拌速度的单选钮,速度为 Vaporize			
QPushButton	okBtn	单击 "OK" 按钮,连接 uiAccept 函数的绑定。触发控件信号 clicked 的发射			
QPushButton	clearBtn	单击 "Clear" 按钮,连接 uiClear 函数的绑定。触发控件信号 clicked 的发射			
QPushButton	cancelBtn	单击 "Cancel"按钮,连接 uiReject 函数的绑定。触发控件信号 clicked 的发射			
QTextEdit	resultText	显示所调制的鸡尾酒的配置结果和搅拌速度			

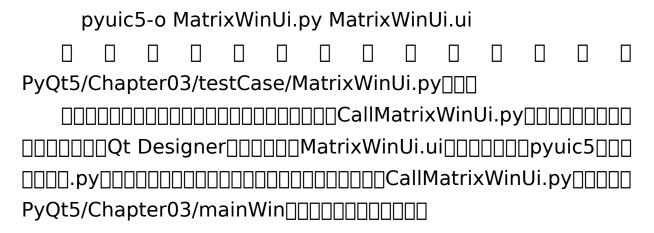
00000/00000000000000000009-7000

□9-7

发射者	信 号	槽	作用
tequilaScrollBar	valueChanged(int)	uiScrollBarValueChanged()	当改变导入龙舌兰酒的滑动条时,发射这个
			信号
okBtn	clicked()	uiAccept()	当单击"OK"按钮时,发射这个信号
iceHorizontalSlider	valueChanged(int)	uiIceSliderValueChanged()	当用户改变冰块滑块时,发射这个信号
clearBtn	clicked()	uiClear()	当用户单击"Clear"按钮时,发射这个信号
cancelBtn	clicked()	uiReject()	当用户单击 "Cancel" 按钮时,发射这个信号

9.7.2 □□□□□□□**Python**□□

MatrixWinUi.ui MatrixWinUi.py	JЦ
MatrixWinUi.ui	



```
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *

from MatrixWinUi import *

class CallMatrixWinUi(QWidget ):
    def __init__(self, parent=None):
        super(CallMatrixWinUi, self).__init__(parent)
        self.ui = Ui_MatrixWin()
        self.ui.setupUi(self)
        self.initUi()

# 初始化窗口

def initUi(self):
        scrollVal = self.ui.tequilaScrollBar.value()
        self.ui.selScrollBarLbl.setText( str(scrollVal) )
        sliderVal = self.ui.iceHorizontalSlider.value()
```

```
self.ui.selIceSliderLbl.setText( str(sliderVal) )
       # 获得一个量酒器的重量,单位:克
       def getJiggers(self):
           # 返回玛格丽特鸡尾酒的总容量,以jigger量酒器为单位
           # 一个量酒器可以容纳 0.0444 升的酒
           jiggersTequila = self.ui.tequilaScrollBar.value()
           jiggersTripleSec = self.ui.tripleSecSpinBox.value()
           jiggersLimeJuice = float(self.ui.limeJuiceLineEdit.text())
           jiggersIce = self.ui.iceHorizontalSlider.value()
           return jiggersTequila + jiggersTripleSec + jiggersLimeJuice +
jiggersIce
       # 获得一个量酒器的体积,单位:升
       def getLiters(self):
           '''返回鸡尾酒的总容量(升)'''
           return 0.0444 * self.getJiggers()
       # 获得搅拌速度
       def getSpeedName(self):
           speedButton = self.ui.speedButtonGroup.checkedButton()
           if speedButton is None:
               return None
           return speedButton.text()
       # 单击 "OK" 按钮后, 把响应的结果显示在 resultText 文本框里
       def uiAccept(self):
           print('* CallMatrixWinUi accept ')
           print('The volume of drinks is {0} liters ({1}
jiggers).'.format(self.getLiters() , self.getJiggers() ))
           print('The blender is running at speed
"{0}"'.format(self.getSpeedName() ))
           msg1 = '饮料量为: {0} 升 ({1} 个量酒器)。
'.format(self.getLiters() , self.getJiggers() )
           msg2 = '调酒器的搅拌速度是: "{0}"。'.format(self.getSpeedName())
           self.ui.resultText.clear()
           self.ui.resultText.append(msg1)
           self.ui.resultText.append(msg2)
       # 单击 "Cancel" 按钮, 关闭窗口
       def uiReject(self):
           print('* CallMatrixWinUi reject ')
```

```
'''Cancel.'''
       self.close()
   # 单击 "Clear" 按钮, 清空操作结果
   def uiClear(self):
       print('* CallMatrixWinUi uiClear ')
       self.ui.resultText.clear()
   def uiScrollBarValueChanged(self):
       print('* uiScrollBarValueChanged -----')
       pos = self.ui.tequilaScrollBar.value()
       self.ui.selScrollBarLbl.setText( str(pos) )
   def uiIceSliderValueChanged( self):
       print('* uiIceSliderValueChanged -----')
       pos = self.ui.iceHorizontalSlider.value()
       self.ui.selIceSliderLbl.setText( str(pos) )
if name ==" main ":
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   demo = CallMatrixWinUi()
   demo.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec ())
```



□9-52

9.7.3

CallMatrixWinUi
MatrixWinTest.py
$PyQt5/Chapter 03/test Case/Call Matrix Win Ui.py \verb $
1. 000000
Python
1 unittest
import unittest
<pre> []2[][][][][][]unittest.TestCase[][][][][]MatrixWinTest[] </pre>

3setUp()_tearDown()				
setUp() te	earDown()[
$\Pi 4\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi\Pi$ test Π] [] [] test_moveScrollBar() [
test tripleSecSpinBox()□				
]assertEqual			
assertRaises				
[]6[][unittest.main()				
П9-	-8			
断言方法	说 明			
assertEqual(a, b)	检测 a==b			
assertNotEqual(a,b)	检测 a!==b			
assertTrue(x) 检测 bool(x) is True				
assertFalse(x) 检测 bool(y) is False				
assertIsNot(a, b) 检测 a is not b				
	unittest. Test Case			
<pre></pre>	unittest.TestCase			
unittest				
unittest class MatrixWinTest(unitte				
unittest unittest				
unittest class MatrixWinTest(unittent # def setUp(self):	est.TestCase):			
unittest class MatrixWinTest(unitte # def setUp(self): print('*** setUp ***') self.app=QApplication	est.TestCase):			
unittest class MatrixWinTest(unitte # def setUp(self): print('*** setUp ***') self.app=QApplication	est.TestCase): n(sys.argv)			
unittest class MatrixWinTest(unitted) # [][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][]	est.TestCase): n(sys.argv)			
unittest class MatrixWinTest(unitted) # [][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][]	est.TestCase): n(sys.argv)			

```
self.app.exec ()
  2.
  nnn PyQt nnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnpyQtnnnnnnn
nnnnnnnnn exit()nnnnnnn
# □□□QThread □
   class BackWorkThread(QThread):
    # NANANANANAN
    finishSignal=pyqtSignal(str)
    # _____
    def init (self,sleepTime,parent=None):
     super(BackWorkThread,self). init (parent)
     # | | | | | | |
     self.sleepTime=sleepTime
    def run(self):
     # | | | | | | | | |
     time.sleep(self.sleepTime)
     self.finishSignal.emit('ok ,begin to close Window')
  _____MatrixWinTest______setUp()____
MatrixWinTest□□□□□□
```

```
class MatrixWinTest(unittest.TestCase):
    # 初始化工作
    def setUp(self):
        print('*** setUp ***')
        self.app = QApplication(sys.argv)
        self.form = CallMatrixWinUi.CallMatrixWinUi()
```

```
self.form.show()

# 新建线程对象,传入参数,每5秒关闭一个测试用例
self.bkThread = BackWorkThread(int(5))
# 连接子进程的信号和槽函数
self.bkThread.finishSignal.connect(self.closeWindow)
#self.bkThread.finishSignal.connect(self.app.exec_)

# 启动线程,开始执行 run()函数中的内容
self.bkThread.start()

# 退出清理工作
def tearDown(self):
    print('*** tearDown ***')
    self.app.exec()
```

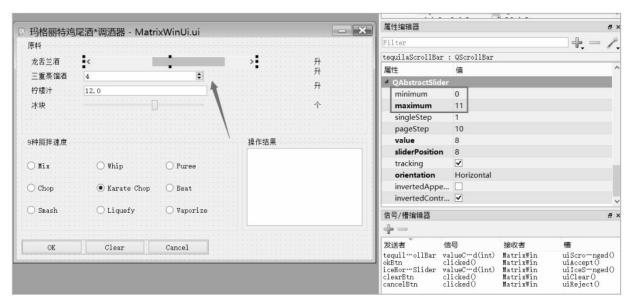
3.0000000000

```
# 测试用例——在默认状态下测试 GUI
       def test defaults (self):
           '''测试 GUI 处于默认状态'''
           print('*** testCase test defaults begin ***')
           self.form.setWindowTitle('开始测试用例 test defaults ')
           self.assertEqual(self.form.ui.tequilaScrollBar.value(), 8)
           self.assertEqual(self.form.ui.tripleSecSpinBox.value(), 4)
           self.assertEqual(self.form.ui.limeJuiceLineEdit.text(),"12.0")
           self.assertEqual(self.form.ui.iceHorizontalSlider.value(),12)
           self.assertEqual(self.form.ui.speedButtonGroup.
checkedButton().text(),"&Karate Chop")
           print('*** speedName='+ self.form.getSpeedName() )
           # 用鼠标左键单击 "OK" 按钮
           okWidget = self.form.ui.okBtn
           QTest.mouseClick(okWidget, Qt.LeftButton)
           #测试窗口在默认状态下,各控件的默认值是否与预期值一样
           self.assertEqual(self.form.getJiggers() , 36.0)
           self.assertEqual(self.form.getSpeedName(), "&Karate Chop")
           print('*** testCase test defaults end ***')
```



□9-53

4. □ □ PyQt □ QScrollBar



□9-54

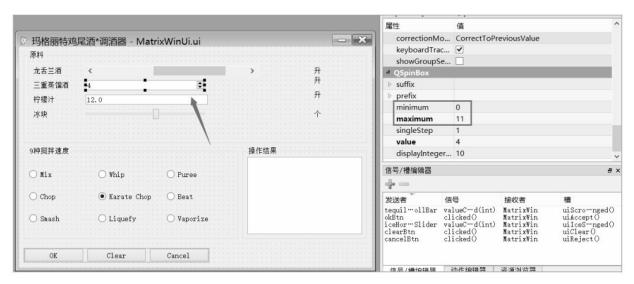
```
# 测试用例——测试滑动条
   def test moveScrollBar(self):
       '''测试用例 test moveScrollBar'''
       print('*** testCase test moveScrollBar begin ***')
       self.form.setWindowTitle('开始测试用例 test moveScrollBar ')
       self.setFormToZero()
       # 测试将龙舌兰酒的滑动条的值设置为 12, 在 UI 中实际它的最大值为 11
       self.form.ui.tequilaScrollBar.setValue( 12 )
       print('* 当执行 self.form.ui.tequilaScrollBar.setValue(12) 后,
ui.tequilaScrollBar.value() => ' +
str( self.form.ui.tequilaScrollBar.value() ) )
       self.assertEqual(self.form.ui.tequilaScrollBar.value(), 11 )
       # 测试将龙舌兰酒的滑动条的值设置为 -1, 在 UI 中实际它的最小值为 0
       self.form.ui.tequilaScrollBar.setValue(-1)
       print('* 当执行 self.form.ui.tequilaScrollBar.setValue(-1) 后,
ui.tequilaScrollBar.value() => ' +
str( self.form.ui.tequilaScrollBar.value() ) )
       self.assertEqual(self.form.ui.tequilaScrollBar.value(), 0)
       # 重新将将龙舌兰酒的滑动条的值设定置 5
       self.form.ui.tequilaScrollBar.setValue(5)
       # 用鼠标左键单击 "OK" 按钮
       okWidget = self.form.ui.okBtn
       QTest.mouseClick(okWidget, Qt.LeftButton)
       self.assertEqual(self.form.getJiggers() , 5)
       print('*** testCase test moveScrollBar end ***')
```

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□9-55

5. PyQt QSpinBox



□9-56

```
# 测试用例——测试计数器控件(QSpinBox)

def test_tripleSecSpinBox(self):
    '''测试用例 test_tripleSecSpinBox '''
    print('*** testCase test_tripleSecSpinBox begin ***')
    self.form.setWindowTitle('开始测试用例 test_tripleSecSpinBox ')
    '''测试修改计数器控件(QSpinBox)的最大值、最小值
    测试它的最小值和最大值作为读者的练习
```

```
111
       self.setFormToZero()
       # tripleSecSpinBox 在界面中的取值范围为 0~11,将它的最大值设置为 12,看是
否显示正常
       self.form.ui.tripleSecSpinBox.setValue(12)
       print('* 当执行 self.form.ui.tripleSecSpinBox.setValue(12) 后,
ui.tripleSecSpinBox.value() => ' +
str( self.form.ui.tripleSecSpinBox.value() ) )
       self.assertEqual(self.form.ui.tripleSecSpinBox.value(), 11 )
       # tripleSecSpinBox 在界面中的取值范围为 0~11,将它的最小值设置为 -1,看是
否显示正常
       self.form.ui.tripleSecSpinBox.setValue(-1)
       print('* 当执行 self.form.ui.tripleSecSpinBox.setValue(-1) 后,
ui.tripleSecSpinBox.value() => ' +
str( self.form.ui.tripleSecSpinBox.value() ) )
       self.assertEqual(self.form.ui.tripleSecSpinBox.value(), 0 )
       self.form.ui.tripleSecSpinBox.setValue(2)
       # 用鼠标左键单击 "OK" 按钮
       okWidget = self.form.ui.okBtn
       QTest.mouseClick(okWidget, Qt.LeftButton)
       self.assertEqual(self.form.getJiggers(), 2)
       print('*** testCase test_tripleSecSpinBox end ***')
```

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□9-57

6. □ □ PyQt □ QLine Edit

```
# 测试用例——测试柠檬汁单行文本框
def test limeJuiceLineEdit(self):
   '''测试用例 test limeJuiceLineEdit '''
   print('*** testCase test limeJuiceLineEdit begin ***')
   self.form.setWindowTitle('开始测试用例 test limeJuiceLineEdit ')
   '''测试修改 lineEdit 文本框控件的最大值、最小值
   测试它的最小值和最大值作为读者的练习
   self.setFormToZero()
   #清除lineEdit 文本框控件值,然后在lineEdit 文本框控件中输入"3.5"
   self.form.ui.limeJuiceLineEdit.clear()
   QTest.keyClicks(self.form.ui.limeJuiceLineEdit, "3.5")
   # 用鼠标左键单击 "OK" 按钮
   okWidget = self.form.ui.okBtn
   QTest.mouseClick(okWidget, Qt.LeftButton)
   self.assertEqual(self.form.getJiggers() , 3.5)
   print('*** testCase test limeJuiceLineEdit end ***')
```

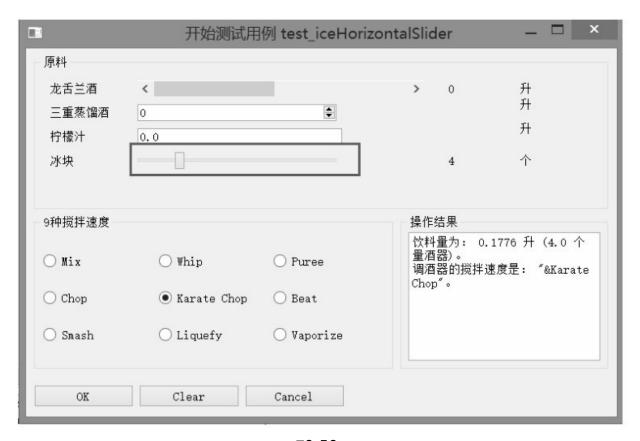
:	开始测试月	用例 test_limeJuid	ceLineEdit	_ 🗆 ×
原料 龙舌兰酒 三重蒸馏酒 柠檬汁 冰块	0 3.5	•	> 0	升 升 介
9种搅拌速度 Mix Chop Smash	Whip● Karate Chop○ Liquefy	O Puree O Beat Vaporize	量酒器)。	.1554 升(3.5 个 速度是: "&Karate
OK	Clear	Cancel	,	

□9-58

7. DPyQt QSlider

#	alSlid	er					
def test_iceHorizontalSlid	er(se	elf):					
'''	alSlic	ler ''	I				
print('*** testCase to	est_i	сеНо	rizor	ntalS	lider	be	gin
***')							
self.form.setWindowTitl	e('						
test_iceHorizontalSlider ')							
'''000000000							
Ш							

```
self.setFormToZero()
self.form.ui.iceHorizontalSlider.setValue(4)
# [][][][][]["OK"][]
okWidget=self.form.ui.okBtn
QTest.mouseClick(okWidget,Qt.LeftButton)
self.assertEqual(self.form.getJiggers(),4)
print('*** testCase test_iceHorizontalSlider end ***')
[][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][]
```



9-59

8. PyQt QRadioButton

```
# 0000——000000000
     def test blenderSpeedButtons(self):
     print('*** testCase test blenderSpeedButtons
                                                     begin
  ***')
     self.form.ui.speedButton1.click()
     self.assertEqual(self.form.getSpeedName(),"&Mix")
     self.form.ui.speedButton2.click()
     self.assertEqual(self.form.getSpeedName(),"&Whip")
     self.form.ui.speedButton3.click()
     self.assertEqual(self.form.getSpeedName(),"&Puree")
     self.form.ui.speedButton4.click()
     self.assertEqual(self.form.getSpeedName(),"&Chop")
     self.form.ui.speedButton5.click()
     self.assertEqual(self.form.getSpeedName(),"&Karate
  Chop")
     self.form.ui.speedButton6.click()
     self.assertEqual(self.form.getSpeedName(),"&Beat")
     self.form.ui.speedButton7.click()
     self.assertEqual(self.form.getSpeedName(),"&Smash")
     self.form.ui.speedButton8.click()
     self.assertEqual(self.form.getSpeedName(),"&Liquefy")
     self.form.ui.speedButton9.click()
     self.assertEqual(self.form.getSpeedName(),"&Vaporize"
  )
     print('*** testCase test blenderSpeedButtons end ***')
```

原料	-			Lik
龙舌兰酒	<		> 8	升 升
三重蒸馏酒	4	•		H
柠檬汁	12.0			л
冰块			12	个
23	2000			
○ Mix	○ Whip	O Puree		
○ Mix ○ Chop	○ Whip	O Puree		

□9-60

9.7.4

MatrixWinTest
unittest
import unittest
1. 00000000
ifname=="main":
unittest.main()
reportLog.txt
python MatrixWinTest.py □□ ./reportLog.txt 2□&1

2.000000000000 if name ==" main ": suite=unittest.TestSuite() suite.addTest(MatrixWinTest("test defaults")) suite.addTest(MatrixWinTest("test_moveScrollBar")) suite.addTest(MatrixWinTest("test_tripleSecSpinBox")) suite.addTest(MatrixWinTest("test limeJuiceLineEdit")) suite.addTest(MatrixWinTest("test_iceHorizontalSlider ")) suite.addTest(MatrixWinTest("test liters")) suite.addTest(MatrixWinTest("test_blenderSpeedButt ons")) runner=unittest.TextTestRunner() runner.run(suite) 9.7.5 nnnnnunittestnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnnn □□□□□□HTMLTestRunner□□□□□□□□ HTMLTestRunner.py Π Π Π Π http://tungwaiyip.info/software/HTMLTestRunner.html [] [] 9-61

HTMLTestRu	ınner[][][]Python 2[][][]HTMLTestRunner[][
D D Pytho	on 3 🛮 🗎 🗎 🗎 🗎 🖺 🖺 🖺 🖺					
http://www.cnb	logs.com/sgtb/p/4169732.html					
HTMLTestRunne	r.pyPython 3					
tungwaiyip	HTMLTestRunner HTMLTestRunner is an extension to the Python standard library's unittest					
links	module. It generates easy to use HTML test reports. See a <u>sample report</u> here. HTMLTestRunner is released under a BSD style license.					
	14 comments					
	Download					
	HTMLTestRunner.py (0.8.2)					
	test_HTMLTestRunner.py test and demo of HTMLTestRunner.py					
	Return to my software.					
	□9-61					
PyQt5/Chapter(n 3					

```
import unittest
   import HTMLTestRunner
   import time
   from MatrixWinTest import MatrixWinTest
   if name == " main ":
       now = time.strftime("%Y-%m-%d-%H %M %S",
time.localtime(time.time()))
       print ( now )
       testunit = unittest.TestSuite()
       testunit.addTest(unittest.makeSuite(MatrixWinTest))
       htmlFile = ".\\"+now+"HTMLtemplate.html"
       print( 'htmlFile='+ htmlFile)
       fp = open(htmlFile,'wb')
       runner = HTMLTestRunner.HTMLTestRunner(
           stream=fp,
           title=u"PyQt5测试报告",
           description=u"用例测试情况")
       runner.run(testunit)
       fp.close()
```



PyQt5测试报告

Start Time: 2017-05-28 16:27:51 Duration: 0:00:35.213974

Status: Pass 7 用例测试情况

Show <u>Summary Failed All</u>

Test Group/Test case	Count	Pass	Fail	Error	View	
MatrixWinTest.MatrixWinTest	7	7	0	0	Detail	
test_blenderSpeedButtons		pass				
test_defaults: 测试GUI处于默认状态 pass						
test_iceHorizontalSlider: 测试用例 test_iceHorizontalSlider			pass			
test_limeJuiceLineEdit: 测试用例 test_limeJuiceLineEdit		pass				
test_liters: 测试用例 test_liters pass						
test_moveScrollBar: 测试用例test_moveScrollBar pass						
test_tripleSecSpinBox: 测试用例 test_tripleSecSpinBox			pass			
Total	7	7	0	0	- 8	

10 PyQt 5

10.1

10.1.1



□10-1

□10-1

城市名称	城市代码
北京	101010100
天津	101030100
上海	101020100

名 称	描述
weatherinfo	weatherInfo 消息根节点
city	城市中文名
cityid	城市 ID
temp	温度
WD	风向
WS	风力
SD	湿度
WSE	风力

名 称	描述
time	发布时间
rain	是否下雨,1,有雨;0,无雨
isRadar	是否有雷达图, 1, 代表有雷达图; 0, 代表没有雷达图
Radar	雷达图编号,雷达图的地址为: http://www.weather.com.cn/html/radar/雷达图编号.shtml

```
{
    "weatherinfo": {
        "city": "北京",
        "cityid": "101010100",
        "temp": "18",
        "WD": "东南风",
        "WS": "1 级",
        "SD": "17%",
        "WSE": "1",
        "time": "17:05",
        "isRadar": "1",
        "Radar": "JC_RADAR_AZ9010_JB",
        "njd": "暂无实况",
        "qy": "1011",
        "rain": "0"
    }
}
```

```
Description:

Description:

Description:

Description:

Description:

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Description:

Description:

Description:

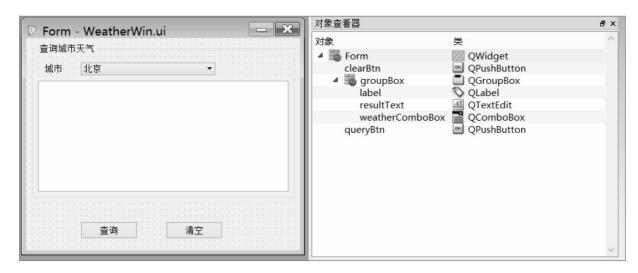
Description:

Description:

Description:

Desc
import requests
               rep=requests.get('http://www.weather.com.cn/data/s
       k/101010100.html')
               rep.encoding='utf-8'
               print('□□□: %s' % rep.json() ) print('□□: %s' %
           rep.json()['weatherinfo']['city'])
               print('\[\]: %s' % rep.json()['weatherinfo']['WD'])
               print('\[\]: %s' % rep.json()['weatherinfo']['temp']+ "
       ∏")
               print('□□: %s' % rep.json()['weatherinfo']['WS'])
               print('\[\]: %s' % rep.json()['weatherinfo']['SD'])
       Response Text
       \sqcap \sqcap \sqcap \sqcap : \{ \text{'weatherinfo'}: \{ \text{'city'}: ' \sqcap \sqcap ', \text{'cityid'}: \} \}
    '101010100','temp':'18','WD': ' 🛮 🗎 🖶 ','WS': '1 🖺 ','SD':
    '17%','WSE': '1','time': '17:05','isRadar': '1','Radar':
    ∏: 18 ∏
```

10.1.3



□10-2



	00 10-3 000000000 WeatherWin.ui 000000000000000000000000000000000000
	okBtn [] [] [] [] queryBtn [] [] clicked [] [
que	eryWeather()[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[[

10-3

控件类型	控件名称	作用
QComboBox	weatherComboBox	显示城市下拉列表框,添加了3个条目:北京、天津和上海。
QTextEdit	resultText	显示查询天气的结果
QPushButton	queryBtn	查询天气信息,连接 queryWeather 函数进行绑定,触发 clicked 信号
QPushButton	clearBtn	清空查询结果,连接 clearResult 函数进行绑定,触发 clicked 信号

pyuic5py Python
WeatherWin.py[]
pyuic5-o WeatherWin.py WeatherWin.ui
<pre>Description:</pre> Description: D

from PyQt5 import QtCore, QtGui, QtWidgets

```
class Ui Form (object):
   def setupUi(self, Form):
      Form.setObjectName("Form")
      Form.resize(450, 347)
      self.groupBox = QtWidgets.QGroupBox(Form)
      self.groupBox.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(10, 10, 431, 251))
      self.groupBox.setObjectName("groupBox")
      self.weatherComboBox = QtWidgets.QComboBox(self.groupBox)
      self.weatherComboBox.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(80, 30, 221, 21))
      self.weatherComboBox.setObjectName("weatherComboBox")
      self.weatherComboBox.addItem("")
      self.weatherComboBox.addItem("")
      self.weatherComboBox.addItem("")
      self.resultText = QtWidgets.QTextEdit(self.groupBox)
      self.resultText.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(10, 60, 411, 181))
      self.resultText.setObjectName("resultText")
      self.label = QtWidgets.QLabel(self.groupBox)
      self.label.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(20, 30, 72, 21))
      self.label.setObjectName("label")
      self.okButton = QtWidgets.QPushButton(Form)
      self.okButton.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(90, 300, 93, 28))
      self.okButton.setObjectName("okButton")
      self.clearBtn = QtWidgets.QPushButton(Form)
      self.clearBtn.setGeometry(QtCore.QRect(230, 300, 93, 28))
      self.clearBtn.setObjectName("clearBtn")
      self.retranslateUi(Form)
      self.clearBtn.clicked.connect(Form.clearResult)
      self.okButton.clicked.connect(Form.queryWeather)
      QtCore.QMetaObject.connectSlotsByName(Form)
   def retranslateUi(self, Form):
      translate = QtCore.QCoreApplication.translate
      Form.setWindowTitle( translate("Form", "Form"))
      self.groupBox.setTitle(translate("Form", "查询城市天气"))
      self.weatherComboBox.setItemText(0, _translate("Form", "北京"))
      self.weatherComboBox.setItemText(1, _translate("Form", "天津"))
      self.weatherComboBox.setItemText(2, _translate("Form", "上海"))
      self.label.setText(translate("Form", "城市"))
      self.okButton.setText( translate("Form", "查询"))
      self.clearBtn.setText( translate("Form", "清空"))
```

10.1.5

MainWindow Ui_Form
$\square\square\square\square\square\square$ PyQt5/Chapter10/example1/CallWeatherWin.py \square
<pre>Description</pre>
$Weather Win. ui \verb $

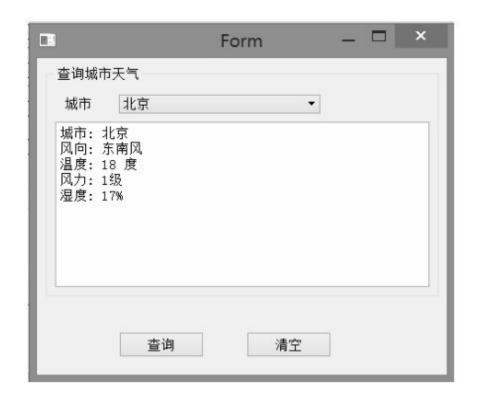
```
import sys
    from PyQt5.QtWidgets import QApplication , QMainWindow
    from WeatherWin import Ui Form
    import requests
    class MainWindow(QMainWindow):
       def init (self, parent=None):
           super(MainWindow, self). init (parent)
           self.ui = Ui Form()
           self.ui.setupUi(self)
       def queryWeather(self):
           print('* queryWeather ')
           cityName = self.ui.weatherComboBox.currentText()
           cityCode = self.transCityName(cityName)
           rep = requests.get('http://www.weather.com.cn/data/sk/' +
cityCode + '.html')
           rep.encoding = 'utf-8'
           print( rep.json() )
           msg1 = '城市: %s' % rep.json()['weatherinfo']['city'] + '\n'
           msg2 = '风向: %s' % rep.json()['weatherinfo']['WD'] + '\n'
           msq3 = '温度: %s' % rep.json()['weatherinfo']['temp'] + ' 度' +
'\n'
           msg4 = '风力: %s' % rep.json()['weatherinfo']['WS'] + '\n'
           msg5 = '湿度: %s' % rep.json()['weatherinfo']['SD'] + '\n'
           result = msg1 + msg2 + msg3 + msg4 + msg5
           self.ui.resultText.setText(result)
       def transCityName(self ,cityName):
           cityCode = ''
```

```
if cityName == '北京' :
    cityCode = '101010100'
elif cityName == '天津' :
    cityCode = '101030100'
elif cityName == '上海' :
    cityCode = '101020100'

return cityCode

def clearResult(self):
    print('* clearResult ')
    self.ui.resultText.clear()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    app = QApplication(sys.argv)
    win = MainWindow()
    win.show()
    sys.exit(app.exec_())
```



10.2

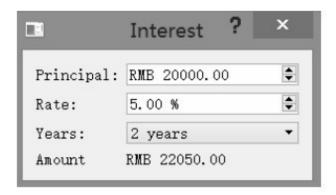
10.2.1

S=P(1_i)^nPiin
$20000 \times (1+5\%)^2 = 2000 \times (1+5\%) \times (1+5\%)$
$=2000 \times 1.05 \times 1.05$
=22050

10.2.2 □□□□

```
from future import division
import sys
from PyQt5.QtWidgets import (QApplication, QComboBox, QDialog,
      QDoubleSpinBox, QGridLayout, QLabel)
class Form(QDialog):
   def init (self, parent=None):
       super(Form, self).__init__(parent)
       principalLabel = QLabel("Principal:")
       self.principalSpinBox = QDoubleSpinBox()
       self.principalSpinBox.setRange(1, 1000000000)
       self.principalSpinBox.setValue(1000)
       self.principalSpinBox.setPrefix("RMB ")
       rateLabel = QLabel("Rate:")
       self.rateSpinBox = QDoubleSpinBox()
       self.rateSpinBox.setRange(1, 100)
       self.rateSpinBox.setValue(5)
       self.rateSpinBox.setSuffix(" %")
       yearsLabel = QLabel("Years:")
       self.yearsComboBox = QComboBox()
```

```
self.yearsComboBox.addItem("1 year")
       self.yearsComboBox.addItems(["{0} years".format(x)
                                    for x in range(2, 31)])
       amountLabel = QLabel("Amount")
       self.amountLabel = QLabel()
       grid = QGridLayout()
       grid.addWidget(principalLabel, 0, 0)
       grid.addWidget(self.principalSpinBox, 0, 1)
       grid.addWidget(rateLabel, 1, 0)
       grid.addWidget(self.rateSpinBox, 1, 1)
       grid.addWidget(yearsLabel, 2, 0)
       grid.addWidget(self.yearsComboBox, 2, 1)
       grid.addWidget(amountLabel, 3, 0)
       grid.addWidget(self.amountLabel, 3, 1)
       self.setLayout(grid)
       self.principalSpinBox.valueChanged.connect(self.updateUi)
       self.rateSpinBox.valueChanged.connect(self.updateUi)
       self.yearsComboBox.currentIndexChanged.connect(self.updateUi)
       self.setWindowTitle("Interest")
       self.updateUi()
   def updateUi(self):
       principal = self.principalSpinBox.value()
       rate = self.rateSpinBox.value()
       years = self.yearsComboBox.currentIndex() + 1
       amount = principal * ((1 + (rate / 100.0)) ** years)
       self.amountLabel.setText("RMB {0:.2f}".format(amount))
if name ==" main ":
   app = QApplication(sys.argv)
   form = Form()
   form.show()
   sys.exit(app.exec())
```



□10-5

10.3



```
scriptasync
              П
                                                                                                                           src="//dn-
     lbstatics.qbox.me/busuanzi/2.3/busuanzi.pure.mini.js"
    □/script□
              □span id="busuanzi container site pv"□
              □□□□□□span id="busuanzi value site pv"□□/span□□□
     br/∏
              □□□□□□span id="busuanzi value page pv"□□/span□□
              □/span□
         □□□□□□□http://www.cnblogs.com/wangshuo1/□□□□□□□□□□
博客侧边栏公告(支持HTML代码)(支持JS代码)
      —线软件开发工程师,精通J2BE, JS,HTML5等技术,熟悉Python,IOS和Android.迷恋英语发音<br/>br//念念不忘,必有回响,有一口气,点一盏灯。<br/>\肤系
     方式如下: <br/>
     QQ: 759949947<br/>
     Email: xpws2006@163.com<br/>
     微信: xinpingws<br/>
     <script async src="//dn-1bstatics.qbox.me/busuanzi/2.3/busuanzi.pure.mini.js"></script>
     (span id="busuanzi_container_site_pv")
        本站总访问量<span id="busuanzi_value_site_pv"></span>次 <br/> <br/>br/>
         本文总阅读量<span id="busuanzi_value_page_pv"></span>次
     (/span)
                                                                     □10-7
         Description:

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Desc
from
                                            PyQt5.QtWebEngineWidgets
                                                                                                                                    import
     QWebEngineView
              from PyQt5.QtCore import *
              from PyQt5.QtWidgets import *
              class WebView(QWebEngineView):
```

```
def init (self):
      super(WebView,self). init ()
      url='http://www.cnblogs.com/wangshuo1/p/670763
   1.html
      self.load(QUrl(url))
      self.show()
      # 0000500000
      QTimer.singleShot(1000*5, self.close)
  □□□□□□PyQt5/Chapter10/example3/CallOpenWeb.py□□□□
import time
   import os
   if name ==' main ':
     for i in range(5):
      os.system("python openweb.py")
      time.sleep(10)
```

		I	oython			_	×
博客园	首页	新随笔	联系	订阅	管	锂	Î
Ру	Qt5 ap	i 帮助文标	*				随笔 - 1
学习	习PyQt5的帮助)	文档是通过,使用h	elp(PyQt5 class)的	防式	公告		
	ole端输出帮助内 在放在网上以方	9容,常用的方法和 便大家使用。	属性查找起来不是	很方	4 日 25	_ 26	
QWidge	et				2	3	赏
Qt					9	10	
QMainV	Vindow				16	17	0
QLabel					23	24	▼
QTable	Widget				30	31	0
QTable	WidgetItem				搜索		
<u>QPushE</u>	<u>Button</u>						
QVRox	avout						*

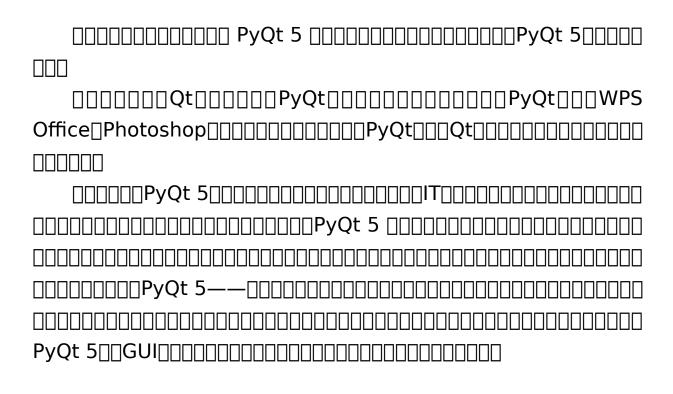
□10-8

> 本站总访问量1308次 本文总阅读量118次

> > □10-9

本站总访问量1315次 本文总阅读量124次

□10-10



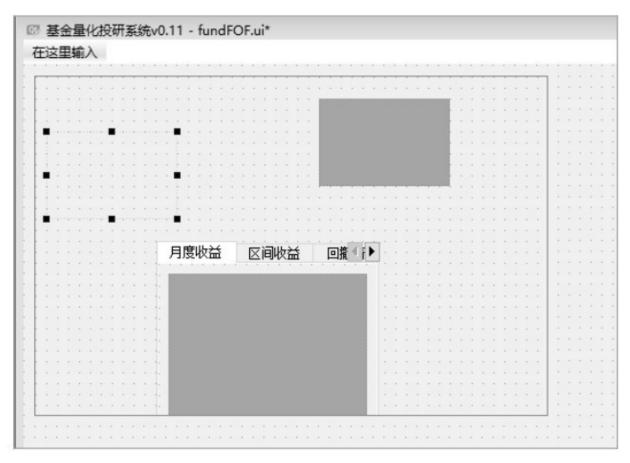
11.1

Qt Designer
WidgetTabScroll Area
Widget 11-1QWidget
<pre>DDDDCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCCC</pre>

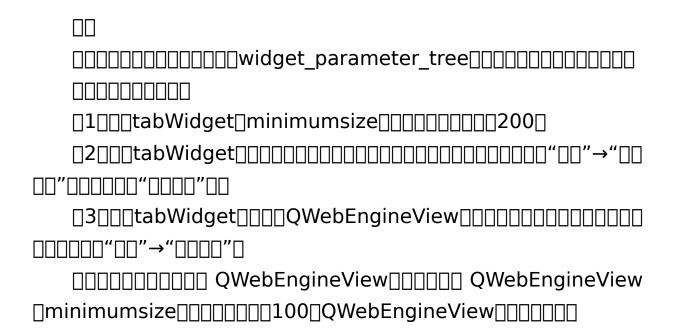


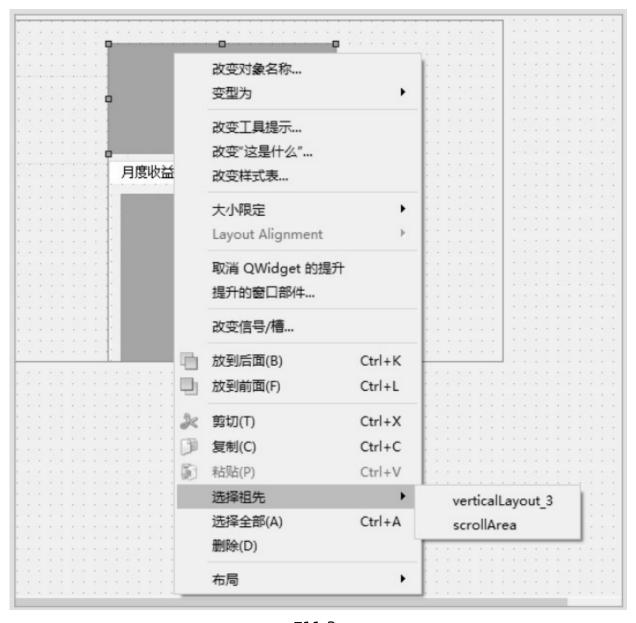
□11-1

QWidget
QWebEngineView
QWidget QWebEngineView

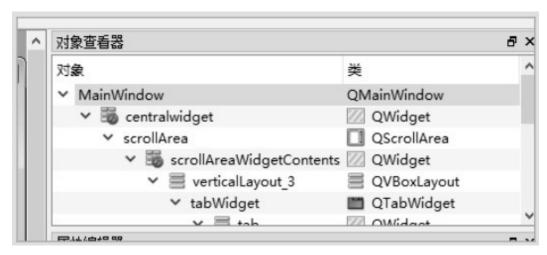


∏11-2



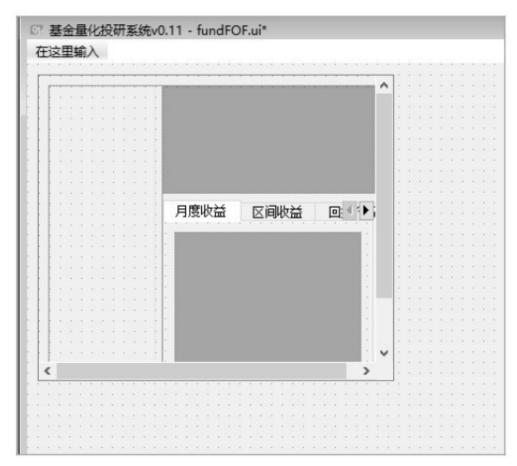


□11-3



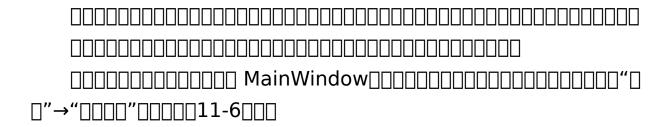
□11-4

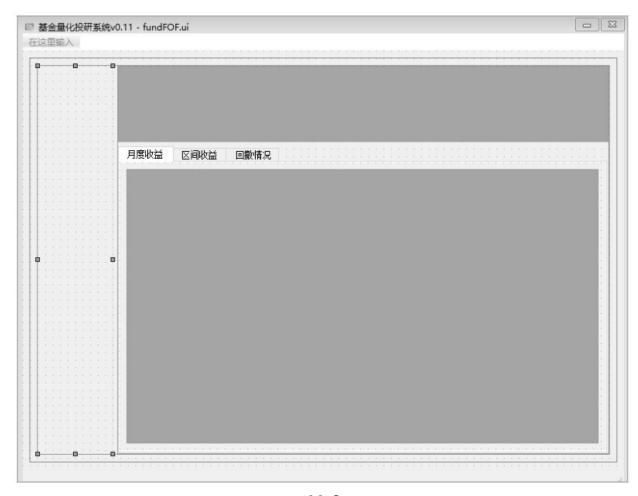
$\square\square\square\square$ widget_parameter_tree \square
_5scrollArea



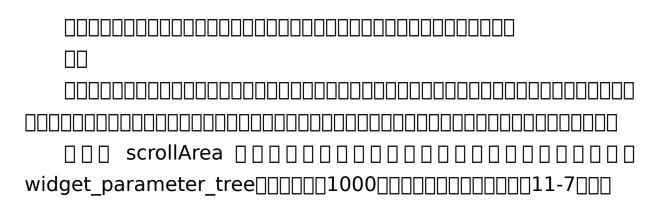
∏11-5

11.2





□11-6



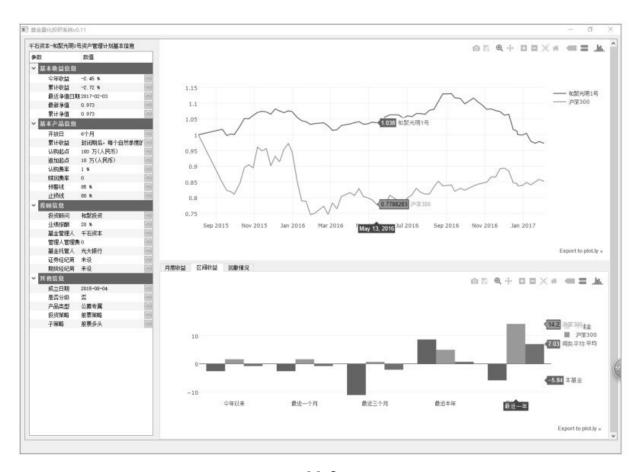


□11-7

11.3 PyQt 5

11.3.1

0000000000000000 PyQt 000000000000000000000000000000000000
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
$http://dc.simuwang.com/product/HF00000XEG.html {\tt } {\tt $
$\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $
PyQt 5ParameterTree
pyqtgraph [] QTreeWidget [] [] [] QTreeWidget []



□11-8

```
def __init__(self, parent=None):
    """

    Constructor

    @param parent reference to the parent widget
    @type QWidget

"""

super(MainWindow, self).__init__(parent)
```

```
self.setupUi(self)
self.plotly_pyqt5 = Plotly_PyQt5()

'''手动调整窗口控件的大小,使之看起来更美观'''
self.widget_parameter_tree.setMaximumWidth(300)
self.widget_parameter_tree.setMinimumWidth(200)
self.QWebEngineView_ProductVsHs300.setMinimumHeight(500)
self.tabWidget.setMinimumHeight(400)
```

____ParameterTree

```
'''显示 parametertree, 这里通过布局管理器把 ParameterTree 间接地嵌套到 Widget 窗口中'''
from mypyqtgraph import p
from pyqtgraph.parametertree import ParameterTree

t = ParameterTree()
t.setParameters(p, showTop=False)
t.setHeaderLabels(["参数", "数值"])
# t.setWindowTitle('pyqtgraph example: Parameter Tree')
layout = QtGui.QGridLayout()
self.widget_parameter_tree.setLayout(layout)
layout.addWidget(
QtGui.QLabel("千石资本-和聚光明1号资产管理计划基本信息"), 0, 0, 1, 1)
layout.addWidget(t)
```

from mypygtgraph import p

t=ParameterTree()

t.setParameters(p,showTop=False)

mypyqtgraph



```
## 若树里面的任何内容发生变化,则输出这些变化

def change(param, changes):
    print("tree changes:")
    for param, change, data in changes:
        path = p.childPath(param)
        if path is not None:
            childName = '.'.join(path)
        else:
            childName = param.name()
            print(' parameter: %s' % childName)
            print(' change: %s' % change)
            print(' data: %s' % str(data))
            print(' ------')

p.sigTreeStateChanged.connect(change)
```

```
pyqtgraph.examples.run()
   ''''
       self.QWebEngineView ProductVsHs300.load(
     QUrl.fromLocalFile(self.plotly pyqt5.get plotly path pro
 duct vs hs300()))
       self.QWebEngineView LagestBack.load(QUrl.fromLoc
   alFile(self.plotly py qt5.get plotly path lagest back()))
       self.QWebEngineView PeriodReturn.load(QUrl.fromLo
   calFile(self.plotly pyqt5.get plotly path period return()))
      self.QWebEngineview MonthReturn.load(QUrl.fromLo
   calFile(self.plotly p
   yqt5.get plotly path month return()))
   □□□□ plotly pyqt5.get plotly path product vs hs300()□□□□□□
plotly[][][][]HTML[][][]
   plotly_pyqt5.get_plotly_path_product_vs_hs300()
□□□□□□□PyQt5/Chapter11/Plotly PyQt5.py□□□□
```

```
def get plotly path product vs hs300(self,
file name='product vs hs300.html'):
     path plotly = self.path dir plotly html + os.sep + file name
     data = pd.read excel(r'data\和聚光明1号 hs300 merge.xlsx',
index col=[0] )
     data.rename axis(lambda x: pd.to datetime(x), inplace=True)
     data.dropna(inplace=True)
     data = [
        go.Scatter(
           x=data.index, # assign x as the dataframe column 'x'
           y=data.cumulative nav,
           name='和聚光明 1 号'
        ),
        go.Scatter(
           x=data.index, # assign x as the dataframe column 'x'
           y=data.close,
           name='沪深 300'
        )
     pyof.plot(data, filename=path plotly, auto open=False)
     return path plotly
   path plotly=self.path dir plotly html + os.sep
   file name
       data=pd.read excel(r'data\
                                 пппп
   hs300 merge.xlsx',
     index col=[0]
   data.rename axis(lambda
                                                    X:
 pd.to datetime(x),inplace=True)
```

data.dropna(inplace=True)

```
data = [
    go.Scatter(
        x=data.index, # assign x as the dataframe column 'x'
    y=data.cumulative_nav,
        name='和聚光明 1 号'
),
    go.Scatter(
        x=data.index, # assign x as the dataframe column 'x'
        y=data.close,
        name='沪深 300'
)
]
pyof.plot(data, filename=path_plotly, auto_open=False)
return path plotly
```

11.3.2 חחחחחחח





11-11

```
ПΠ
 PyQt5/Chapter11/combination.ui
 @pyqtSlot()
  def on pushButton start combination clicked(self):
   11 11 11
   strategy list=self.check check box()
 □strategy list□□□□□□□checkBox□□□□
   def check_check_box(self):
    strategy_list=[]
```

```
for
                   each checkBox
                                        in
    [self.checkBox bond,self.checkBox
    combination fund, self.checkBox compound, self.checkB
 ox event, self. check Bo
 x future manage, self. checkBox macro, self. checkBox relati
 ve fund, self.che ckBox others, self.checkBox others]:
        if each checkBox.isChecked():
         strategy_list.append(each_checkBox.text())
      return strategy list
  strategy list=self.check check box()
    if len(strategy list) \sqcap 3:
     QMessageBox.information(self,"\square","\square","\square")
     return None
    if len(strategy list) = = 0:
     QMessageBox.information(self,"\square","\square","\square")
     return None
  self.QWebEngineview Combination monte markovitz.s
 etMinimumHeight(800)
```

```
self.QWebEngineview Combination Pie.setMinimumHei
 ght(400)
     self.QWebEngineview Combination Table.setMinimum
 Height(400)
     self.QWebEngineview Combination Versus.setMinimum
 Height(700)
     print('\|\|\|\| min:',self.doubleSpinBox returns min.text())
     print('\[ max:',self.doubleSpinBox returns max.text())
     print('
                   П
                                                   П
 min:',self.doubleSpinBox maxdrawdown min.text())
     print('
                   П
                                         П
                                                   max:',self.doubleSpinBox maxdrawdown max.text())
     print('sharp
                                                   П
 min:',self.doubleSpinBox sharp min.text())
     print('sharp
                                                   П
 _max:',self.doubleSpinBox_sharp_max.text())
   df=pd.read\ excel(r'data).xlsx',index\ col=[0])
     w = [0.4, 0.2, 0.4]
     df[' \square \square'] = (df * w).sum(axis=1)
   self.QWebEngineview Combination monte markovitz.l
 oad(
     QUrl.fromLocalFile(self.plotly_pyqt5.get_plotly_path_mo
 nte markovitz( monte count=600)))
```

```
self.QWebEngineview Combination Pie.load(
     QUrl.fromLocalFile(self.plotly_pyqt5.get_plotly_path_co
 mbination pie( df=df,w=w)))
     self.QWebEngineview Combination Versus.load(
     QUrl.fromLocalFile(self.plotly_pyqt5.get_plotly_path_co
 mbination_vers us(df=df,w=w)))
     self.QWebEngineview Combination Table.load(
     QUrl.fromLocalFile(self.plotly_pyqt5.get_plotly_path_co
 mbination table(df=df,w=w)))
   П
                                                   П
self.plotly_pyqt5.get_plotly_path_monte_markovitz [][[][[][]
```

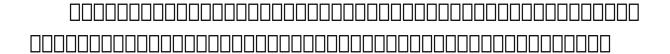
```
def get plotly path monte markovitz(self,
file name='monte markovitz.html', monte count=400, risk free = 0.03):
       11 11 11
       path plotly = self.path dir plotly html + os.sep + file name
       df = pd.read excel(r'data\组合.xlsx',index col=[0])
       returns = df.pct change()
       returns.dropna(inplace=True)
       noa = 3
       # 蒙特卡洛随机模拟结果
       port returns = []
       port variance = []
       for p in range (monte count):
          weights = np.random.random(noa)
          weights /= np.sum(weights)
          port returns.append(np.sum(returns.mean() * 50 * weights)) # 加
入模拟的均值
          port variance.append(np.sqrt(np.dot(weights.T,
np.dot(returns.cov() * 50, weights)))) # 加入模拟的标准差
       port_returns = np.array(port returns)
```

```
port_variance = np.array(port_variance)
        color_array = (port_returns - risk_free) / port_variance # sharp 比,
不同的 sharp 比对应的颜色是不同的
```

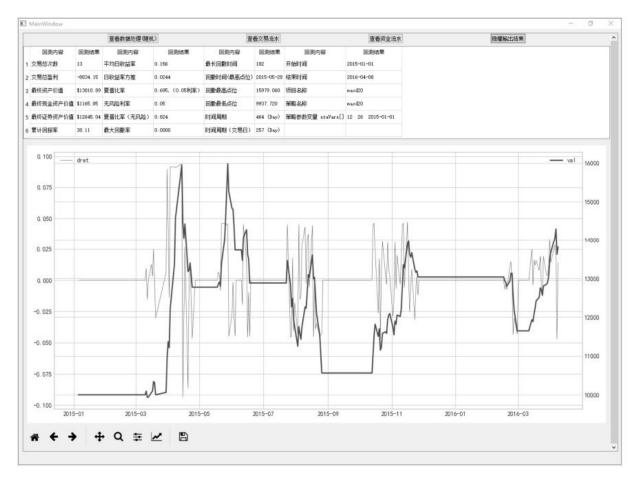
_____sharp _____colorbar

```
# 此处位置为 get plotly path monte markovitz 函数内部
trace1 = go.Scatter(
   x=port variance,
   y=port returns,
   mode='markers',
   marker=dict(
     size='6',
      color=color array, # 通过一个可变的变量表示颜色, 结果是绘图颜色可变
      colorscale='Viridis',
      # 设置 colorbar
      colorbar=dict(
          tickmode='linear',
          tick0=color array.min(),
          dtick=(color array.max() - color_array.min()) / 5,
      ),
      showscale=True,
   )
data = [trace1]
pyof.plot(data, filename=path plotly, auto open=False)
return path plotly
```

11.4 PyQt 5



000000000000PyQt000000000PyQt000000000
00000000000000000000000000000000000000
Python
3+PyQt 5000000000000000000000000000000000000
$\verb $
30000000000000000000000000000000000000
zwquant 1
$Chapter 11/zwquant_pyqt \\ \square \\ $
PyQt5/Chapter11/zwquant_pyqt/zq902_macd_v2.py



□11-12

zwdr.my_pyqt_sh	now(qx)				
else:						
zwdr.my_qunt_pl	ot(qx)					
zwdr.my_pyqt_show()						
PyQt5/Chapter11/zwquant	_pyqt/z	wQTD	raw.py			
my_pyqt_show()[[[[[[
def my_pyqt_show(q	x):					
from my_back_test	t_show	impor	rt MainV	Vindov	V	
from P	yQt5.Q	tWidg	ets		imp	ort
QMainWindow,QApplic	ation					
import sys						
app=QApplication((sys.ar	gv)				
ui=MainWindow(qx	x)					
ui.showMaximized	()					
# ui.show()						
sys.exit(app.exec_	())					
PyQt5/Chapter11/zwquant	_pyqt/r	ny_ba	ck_test_	show.	ру[][[

```
def __init__(self, qx=None, parent=None):
"""

Constructor

@param parent reference to the parent widget
@type QWidget
"""

super(MainWindow, self).__init__(parent)
self.setupUi(self)
if qx != None: # 与 zwquant 结合, qx 是 zwquant 的一个类实例
self.qx = qx
self.show_result(self.qx)
self.matplotlibwidget_static.mpl.start_static_plot(self.qx)
else: # 用于测试, 不需要 zwquant 也能运行, 方便快速开发自己的 GUI 界面
self.show_result()
```

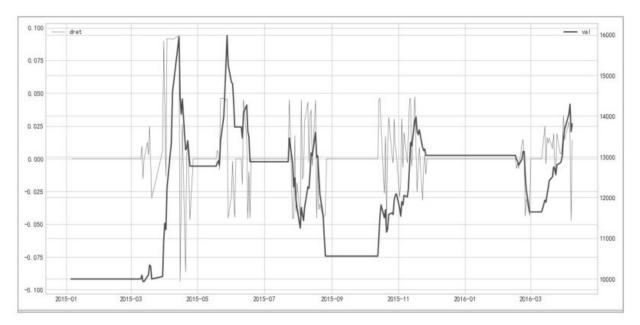
```
self.matplotlibwidget_static.mpl.start_static_plot()
```

```
def show result(self, qx=None):
      if qx != None: # 跑回测的话就传入回测数据
          list result = qx.result info
          pickle file = open('my list.pkl', 'wb') # 以 wb 方式写入
          pickle.dump(list result, pickle file) # 向pickle file中写入
my list
          pickle file.close()
       else: # 不跑回测的话就读取测试数据
          pickle file = open('my list.pkl', 'rb') #以 rb 方式读取
          list result = pickle.load(pickle file) # 读取以pickle 方式写入的
文件 pickle file
          pickle file.close()
      list result.append(['', '']) # 为了能够凑够 24*2(原来是 23*2)
      len index = 6
      len col = 8
      list0, list1, list2, list3 = [list result[6 * i:6 * i + 6] for i in
range(0, 4)]
       arr result = np.concatenate([list0, list1, list2, list3], axis=1)
       self.tableWidget.setRowCount(len index) # 设置行的数量
       self.tableWidget.setColumnCount(len col) # 设置列的数量
       self.tableWidget.setHorizontalHeaderLabels(['回测内容', '回测结果'] *
4) # 设置垂直方向上的标题
       self.tableWidget.setVerticalHeaderLabels([str(i) for i in range(1,
len index + 1)]) # 设置水平方向上的标题
      for index in range(len index):
          for col in range(len col):
          self.tableWidget.setItem(index, col,
QTableWidgetItem(arr result[index, col]))
       self.tableWidget.resizeColumnsToContents()# 根据内容来调整列的宽度
```

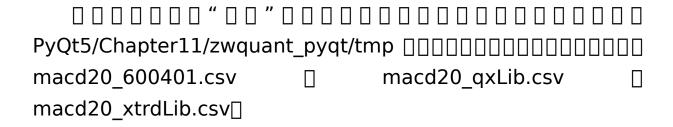
	回测内容	回测结果	回测内容	回测结果	回测内容	回测结果	回测内容	回测结果
1	交易总次数	13	平均日收益室	0.156	最长回撤时间	182	开始时间	2015-01-01
2	交易总盈利	-8834. 15	日收益率方差	0.0244	回數时间(最高点位)	2015-05-28	结束时间	2016-04-08
3	最终资产价值	\$13810.89	夏普比率	0.695, (0.05利率)	回數最高点位	15979.060	项目名称	macd20
4	最终现金资产价值	\$1165.85	无风险利车	0.05	回數最低点位	9937. 720	策略名称	macd20
5	最终证券资产价值	\$12645.04	夏普比率 (无风险)	0.824	时间周期	464 (Day)	策略参数变量 staVars[]	12 26 2015-01-01
6	累计回报率	38.11	最大回歡率	0.0000	时间周期(交易日)	257 (Day)		

□11-13

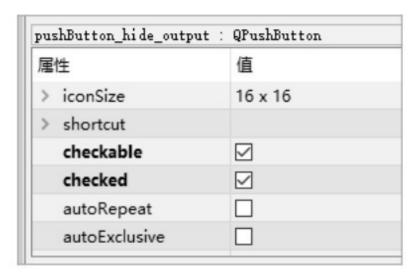
```
'''绘制静态图,可以在这里定义自己的绘图逻辑'''
def start static plot(self,qx=None):
   if qx != None: #与 zwquant 结合, qx 是 zwquant 的一个类实例
      df = qx.qxLib.copy()
      df.set index('date',inplace=True)
      df.rename axis(lambda x: pd.to datetime(x),inplace=True)
      ax1 = self.axes
      ax1.plot(df['dret'], color='green', label='dret', linewidth=0.5)
      ax1.legend(loc='upper left')
      ax2 = ax1.twinx()
      ax2.plot(df['val'], color='red', label='val', linewidth=2)
      ax2.legend(loc='upper right')
   else:# 用于测试,不需要 zwquant 也能运行,方便快速开发自己的 GUI 界面
      t = arange(0.0, 3.0, 0.01)
      s = sin(2 * pi * t)
      self.axes.plot(t, s)
      self.axes.set_ylabel('静态图: Y轴')
      self.axes.set xlabel('静态图: X轴')
      self.axes.grid(True)
```



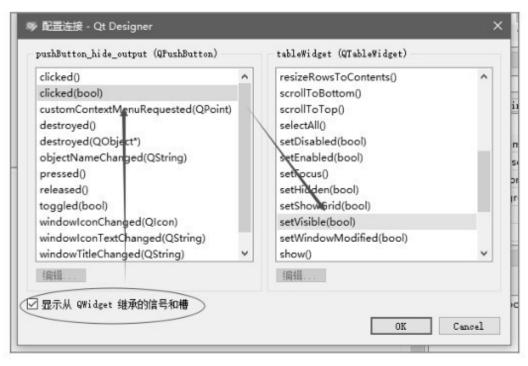
□11-14



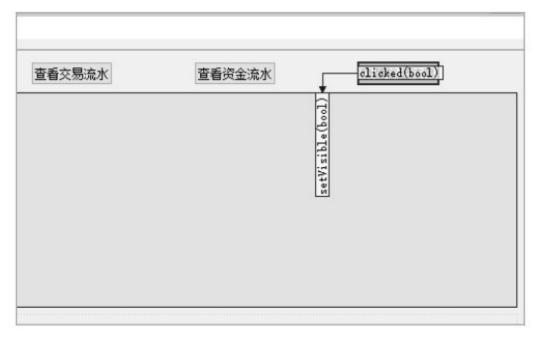
```
@pyqtSlot()
   def on pushButton show dataPre clicked(self):
       Slot documentation goes here.
       if hasattr(self, 'qx'):#与 zwquant 结合, 再进行下一步
          if hasattr(self.qx,'path dataPre'):
             os.system(np.random.choice(self.qx.path dataPre)) # 随机选取
数据预处理的文件结果, 并打开
   @pyqtSlot()
   def on pushButton show money flow clicked(self):
      Slot documentation goes here.
      if hasattr(self, 'qx'):# 与 zwquant 结合, 再进行下一步
          os.system(self.qx.fn qxLib)
   @pyqtSlot()
   def on pushButton show trade flow clicked(self):
      Slot documentation goes here.
      if hasattr(self, 'qx'):# 与 zwquant 结合, 再进行下一步
       os.system(self.qx.fn xtrdLib)
```



□11-15



□11-16



□11-17

self.pushButton_hide_output.clicked['bool'].connect(self .tableWidget.setVisible)

11.5 PyQt 5

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new/index[][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][][]
00000000PyQt0000000000000000000000000000

11.5.1

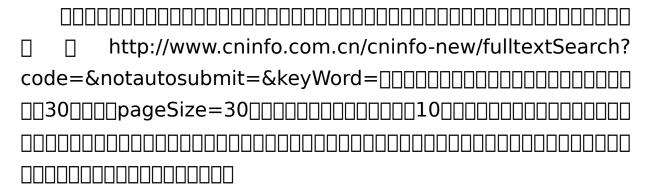
```
import requests

def get_one_page_data(key, date_start='', date_end='', fulltext_str_
flag='false', page_num=1, pageSize=30, sortName='nothing', sortType='desc'):

:param key: 搜索的关键词
:param date_start:起始时间
:param date_end: 终止时间
```

```
:param fulltext str flag:是否是内容搜索, 默认为 false, 即标题搜索
       :param page num: 要搜索的页码
       :param pageSize: 每页显示的数量
       :param sortName: 排序名称, 对应关系为: '相关度': 'nothing', '时间':
'pubdate', '代码': 'stockcode cat', 默认为相关度
       :param sortType: 排序类型, 对应关系为: '升序': 'asc', '降序': 'desc', 默
认为降序
       :return: 总页码 和 当前页码的信息
       params = { 'searchkey': key,
               'sdate': date start,
               'edate': date end,
               'isfulltext': fulltext str flag,
               'sortName': sortName,
               'sortType': sortType,
               'pageNum': str(page num),
               'pageSize': str(pageSize)}
       key encode = requests.models.urlencode({'a': key}).split('=')[1]
      url = 'http://www.cninfo.com.cn/cninfo-new/fulltextSearch/full'
       headers = {'Accept': 'application/json, text/javascript, */*; q=0.01',
                'Accept-Encoding': 'gzip, deflate, sdch',
                'Accept-Language': 'zh-CN, zh; q=0.8',
                'Connection': 'keep-alive',
                'Cookie': 'JSESSIONID=7DF993E8D803E8672C6069F48399F60D;
cninfo search record cookie=%s' % key encode,
                'Host': 'www.cninfo.com.cn',
                'Referer': 'http://www.cninfo.com.cn/cninfo-new/fulltext
Search?code=&notautosubmit=&keyWord=%s' % key encode,
                'User-Agent': 'Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64)
AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/51.0.2704.63 Safari/537.36
Qiyu/2.1.0.0', 'X-Requested-With': 'XMLHttpRequest'}
       try:
          r = requests.get(url, headers=headers, params=params, timeout=20)
          # r.encoding = 'utf-8'
          page content = r.json()
          page value = page content['announcements']
          total page num = page content['totalpages']
          return total page num, page value
       except:
          return None, None
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
    total_num, page_value = get_one_page_data('中国中车',
date_start='2015-01-05', date_end='2015-07-03')
```



11.5.2 □□□□

1.Qt Designer□□

______PyQt5/Chapter11/juchao/run.ui

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☑ 不限时间		开始时间 2002/	10/10	▽ · · · ·		结束时间	2000/1/1	~
☑ 不限排序		排序类型: 降序 ▼	mmmmmm		非序名称:	相关度 ▼	-	uiminiminiminimin
用来显示路径			修改路径	immunimini	ninimimimimi	miniminimini	miniminiminimi	niminimimimim
] 过滤标题					iinimimimimi	miniminimini	minimimimimimi	miniminiminim
] 过滤文章				lannanannan	unununun	mmamman	mmmunaann	nominaminamina
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标题搜索	内容搜索							

□11-18

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```
def init (self, parent=None):
      Constructor
      Oparam parent reference to the parent widget
      @type QWidget
      11 11 11
      super(MainWindow, self). init (parent)
      self.setupUi(self)
      self.total pages content = 1
      self.total pages title = 1
      self.current page num title = 1
      self.current page num content = 1
      self.sort type = 'desc'
      self.sort name = 'nothing'
      self.comboBox dict = { '相关度': 'nothing', '时间': 'pubdate', '代码':
'stockcode cat', '升序': 'asc', '降序': 'desc'}
      self.frame advanced.hide() # 默认隐藏 frame
      self.download info list = [] # 存储要下载的信息,每个元素都是字典形式的,
存储了要下载的标题、URL等信息
      self.download path = os.path.abspath(r'./下载')
      self.label show path.setText('当前保存目录为: ' + self.download path)
      self.tableWidget title checked = Qt.Unchecked # 设置 tableWidget的
默认选择方式
      self.tableWidget content checked = Qt.Unchecked
      self.select title page info = set() # 记录 checkBox select 选择的页面
信息
      self.select content page info = set()# 记录 checkBox select 选择的页面
信息
      self.filter title list = [] # 用来显示过滤标题的列表
      self.filter content list = [] # 用来显示过滤内容的列表
       '''下面四行代码一定要按照顺序执行, 否则 self.start time 与 self.end time 这
两行代码会无效!!!
      self.dateEdit.setDateTime(datetime.datetime.now())
```

```
self.dateEdit 2.setDateTime(datetime.datetime.now())
       self.start time = ''
       self.end time = ''
       self.dateEdit.setEnabled(False)
       self.dateEdit 2.setEnabled(False)
       self.comboBox type.setEnabled(False)
       self.comboBox name.setEnabled(False)
       self.lineEdit filter content.setEnabled(False)
       self.lineEdit filter title.setEnabled(False)
       !!!连接信号与槽!!!
       '显示或隐藏高级选项'
       self.pushButton setting advanced.toggled['bool'].connect
(self.frame advanced.setHidden)
       '下载!
       self.pushButton download select title.clicked.connect
(self.download pdf)
       self.pushButton download select content.clicked.connect
(self.download pdf)
       download thread.signal.connect(self.show status) # 子线程的信号连接
主线程的槽
       '修改存储路径'
       self.pushButton change save path.clicked.connect
(self.change save path)
       'tableWidget 相关'
       self.tableWidget title.itemChanged.connect(self.select item)
       self.tableWidget content.itemChanged.connect(self.select item)
       self.tableWidget title.cellClicked.connect(self.view one new)
       self.tableWidget content.cellClicked.connect(self.view one new)
       '状态栏显示'
       self.signal status.connect(self.show status) # 将状态栏信号绑定到槽
       '在 lineEdit 控件上按下 Enter 键就可以触发搜索或跳转到页码!
       self.lineEdit.returnPressed.connect(self.on pushButton search
clicked)
       self.lineEdit filter title.returnPressed.connect(self.on
pushButton search clicked)
       self.lineEdit filter content.returnPressed.connect
(self.on pushButton search clicked)
       self.lineEdit content page.returnPressed.connect
(self.pushButton content jump to.click)
       self.lineEdit title page.returnPressed.connect(lambda:
```

```
self.page go('title jump to'))
       '页码跳转函数'
       self.pushButton title down.clicked.connect(lambda:
self.page go('title down'))
       self.pushButton content down.clicked.connect(lambda:
self.page go('content down'))
       self.pushButton title up.clicked.connect(lambda:
self.page go('title up'))
       self.pushButton content up.clicked.connect(lambda:
self.page go('content up'))
       self.pushButton title jump to.clicked.connect(lambda:
self.page go('title jump to'))
       self.pushButton content_jump_to.clicked.connect(lambda:
self.page go('content jump to'))
       '选择标题或内容'
       self.checkBox select title.clicked['bool'].connect
(self.select checkBox)
       self.checkBox select content.clicked['bool'].connect
(self.select checkBox)
       '显示/下载过滤操作!
       self.checkBox filter title.clicked['bool'].connect
(self.filter enable)
       self.checkBox filter content.clicked['bool'].connect
(self.filter enable)
       '初始化下载目录'
       if not os.path.isdir(self.download path):
          os.mkdir(self.download path)
```

3.

```
@pyqtSlot()
def on_pushButton_search_clicked(self):
"""
```

Slot documentation goes here.

11 11 11

```
self.download info list=[]# \( \Bigcap \Bigcap
                      self.current_page_num_title=1 # \( \bigcup_000000001 \)
                      self.current page num content=1
                      self.update tablewidget title() # □□□□□□
                      self.update_tablewidget_content() # [[][][]
           self.lineEdit.returnPressed.connect(self.on pushButto
           n search clicked)
                      self.lineEdit_filter_title.returnPressed.connect )
                (self.on pushButton search clicked)
                      self.lineEdit_filter_content.returnPressed.connect
                (self.on_pushButton_search_clicked)
           חחחחחחחחחח lineEdit חחחחחח lineEdit חחחחחחEnterחחח
self.update tablewidget title() # □□□□□□
                self.update tablewidget content() # □□□□□□
           update_tablewidget_title [] update_tablewidget_content [] []
____update tablewidget title
```

```
def update_tablewidget_title(self, page_num=1):
    '''更新tablewidget_title'''
    key_word = self.lineEdit.text()
    '''从网络爬虫中获取数据'''
    total_pages_title, dict_data_title = get_one_page_data(key_word,
fulltext_str_flag='false', page_num=page_num,

date_start=self.start_time, date_end=self.end_time,

sortName=self.sort_name, sortType=self.sort_type)
    '''把数据显示到表格上'''
    if total_pages_title != None:
        self.total_pages_title = total_pages_title
        self.total_pages_title = total_pages_title
        self.tableWidget(dict_data_title, self.tableWidget_title,
clear_fore=False)
        self.label_page_info_title.setText('%d/%d' %
(self.current_page_num_title, self.total_pages_title)) # 更新当前页码信息
```

```
def show_tablewidget(self, dict_data, tableWidget, clear_fore=True):
    '''传入dict_data 与 tableWidget,以实现在tableWidget上面呈现
dict_data'''
    '''提取自己需要的信息: '''
    if clear_fore == True: # 检测在搜索之前是否要清空下载购物车信息
        self.download_info_list = []
```

'0000000'

self.signal_status.emit('clear',[]) # [][][]

```
# 此处位置在函数 show_tablewidget 内部

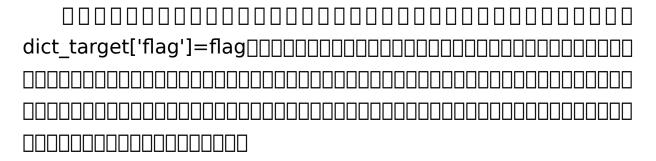
'''检测过滤显示的信息'''

if self.lineEdit_filter_title.isEnabled() == True:
    filter_text = self.lineEdit_filter_title.text()
    self.filter_title_list = self.get_filter_list(filter_text)

else:
    self.filter_title_list=[]

if self.lineEdit_filter_content.isEnabled() == True:
    filter_text = self.lineEdit_filter_content.text()
    self.filter_content_list = self.get_filter_list(filter_text)

else:
    self.filter_content_list=[]
```



```
# 此处位置在函数 show tablewidget 内部
   '''从传入的网络爬虫抓取的数据中提取自己需要的数据'''
   if len(dict data) > 0:
      # key word = self.lineEdit.text()
      len index = len(dict data)
      list target = [] # 从 dict data 中提取目标数据,基本元素是下面的
dict target
      for index in range(len index):
         dict temp = dict data[index]# 提取从服务器中返回的其中一行信息
         dict_target = {} # 从 dict temp 中提取自己需要的信息,主要包括标题、内
容、时间、下载 URL 等
         '提取标题与内容'
         temp title = dict temp['announcementTitle']
         temp content = dict temp['announcementContent']
         for i in ['<em>', '</em>']: # <em>, </em>是服务器对搜索关键词添加的
标记,这里对它们剔除
            temp title = temp title.replace(i, '')
            temp content = str( temp content).replace(i, '')
         dict target['title'] = temp title
         dict target['content'] = temp content
```

```
'提取时间'
    _temp = dict_temp['adjunctUrl']
    dict_target['time'] = _temp.split(r'/')[1]

'提取 URL'
    id = _temp.split(r'/')[2].split('.')[0]
    download_url = 'http://www.cninfo.com.cn/cninfo-new/disclosure/
fulltext/download/{}?announceTime={}'.format(
        id, dict_target['time'])
    dict_target['download_url'] = download_url
    dict_target['flag'] = flag
    # print(download_url)
    '添加处理的结果'
    list_target.append(dict_target)
```

```
# 此处位置在函数 show_tablewidget 内部

'''根据过滤规则进行自定义过滤,默认是不过滤的'''

df = DataFrame(list_target)

df = self.filter_df(df,filter_title_list=self.filter_
title_list,filter_content_list = self.filter_content_list)

'''过滤后,更新list_target'''

_temp = df.to_dict('index')
list_target = list(_temp.values())

else: # '处理沒有数据的情况'
list_target = []
```

```
# 此处位置在函数 show_tablewidget 内部

'''tableWidget 的初始化'''
list_col = ['time', 'title', 'download_url']
len_col = len(list_col)
len_index = len(list_target) # list_target 可能有所改变,需要重新计算长度
if tableWidget.objectName() == 'tableWidget_title':
    self.list_target_title = list_target
else:
```

```
self.list_target_content = list_target
tableWidget.setRowCount(len_index) # 设置行数
tableWidget.setColumnCount(len_col) # 设置列数
tableWidget.setHorizontalHeaderLabels(['时间', '标题', '查看']) # 设置垂直方向上的名称
tableWidget.setVerticalHeaderLabels([str(i) for i in range(1, len_index + 1)]) # 设置水平方向上的名称
tableWidget.setCornerButtonEnabled(True) # 点击左上角进行全选
```



```
# 此处位置在函数 show tablewidget 内部
    '''填充 tableWidget 的数据'''
   for index in range(len index):
       for col in range(len col):
          name col = list col[col]
          if name col == 'download url':
             item = QTableWidgetItem('查看')
             item.setTextAlignment(Qt.AlignCenter)
             font = OFont()
             font.setBold(True)
             font.setWeight(75)
             item.setFont(font)
             item.setBackground(QColor(218, 218, 218))
             item.setFlags(Qt.ItemIsUserCheckable | Qt.ItemIsEnabled)
             tableWidget.setItem(index, col, item)
          elif name col == 'time':
             item = QTableWidgetItem(list target[index][name col])
             item.setFlags(Qt.ItemIsUserCheckable |
                         Qt. ItemIsEnabled)
              '''查看当前行的内容是否已经在下载购物车中,如果在就设置为选中'''
             if list target[index] in self.download info list:
                 item.setCheckState(Qt.Checked)
             else:
                 item.setCheckState(Qt.Unchecked)
             tableWidget.setItem(index, col, item)
          else:
             tableWidget.setItem(index, col,
QTableWidgetItem(list target[index][name col]))
   # tableWidget.resizeColumnsToContents()
   tableWidget.setColumnWidth(1, 500)
```

11	券商报告获取系统		_	□ ×
		中国中车		高級
标	题搜索 内容搜	索		
	时间	标题	查看	^
1	2017-05-23	中国中车:第一届董事会第二十三次会议决议公告	查看	
2	2017-05-23	中国中车:第一届董事会第二十三次会议决议公告	查看	
3	2017-05-23	中国中车:独立董事关于有关事项的独立意见	查看	
4	2017-05-18	中国中车: 2016年公司债券(第一期)跟踪评级报告(2017)	查看	
5	2017-05-18	中国中车: 关于"13南车01"、"13南车02"、"16中车01"跟踪评级结果的公告	查看	
6	2017-05-18	中国中车: 13南车01、13南车02公司债券跟踪评级报告(2017)	查看	
7	2017-05-17	中国中车: 海外监管公告 - 13 南车01、13 南车02 公司债券跟踪评级报告(2017)	查看	
8	2017-05-17	中国中车: 海外监管公告 - 2016 年公司债券 (第一期) 跟踪评级报告(2017)	查看	
9	2017-05-17	中国中车: 海外监管公告 - 关於「13 南车01」、「13 南车02」、「16 中车01」跟踪评级结 果的公告	查看	
10	2017-05-11	中国中车:关于子公司认购北京中车世纪二期股权投资基金(有限合伙)份额的公告	查看	
11	2017-05-10	中国中车:海外监管公告 - 关於子公司认购北京中车世纪二期股权投资基金(有限合夥)份额的公告	查看	
12	2017-05-04	中国中车:非登记股东通知信函及更改指示回条	查看	
13	2017-05-04	中国中车: 回覆表格	查看	
14	2017-05-04	中国中车:登记股东通知信函及更改指示回条	查看	
15	2017-05-04	中国中车: 委任代表表格	查看	· ·
	上一页	1/76 下一页 页面跳转 □ 选择当页	下	载所选

∏11-19

item=QTableWidgetItem('□□')

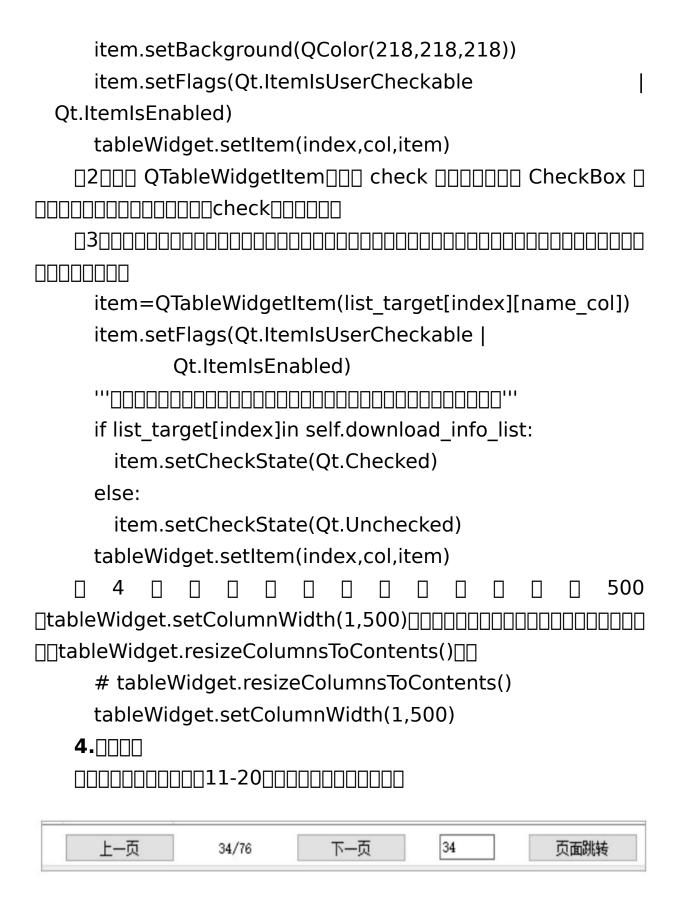
item.setTextAlignment(Qt.AlignCenter)

font=QFont()

font.setBold(True)

font.setWeight(75)

item.setFont(font)



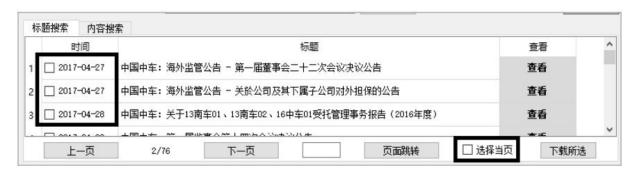
```
'חחחחחחחו'
       self.pushButton title down.clicked.connect(lambda:
     self.page go('title down'))
       self.pushButton content down.clicked.connect(lamb
   da:
     self.page go('content down'))
       self.pushButton title up.clicked.connect(lambda:
     self.page go('title up'))
       self.pushButton_content_up.clicked.connect(lambda:
     self.page go('content up'))
       self.pushButton_title_jump_to.clicked.connect(lambd
   a:
     self.page_go('title_jump_to'))
       self.pushButton content jump to.clicked.connect(la
   mbda:
     self.page go('content jump to'))
   חחחחlineEditחחחEnterחחחחחחחחחח"חחחח"
       self.lineEdit content page.returnPressed.connect(self
   .pushButton cont
     ent jump to.click)
       self.lineEdit title page.returnPressed.connect(lambd
   a:
     self.page go('title jump to'))
```

```
ПΠ
   _____page_go ____
____page go ______
   ___page_go____
   def page go(self, go type):
     '''页面跳转主函数'''
     if go type == 'title down': # 触发 "下一页" 按钮
       temp = self.current page num title
       self.current page num title += 1
       if 1 <= self.current page num title <= self.total pages title: #
如果待跳转的页面真实、有效,则继续;否则不进行跳转
          self.update tablewidget title(page num=self.current
page num title)
       else:
          self.current page num title = temp
   ______page_go _____title_down_
____PageNum_
# || || || || page go || || ||
      elif go type=='title jump to':
        temp=self.current page num title
        self.current_page_num_title=int(self.lineEdit_title_p
    age.text())
                      =self.current_page num title
        if
             1
     =self.total pages title:
         self.update tablewidget title(page num=self.curr
      ent
    page num title)
```

else:

self.current_page_num_title=_temp

5.



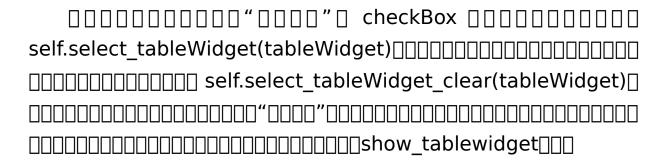
[]11-21

```
def select item (self, item):
     '''处理选择 item 的主函数'''
     # print('item+change')
     column = item.column()
     row = item.row()
     if column == 0: # 只针对第一列
        if item.checkState() == Qt.Checked:
          if item.tableWidget().objectName() == 'tableWidget title':
             download one = self.list target title[row]
          else:
             download one = self.list target content[row]
          if download one not in self.download info list:
             self.download info list.append(download one)
             self.signal status.emit('select status', [])
        else:
          if item.tableWidget().objectName() == 'tableWidget title':
             download one = self.list target title[row]
          else:
             download one = self.list target content[row]
          if download one in self.download info list:
             self.download info list.remove(download one)
             self.signal status.emit('select status', [])
   ______item.checkState _____
____self.download_info_list____
_____select status___item.checkState
____self.download info list_____
□□□□□□□□□□□select status□□□
   □□□□□□□self.signal status.emit('select status',[])□□□□□□□
def select checkBox(self,bool):
```

if sender.objectName()=='checkBox select title':

```
self.select_checkBox_one(sender,self.tableWidget_t
itle)
  elif
sender.objectName()=='checkBox_select_content':
     self.select_checkBox_one(sender,self.tableWidget_c
     ontent)
```

```
def select checkBox one(self, sender, tableWidget):
       if sender.checkState() == Qt.Checked:
          self.select tableWidget(tableWidget)
           if tableWidget.objectName() == 'tableWidget title':
              self.select title page info.add(self.current
page num title)
          elif tableWidget.objectName() == 'tableWidget content':
              self.select content page info.add(self.current
page num content)
       else:
          self.select tableWidget clear(tableWidget)
          if tableWidget.objectName() == 'tableWidget title':
              if self.current page num title in
self.select title page info:
                 self.select title page info.remove
(self.current_page_num_title)
          elif tableWidget.objectName() == 'tableWidget content':
              if self.current page num content in
self.select content page info:
                 self.select content page info.remove
(self.current page num content)
```



```
def select tableWidget(self,tableWidget):
    '''□□tableWidget□□□'''
    row count=tableWidget.rowCount()
    for index in range(row_count):
     item=tableWidget.item(index,0)
     if item.checkState()==Ot.Unchecked:
      item.setCheckState(Qt.Checked)
   def select tableWidget clear(self,tableWidget):
    '''□□□□tableWidget□□□□'''
    row count=tableWidget.rowCount()
    for index in range(row count):
     item=tableWidget.item(index,0)
     if item.checkState()==Qt.Checked:
      item.setCheckState(Qt.Unchecked)
  6.
  ____PyQt_QThread_____
  NOT init NOTEDOTO INIT
    <u>'</u>||||
    self.pushButton download select title.clicked.
```

```
connect(self.download pdf)
    self.pushButton download select content.clicked.
   connect(self.download pdf)
    download thread.signal.connect(self.show status)
  WorkThread □
         П
           П
             ПП
                 П
                   П
                     П
download thread.signal.connect(self.show status)
Description
   def download pdf(self):
    ""\square\squarePDF\square\square\square\square""
    if download thread.isRunning()==True:
     □□□□',QMessageBox.Yes)
     return None
    download thread.download list=self.download info li
  st.copy()
    download thread.download path=copy.copy(self.dow
  nload path)
    download thread.start()
  □□□□□download thread□□□□□download thread.start()□
  threading.Thread
```

```
class WorkThread(QThread):
    #声明一个包括 str 和 list 类型参数的信号
    signal = pyqtSignal(str, list)

def __int__(self):
    self.download_list = self.download_path = []
    self.download_list_err = []
    self.filter_content_list = self.filter_title_list = []
    super(WorkThread, self).__init__()

def main_download(self, download_list, download_path,
download_status='download_status'):
    count_all = len(download_list)
    count err = count right = count num = 0
```

```
self.download list err = []
          for key dict in download list:
             count num += 1
             download url = key dict['download url']
             time = key_dict['time']
             title = key dict['title']
             total title = time + ' ' + title
             total title = total title.replace(':', ': ')
             total title = total title.replace('?', '?')
             total title = total title.replace('*', '★')
             file path = download path + os.sep + '%s.pdf' % total title
             if os.path.isfile(file_path) == True: # 若文件已经存在,则默认为
下载成功
                 count right += 1
                 signal list = [count num, count all, count right,
count err, title]
                 self.signal.emit(download status, signal list) # 循环结束
后发出信号
                continue
             else:
                 f = open(file path, "wb") # 先建立一个文件, 以免其他线程重复
建立这个文件
                 try:
                    r = requests.get(download url, stream=True)
                    data = r.raw.read()
                 except:
                    self.download list err.append(key dict)
                    count err += 1
                    f.close()
                    os.remove(file path) # 文件下载失败,要先关闭 open 函数,
然后删除文件
                    signal list = [count num, count all, count right,
count err, title]
                    self.signal.emit(download status, signal list) # 循环
结束后发出信号
                    continue
                 f.write(data)
                 f.close()
                 count right += 1
                 signal list = [count num, count all, count right,
count err, title]
```

```
self.signal.emit(download status, signal list) # 循环结束
后发出信号
      def run(self):
        self.main download(self.download list, self.download path,
download status='download status')
        self.main download(self.download list err, self.download path,
download status='download status err')
        self.main download(self.download list err, self.download path,
download status='download status err')
   download_url=key_dict['download_url']
     time=key dict['time']
     title=key dict['title']
     total_title=time + '_' + title
     total_title=total_title.replace(':','\[')
     total title=total title.replace('?','\[')
     total_title=total_title.replace('*','★')
   signal list=
  [count_num,count_all,count_right,count_err,title]
     self.signal.emit(download status,signal list) # □□□□□□□
 ПП
```

```
self.statusBar().showMessage('保存目录修改为: %s' %self.download_path)

if type == 'clear':
    self.statusBar().showMessage(' ')
```

def run(self):

self.main_download(self.download_list,self.download_path,

download_status='download_status')

self.main_download(self.download_list_err,self.dow
nload_path,download_status='download_status_err')
 self.main_download(self.download_list_err,self.dow
nload_path,download_status='download_status_err')

7.

村	· 题搜索 内容搜	索	
	时间	标题	모든
1	2017-05-22	中国中车: 海外监管公告 - 第一届董事会第二十三次会议决议公告	查看
2	2017-05-23	中国中车:第一届董事会第二十三次会议决议公告	查看
3	2017-05-23	中国中车:第一届董事会第二十三次会议决议公告	查看
4	2017-05-23	中国中车:独立董事关于有关事项的独立意见	查看
5	2017-05-18	中国中车: 2016年公司债券(第一期)跟踪评级报告(2017)	查看

□11-22

```
self.tableWidget title.cellClicked.connect(self.view one
new)
   self.tableWidget content.cellClicked.connect(self.view
one new)
 One new
   def view_one_new(self,row,column):
     '''
     sender=self.sender()
     if column==2: # [][[][[][][][---[][][]
      if sender.objectName()=='tableWidget title':
        download one=self.list target title[row]
      else:
        download one=self.list target content[row]
      download path=copy.copy(self.download path)
      view thread=threading.Thread(target=self.view_o
   ne new thread, args=
   (download path,download one),daemon=True)
```

view thread.start()

```
def view one new thread(self, download path, download one):
   '''查看功能的多线程程序'''
   download url = download one['download url']
   title = download one['title']
   title = title.replace(':', ': ')
   title = title.replace('?', '?')
   title = title.replace('*', '★')
   path = download path + os.sep + '%s.pdf' % title
   if not os.path.isfile(path):
      try:
         r = requests.get(download url, stream=True)
         data = r.raw.read()
      except:
         return
      f = open(path, "wb")
      f.write(data)
      f.close()
   os.system(path)
```

os.system(path)

8.

	中国中车	搜索			高级
☑ 不限时间	开始时间 2017/5/24	V	结束时间	2017/5/24	~
☑ 不限排序	排序类型: 降序 🔻	排序名称:	相关度		
当前保存目录为: D:\zw_own\	PyQt\my_pyqt_book\Chapter10\juchao\下载			修改路1	·

□11-23

```
@pyqtSlot(bool)
   def on checkBox sort flag clicked(self, checked):
          if checked == True: # 恢复默认的排序
             self.comboBox name.setEnabled(False)
             self.comboBox type.setEnabled(False)
             self.sort name = 'nothing'
             self.sort type = 'desc'
          elif self.comboBox name.currentText() == '相关度': # 对于相关度,
有些特殊
             self.comboBox name.setEnabled(True)
             self.comboBox_type.setEnabled(False) # 上面
comboBox name.currentText()=="相关度",则这个控件不可用。这是模拟官网的操作
             self.sort name = 'nothing'
             self.sort type = 'desc'
          else: # 对于其他的,则设置对应的参数
             self.comboBox name.setEnabled(True)
             self.comboBox type.setEnabled(True)
             sort name = self.comboBox name.currentText()
             sort type = self.comboBox type.currentText()
             self.sort name = self.comboBox dict[sort name]
             self.sort type = self.comboBox dict[sort type]
```

_____sort_name_sort_type____

- ullet 0000000000"000"0000000000

```
@pyqtSlot(str)
def on comboBox name currentTextChanged(self, p0):
     if p0 == '相关度':
        self.comboBox_name.setEnabled(True)
        self.comboBox type.setEnabled(False)
        self.sort name = 'nothing'
        self.sort type = 'desc'
else:
        self.comboBox name.setEnabled(True)
        self.comboBox type.setEnabled(True)
        sort name = self.comboBox name.currentText()
        self.sort name = self.comboBox dict[sort name]
@pyqtSlot(str)
def on_comboBox_type_currentTextChanged(self, p0):
     sort type = self.comboBox type.currentText()
     self.sort type = self.comboBox dict[sort type]
9.
@pyqtSlot(QDate)
  def on_dateEdit_dateChanged(self,date):
       self.start time=self.get dateEdit time(self.dateE
    dit)
  @pyqtSlot(QDate)
  def on dateEdit 2 dateChanged(self,date):
       self.end time=self.get dateEdit time(self.dateEdi
   t 2)
```

t ■ 券商报告获取系统			– 🗆 ×
n	搜到	Ŕ	高級
☑ 不限时间	开始时间 2017/5/25 ~		结束时间 2017/5/25 ~
☑ 不限排序	排序类型: 降序 🔻	排序名称:	相关度 ▼
当前保存目录为: D:\z	w_own\PyQt\my_pyqt_book\Chapter10\juchao\下载		修改路径
☑ 过滤标题			
□过滤文章	用来过滤标题搜索和内容搜索,只针对返回的标题进行过滤,语 法示例:		
标题搜索 内容搜索	中国&中车&(年度 季度)		
	表示仅显示标题中含有中国,中车,年度or季度关键(年度、季度二选一)词的结果。 该过滤规则同样适用于下载。		
上一页	0/0 下一页 页	面跳转	□ 选择当页 下载所选
			,d

□11-24

000"0000"0"0000"0000lineEdit000000000000000000
lineEdit11-24
Qt Designer
000000_init_0000000000000000000000000000
self.checkBox_filter_title.clicked['bool'].connect(self.filt
er_enable)
self.checkBox_filter_content.clicked['bool'].connect(self
.filter_enable)
filter_enable

```
def filter_enable(self,bool):
       sender=self.sender()
       if sender.objectName()=='checkBox filter title':
         if bool==True:
           self.lineEdit filter title.setEnabled(True)
         else:
           self.lineEdit filter title.setEnabled(False)
       elif sender.objectName()=='checkBox filter content':
         if bool==True:
           self.lineEdit filter content.setEnabled(True)
         else:
           self.lineEdit filter content.setEnabled(False)
   "______checkBox_____lineEdit________
   ___show tablewidget_____
     ''''
     if self.lineEdit filter title.isEnabled()==True:
       filter text=self.lineEdit filter title.text()
       self.filter title list=self.get filter list(filter text)
     else:
       self.filter title list=[]
     if self.lineEdit filter content.isEnabled()==True:
       filter text=self.lineEdit filter content.text()
       self.filter content list=self.get filter list(filter text)
     else:
       self.filter content list=[]
```

```
□□□□□ lineEdit filter title □□ lineEdit filter content□□□□□□
00000000000[]0000000get_filter_list00000000000
def get filter list(self,filter text):
     filter_text = re.sub(r'[\s()]]','',filter_text) #[][][][][][]
   filter list=filter text.split('&')
     return filter_list
   df=DataFrame(list target)
    df=self.filter_df(df,filter_title_list=self.filter_title_list,filt
 er_content_list=self.filter_content_list)
    '''DDDDDDlist_target'''
    temp=df.to dict('index')
    list target=list( temp.values())
   □□□□□□□□□□□list target□□DataFrame□□□□□DataFrame□□□□
□□□□□□DataFrame□□list target□□□□□□□□□□□filter df□
```

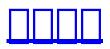
```
def filter df(self, df, filter title list=[],filter content list=[]):
       过滤 df 的主函数
       :param df: df.columns
             Out[10]:
             Index(['content', 'download url', 'time', 'title'],
dtype='object')
       :param filter title list: filter title list=['成都','年度'|'季度']
       filter content list: filter content list=['成都','年度'|'季度']
       :return: df filter
       111
       for each in filter title list:
          ser = df.title
          df = df[ser.str.contains(each)]
       filter content list = [each + '|None' for each in filter content list]
# 处理内容返回为 None 的情况, 作用是若没有文章内容返回, 则不进行过滤
       for each in filter content list:
```

```
ser = df.content

df = df[ser.str.contains(each)]
return df
```

pandaspandas _ Python
pandas
contains [
$ser.str.contains(''\square\square \square\square'')\square\square\square\square\square\square\squarebool\square\square\squareSeries\squarepandas\square\square\square\square\square\square\square$
False
<pre> </pre>
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[3]Qtl	[3]Qtpppp.http://www.kuqin.com/qtdocument/.								
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